

Fair, not much change in temperature, tonight and Saturday; light variable winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. FRIDAY OCTOBER 11 1918

14 PAGES 1 CENT

RETREAT CHANGING TO ROUT AS ALLIES GAIN EVERYWHERE

TO ANSWER NOTE

Kaiser Calls Sovereigns of All German Federal States to Berlin for Consultation

Such a Conference Is Unique in the History of Germany —Take Up Note

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 11.—Emperor William has summoned the sovereigns of all the German federal states to Berlin for a consultation before answering President Wilson's note, according to a Cologne despatch. Such a conference is unique in the history of Germany.

WILSON'S NOTE APPROVED BY COMMITTEE OF FRENCH CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES

PARIS, Thursday, Oct. 10.—(Havas) President Wilson's reply to the German peace note was approved today by a vote of the committee on foreign affairs of the chamber of deputies. The resolution also expressed reliance in the government not to accept on behalf of France any armistice which would not provide for armament and

Continued to Page Eight

NO SUN TOMORROW

Tomorrow being a holiday—Columbus Day—The Sun will suspend publication of all editions.

MEMBERS OF BUNTING CLUB

Irregardless of what other licensed or social clubs may do, we feel it OUR PATRIOTIC DUTY to keep the Bunting Club closed during the prevailing epidemic and assist the public health authorities by complying with their request.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

BANKS OPEN COLUMBUS DAY

The following banks will be open from 9 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. on Columbus Day, Oct. 12, 1918, for the purpose of receiving Subscriptions only to the 4th Liberty Loan:

**Appleton National Bank.
Old Lowell National Bank.
Union National Bank.
Wamesit National Bank.
Lowell Trust Company.
Middlesex Safe Deposit and Trust Company.**

WE ARE READY

**for Your Subscription to
Fourth Liberty
Loan**

**City Institution for
Savings**

174 CENTRAL STREET

Saturday being a Legal Holiday this Bank will be open Monday, October 14th, from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m.

Professor Thurston

WORLD'S GREATEST MEDIUM

Private sittings, Harrisonia Hotel. Guaranteed satisfactory: from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

SHOE SALESMAN WANTED

Experienced shoe salesman or saleswoman, also extras for Saturdays.

BOX MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

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SHELLS FOR WAR

British Munitions Plants Are
Turning Out 12,000 Tons
Daily, Says Churchill

Must Make Good Promise to
Americans Who Are Rush-
ing Across to Aid Allies

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 10.—Col. Winston Spencer Churchill, minister of munitions, speaking at Leeds today, said that the output of shells in British munition plants was now 12,000 tons daily. He remarked that preparations must be made for continuing the war on a still larger scale and with still larger resources through 1919.

"We are dealing with a crafty enemy who is still in possession of enormous resources," he said. "Even if he evacuates France and Belgium, that will not assure the acceptance of our indispensable terms for he can then stand on his own strongly fortified frontier. We must, therefore, not slacken our output of munitions, as it will be necessary for France and England to supply a portion of the armament and equipment for the American forces."

"The Americans have made a most generous effort. They are sending men to Europe far in advance of the development of their own great munitions program. We have undertaken to supply many hundreds of guns of different calibres, including some of the most important types, to the American army. Therefore, our exertions must be continuous if we are to make good our promises to those who are hurrying across the Atlantic to our aid. Without this equipment, we cannot have the assistance of those valiant American troops who will be wanted to strike the final blow if the war should last into next summer."

LOWELL BOY ASSISTED
SECRETARY McADOO

A New York despatch states that Private "Jimmie" Porter of Lowell assisted Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and Al Johnson at a New York theatre last evening in a Liberty bond rally. The despatch describes Private Porter as having been wounded at Chateau-Thierry with the marines.

The only Private "Jimmie" Porter on record here in Lowell is Private James A. Porter of Co. M, 28th regular infantry. It may be that he has been transferred to the marines. He enlisted

DISTRICT A
For Boston and Vicinity

Fair Food Prices for the Consumer

Prepared by

MASSACHUSETTS BOARD OF FOOD
ADMINISTRATION

October 10, 1918

The figures in the second column represent prevailing prices, not the lowest and highest, which wholesalers are charging retailers. Those in the third column are based upon them, and are prices which the retailers are justified in charging. Dealers, however, purchasing at figures other than those shown in the middle column, should change their selling prices proportionately.

COMMODITY	RETAILER PAYS	CONSUMER SHOULD PAY
Flour		
White	\$1.40-\$1.60 per bag	\$1.60-\$1.75 per bag
White	\$1.45-\$1.60 per bag	7-7½ cents per lb.
Rye	\$10.75-\$12.00 per bbl.	65-85 cents per lb.
Barley, M.R.	\$8.70-\$12.50 per bbl.	65-85 cents per lb.
Rice	\$9.65-\$11.00 per 100 lbs.	11½-14 cents per lb.
Corn	\$5.50-\$6.50 per 100 lbs.	7-8½ cents per lb.
Corn Meal—Yellow	\$4.50-\$5.50 per 100 lbs.	5½-7½ cents per lb.
Cornstarch—1-lb. pkg.	7½-10 cents per pkg.	10-12 cents per pkg.
Rolled Oats		
Bulk	\$5.25-\$6.00 per 90 lbs.	7½-8½ cents per lb.
In 20-oz. pkg.	\$3.45-\$3.85 per 3-dozen case	11-13 cents per pkg.
Hominy—Bulk	\$5.50-\$6.50 per 100 lbs.	7-8½ cents per lb.
Rice		
Blue Rose	\$9.50-\$11.00 per 100 lbs.	12-14 cents per lb.
Bread—1 lb.	\$8-\$12 cents per loaf	9½-10 cents per loaf.
Sugar—Gran.		
Prunes		
40-50	15½-17½ cents per lb.	19-22 cents per lb.
90-100	8½-10½ cents per lb.	11-13 cents per lb.
Raisins		
Seeded Fancy	11-12½ cents 15-oz. pk.	14-17 cents per pkg.
Seedless California	12½-13 cents per pkg.	16-19 cents per pkg.
Bananas		
California Small White	13-15 cents per lb.	16-19 cents per lb.
Lima	14-16½ cents per lb.	18-20 cents per lb.
Pinto	9-11 cents per lb.	10-13 cents per lb.
Canned Salmon		
Alaska Pink	\$2.00-\$2.40 per 1-dozen case	20-24 cents per can.
Fancy Red	\$2.65-\$3.15 per 100 lbs.	25-32 cents per can.
Evaporated Milk		
Tall pint cans	\$5.50-\$6.75 per 4-dozen case	14-16 cents per pint.
Condensed Milk		
Full size 14-oz. cans	\$7.25-\$8.25 per 4-dozen case	17-20 cents per can.
Corn Syrup		
1½ lb. cans	\$2.60-\$2.75 per 2-dozen case	14-16 cents per can.
Corn Oil		
Pint cans	\$7.50-\$8.10 per 2-dozen case	35-40 cents per pint.
Lord Substitutes		
1 lb. tins	\$10.17-\$10.62 per 3-dozen case	33-36 cents per tin.
Cottonseed Oil		
Medium size	\$8.55 per 1-dozen case	50-55 cents per tin.
Small size	\$8.85 per 2-dozen case	40-47 cents per tin.
Potatoes		
White	\$2.50-\$2.75 per 100 lbs.	3-4 cents per lb.
White	\$2.50-\$2.75 per 100 lbs.	45-50 cents per peck.
Onions—Native	\$1.75-\$2.00 per 100 lbs.	3-3½ cents per lb.

*Positive maximum price of 1 pound wrapped loaf.

LIBERTY LOAN

ed in August, 1917. Formerly he lived at 72 Stanley street with an aunt, Mrs. Elizabeth McCarthy. No word has been received here of his being wounded.

Wilson Says "Recent Events
Have Enhanced, not Less-
ened, Importance of Loan"

President Urges Oversub-
scription—Bryan Also Ap-
peals for Loan

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—With the declaration of President Wilson that "recent events have enhanced, not lessened, the importance of this loan," committees conducting the campaign for the Fourth Liberty Loan today appealed to the American public, not only to buy bonds, but to buy more bonds. Double your subscription" became a slogan in many communities.

In subscriptions the loan today had reached only the one-third mark toward the goal of six billion dollars. Total subscriptions as reported early today were slightly more than two billions, which means that pledges must average at least \$500,000,000 each day until the close of the campaign, Oct. 19.

President Wilson's statement issued last night:

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—President Wilson yesterday issued this statement on the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign: "Recent events have enhanced, not lessened, the importance of this loan and I hope that my fellow-countrymen will let me say to them to buy more bonds. The best thing that could happen would be that the loan should not only be fully subscribed, but very greatly oversubscribed. We are in the midst of the greatest exercise of the power of this country that has ever been witnessed or dreamed of in history. The best thing that could happen would be that the loan should not only be fully subscribed, but very greatly oversubscribed. We are in the midst of the greatest exercise of the power of this country that has ever been witnessed or dreamed of in history. The best thing that could happen would be that the loan should not only be fully subscribed, but very greatly oversubscribed. 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YANKS SWEEP ON

Capture Villages of Sommerville, Chevres and Marco in Great Dash
Ridge of Dame Marie Stormed After Hard Fighting—1000 Huns Captured
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Thursday.

Sneezing

When this begins you are on the danger line of the Spanish Influenza, which is now so prevalent, and you should douche your nose and gargle your throat thoroughly with the very best antiseptic you can obtain. We are sure that our Antiseptics are the remedy because a single application soothes the irritated passages of the nose and throat and brings immediate relief that seems almost wonderful. Give this remedy a fair trial without a moment's delay—it will not disappoint you.

Coughing

in Spanish Influenza follows so closely in the wake of sneezing that you must reach the cause with a remedy that will soothe and allay the irritation of the bronchial tubes and passages.

The experience of many families who have used Tus-Sano for years conclusively proves that it has the medicinal virtue that quickly relieves and controls the cough. The medical profession tells us you must keep warm and keep your bowels in free, normal condition. Hood's Pills act promptly and easily, causing no irritation or unpleasant after-effect as the old-fashioned aloe-cathartics always do. Hood's Pills are the up-to-date family cathartic and should always be in every home.

After Spanish Influenza

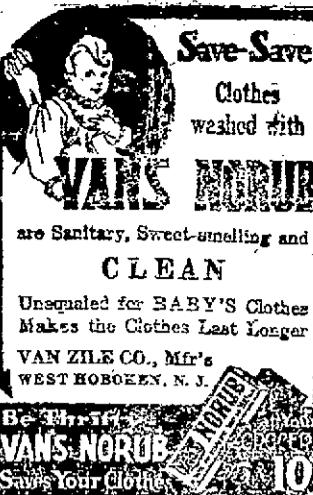
Weakness, lack of appetite, and a general debility naturally follow the lowering of health tone produced by the blood-poisoning and depleting effects of this dread disease.

The great reputation Hood's Sarsaparilla has obtained through the acid test of time and trial, as the greatest of all blood-purifying and vitalizing medicines, points directly to it as the remedy to neutralize poisons lingering in the blood, to sharpen your appetite, and to bring renewed health and strength. Peptiron, taken in conjunction with Hood's Sarsaparilla, brings to it the great help of a real iron tonic.

Hood's Sarsaparilla before eating, Peptiron after eating, Hood's Pills as necessary, constitute a treatment for the patient who has been through this terrible disease—treatment so ideal that it seems almost providential that it is right at hand at a time when the great need of it is so urgent.

It is wise in these epidemic times to have Antiseptics, with douche, Tus-Sano and Hood's Pills in the house, and to use them for prevention. If your druggist has none in stock, we will send them promptly by parcel post on receipt of price, or, better, you can get them at our laboratory on Thorndike street, and so begin using them quickly. Antiseptics 60c, hospital size \$1.10, douche 15c, Tus-Sano 60c, Hood's Pills 30c, Peptiron 57c or \$1.13, Hood's Sarsaparilla \$1.25.

C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.



Oct. 10 (By the Associated Press, 9 p.m.)—American forces struck the German lines just east of the Argonne forest today. They captured the villages of Sommerville, Chevres and Marco. The ridge of Dame Marie was stormed after hard fighting. More than 1000 prisoners were taken during the day. These include one colonel and two battalion staffs.

Fighting opened this morning with the infantry sweeping through the northern portion of the Argonne forest for a maximum distance of nearly five miles. Little opposition was encountered from the enemy, who had probably retired during the night to escape from the untenable pocket formed by the American flanking movement on Monday.

As the Americans pushed forward, they found that the Germans had made a thorough job of blocking and destroying the roads as they retired. At 2 o'clock this afternoon they were in Mareq and Chevres, having taken La Folie farm and the Richard farm and advanced on the Negremont woods, the only piece of forest land between them and Grandpre.

Half an hour later they had captured Sommerville and had advanced north of that village. By this attack, they have taken a firmer grip on the territory just north of the broken Kriemhilda line.

PANIC IN GERMANY OVER WAR BONDS

BASEL, Switzerland, Oct. 11—There are persistent rumors among the working classes in Germany, according to advices received here, that Germany's imperial bonds may become valueless.

The rumors have their basis in the repeated entente victories. The people of numerous towns are said to be unloading their war loans at extraordinarily low prices and a panic seems imminent.

The German newspapers are publishing long appeals in endeavor to tranquilize public feeling. It is recommended that persons who desire to sell government bonds do so through banks, which are ready always to advance cash upon bonds in the usual way.

Peasants and small business people, says the appeal, should be the last to dispose of their bonds, because at the moment of demobilization they will be able to buy useful articles of all sorts. When that time comes, buyers paying with national bonds will be given preference.

The document says that rumors about war bonds are causing great injury to the empire.

MANY NEW GRAVES

Big Demand for Grave Diggers at Local Cemeteries

The influenza epidemic in Lowell, now mercifully enough somewhat on the wane, has been so severe that for the last 10 days the three principal cemeteries, Edson, St. Patrick's and Lowell, have had to employ 20 grave-diggers for 10 hours a day.

Last week Sup't. Meagher of St. Patrick's reports that there were 60 persons buried there. This week Mr. Meagher believes that before Saturday evening, 80 persons will have been buried out there as the funerals in that cemetery are averaging from 14 to 20 per day. Mr. Meagher has been superintendent of this cemetery off and on, since 1887, and in this long period he says he has never known so many sad scenes enacted in a single day as has repeatedly been the case at St. Patrick's each day for the past three weeks. The cemetery officials have always considered 10 funerals a day an unusually large number. Ten grave diggers are now constantly employed at the cemetery.

At Edson cemetery last Sunday 16 persons were buried. There have been 10, 12 or 13 funerals each day for a week at Edson. In the past three weeks there have been 322 burials at Edson. Four grave diggers are employed constantly, many days working overtime.

At the Lowell cemetery there has been an average of three burials a day for three weeks. Six men are employed in this cemetery opening graves. Nearly every grave opened at this cemetery is lined with evergreen boughs which costs \$5, besides \$5 for opening the grave. In the other cemeteries it is stated that lining the grave is the exception rather than the rule. The price for opening a grave in most of the Lowell cemeteries will average \$1 or \$5 with a \$3 charge for opening a grave for a child.

This is the time of year when cemetery workmen have a great deal of work to do preparing the silent cities of the dead for winter but in the present instance it has become necessary to abandon all this customary autumn work and set all the men to work digging graves for victims of influenza. In spite of a daily average during the past three weeks since the influenza epidemic started, of about 12 funerals a day being held in Lowell's three principal cemeteries, so hard and industriously have the undertakers and cemetery workmen put forth their best efforts, that there has not been a single case where it was necessary to postpone a funeral.

Customarily in time of so severe an



AMERICA'S MINERS

A pound of coal tells as much as a bullet. With mighty brows the miners of America are wresting from Mother Earth the fuel and materials which will swiftly and surely spell the kaiser's doom.

America's Miners

DEEP in the bowels of the earth, taking from Nature the coal and ores without which our War and our Industry could not go on, toil our miners.

For the rough hard life of the miners one prime requisite is demanded of clothing, durability.

Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Michigan and the Rocky regions join hands in approval of

Congress Flannel Shirts

FOR FIFTY YEARS SUPREME

For fifty years have proved beyond shadow of a doubt that "Congress" Flannel Shirts rank without equal for the wear of men who live by their muscles.

Big government demands for shirts of Dreyfus make notwithstanding, the dealer in your town is well supplied with "Congress" Flannel Shirts in Blue, Gray and Khaki because he knows that you are going to come in and ask for them.

Take a minute today to go in and have him show you. The price when you see the quality looks so small you won't begrudge one cent of it.

If your dealer mentions shirts "just as good," tell him he can't show them to you because there aren't any.

If for any reason he doesn't have "Congress" Flannel Shirts, send us your post card.

JACOB DREYFUS & SONS

New York Office, 200 Fifth Avenue

Boston, Mass.

Fighting Fourth Liberty Loan. Buy Every Bond You Can.

INSTRUCTION
ELLA M. REILLY
Organist at St. Michael's Church
TEACHER OF PIANO
Resumes Teaching Sept. 9th
Studio, Res., 66 Tenth Street
Tel. 4010-W

We Have Just What You Need In
Watches. Come In and See Us.
Lester
JEWELER
LOWELL, MASS.

an epidemic this has been here and the large number of deaths occurring from the fact that at nearly every jewelry store in the city employing an engraver, when a customer buys a piece of jewelry or silverware and asks to have engraving done on it, he is told that the time when it can be done is to work 24 hours a day to keep up with the toll exacted by the disease. Lowell undertakers at the present time are very short-handed and they report that it is now impossible to obtain the services of an embalmer no matter what wages they might be willing to pay. It is an indication of how terrible

7-294
J. R. C. SULLIVAN & SONS
Factory output two hundred thousand daily. Largest selling brand of 100 Cigars in the world. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

Factory output two hundred thousand daily. Largest selling brand of 100 Cigars in the world. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

very indefinite owing to the demands made on the engravers to engrave coffin plates. Practically every family desires to have a coffin plate put on the casket of a beloved member but almost the sole value of this, as undertakers themselves acknowledge, is that if it should ever become necessary to exhume the body for removal elsewhere, the coffin plate would furnish indisputable proof that the right remains were being exhumed.

So far as flowers are concerned there is so much of a scarcity of funeral and all kinds of flowers here in Lowell that in the majority of cases it becomes a wicked waste of money to try and supply flowers for the funeral of a relative or friend. In some cases Lowell florists for want of something better are supplying merely bunches of mountain laurel with similar or evergreen twined through the laurel.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the
Signature of *Castoria*



BACK COMES TAM O'SHANTER

BY BETTY BROWN

A fashion so delectably becoming as the soft, floppy tam o' shanter cap cannot remain "out" for many seasons, and this year there is some evidence of its renewed popularity. This particular model is built of dark blue velvet, its generous top thickly embroidered with heavy threads of dull silver. Then lest it should fly away, one side of the flapping crown is caught to the cuff brim with a blue and silver buckle.

The German army authorities boast that they are carefully tending the graves of 433,000 enemy soldiers who are buried in German and occupied territory. These enemy graves are divided as follows, according to nationality: Russian, 292,554; French, 90,611; Rumanian, 27,691; British, 13,812; Belgian, 4196; Italian, 3024, and Serbian, 1472.

Eyes Physically Fit?

The taxing duties demanded of your eyes require that you give them constant attention. Let us who have had experience in the treatment of eyes examine yours.

J. F. MONTMINY

Optometrist and Mfg. Optician
492 MERRIMACK ST.

BE CHARY OF YOUR EYES

An occasional examination will insure you against many little ills and ailments.

McEVoy

For Eye Service
"J. A." 232 MERRIMACK ST.

SWEATERS

At the
NEEDLECRAFT
SHOP
27 PALMER STREET

SEE
Chas. F. McGrath

OPTICIAN
For Perfect Fitting Glasses
271 GORHAM ST.
Lowell, Mass.

"IF IT SWIMS IT'S HERE"
Always Fresh

D. D. SMITH
Sea Goods Exclusively
319 BRIDGE ST.

The Home of Pure Confections
Choice Sundaes and Cooling
Drinks at counter
SERVICE UNPARALLELED
N. K. PARADELIS
CROWN CONFECTIONERY CO.
23 MERRIMACK ST.

PORTRAITURE

The Marion Studio
ROBERT H. WOOD
Chalfont Blvd. Tel. 825

Helen Delong Savage

TEACHER OF PIANO
Studio 607 Sun Building

A REASONABLE PLACE
TO EAT

Fox's Lunch Room
TABLES FOR LADIES
10 Bridge St.
Next to Keith's Theatre

YARN YARN

Sweater making taught free.
Sweaters made to order. Knitting and
crocheting lessons taught free.

MAY DEGNAN GAFFNEY
505 BRIDGE ST.



Here are four modern costumes whose lines or decoration are based on designs shown in early Indian costumes from the collection in the American Museum of Natural History. At the left is a sport coat embroidered in wool in an Indian basketry design. The second is a dinner gown of rough silk embroidered in wool—belt and embroidery suggested by Goujro Indian

costumes. The third costume is a black satin dinner gown with satin and bead ruffles suggested by buck-skin thongs of Dakota Indian dress. At the right is a silk voile afternoon gown with pattern from Indian pottery collection from New Mexico. (Reprinted by permission of the American Museum Journal.)

BY M. D. C. CRAWFORD,
(Editor of Women's Wear. Reprinted
by special arrangement with the
American Museum Journal.)

Springing up in New York city and centering around the American Museum of Natural History there has appeared in the last two years a fast developing movement to establish a new industrial art that is typically American—the art of fabric decoration and costume design.

Instead of importing modern foreign costumes to meet the needs of to-day our own American designers have gone direct to original museum documents for their inspiration. Miss Ruth Wilmet, instructor in costume design at Teachers' College, Columbia university, has used the collections at the museum to such good effect that the modern gowns designed by her pupils and based on decorations and lines discovered in this research work were bought and sold at once by New York merchants.

A year ago textile manufacturers in New York discovered the commercial and artistic value of the designs embodied in the art of pre-historic and savage peoples, and adapted many of those designs to the printed silks and cottons that have become so popular.

But in spite of the importance attached to fabric decoration, costume design itself is of more vital moment. The problems of the costume artist include not only surface decoration, but color combinations, use of ornament, the general outline or silhouette, and a knowledge of the psychology of woman! The perfect artist in dress must have not only some of the feeling of the painter, but also of the

sculptor, and added to this rare combination, a vision sufficient to judge the general feeling of woman at least six months in advance!

In relation to the war the burdens and sacrifices that we have borne with pride and willingness, the splendid ideals for which we strive have added a dignity and feeling to our national life that must find expression in every phase of our physical and intellectual existence.

Women's costumes are the first objects to feel the effects of this new spirit. They reflect in simplicity and

subdued ornament the reaction of our women have resisted every effort to

subdue the reaction of our women have resisted every effort to

put them into a drab uniform.

Whatever our subsequent experience

almost our first impression of color

comes to us through costume. There

are great numbers of persons whose

only art education is derived from fabrics and dress.

UPSTAIRS

UPSTAIRS

Bring your FOURTH LIBERTY BONDS up to
Madame Helene and get a 10% discount on those

Sample Coats & Dresses

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

NO TWO GARMENTS ALIKE

Satisfaction guaranteed. Help Lowell to go over the top and show your patriotism by buying a Fourth Liberty Bond.

Madame Helene

Upstairs 196 MERRIMACK ST. Upstairs



This war season's bonnets are
table for their exceeding simplicity
and lack of trimming. There's no
bewildering combination of feathers,
fur and flowers this year. The smart
hat shows but one sort of trimming,
and very little of that. Accordingly
this model sketched for Fashion Art
is in the vogue. It shows a narrow
brim of black velvet, an aspiring
crown of gold colored velvet and a
sweeping black and gold feather.

Protects and Cleanses the Tender Skin

MANY toilet soaps are much too harsh for children's skins. The excess alkali removes the protective oils so that the skin chaps and chafes easily. Ordinary soaps, too, are not sufficiently cleansing to keep youthful skins healthy and wholesome.

BO-RAXO
Bath and Toilet Powder

gives both protection and real cleanliness because the Borax in BO-RAXO softens, soothes and sterilizes—and does what no soap can, cleanses the pores of all dirt and impurities.

Don't risk the use of ordinary soaps. Get a can of BO-RAXO and teach the children to use it. You, too, will find its rich, daintily perfumed lather wonderfully beneficial in toilet and bath.



At all Dealers
15c and 30c

HERE'S NEW GOWN THAT SAVES COAL

BY BETTY BROWN

To save coal—put on more clothes, ladies!

Here's the new fuel-saving dress—and worn by no less a social star than Mrs. Angier B. Duke of Philadelphia—she that was Miss Cordelia Biddle of New York, Newport and Palm Beach.

When Mrs. Angier B. Duke trotted down Fifth avenue, New York, one chill October afternoon her new gown was so warm that she dispensed with a coat altogether. Worn in a steam or furnace heated apartment this

CROWN PRINCE CAROL IS IM-
PRISONED FOR MARRYING
A NATIVE GIRL

Crown Prince Carol of Rumania, who recently broke all precedents by marrying a native Rumanian girl with no claim to royal blood in her veins, is now serving a sentence of 75 days of close confinement for the supposed infraction of some military law. Reports have it, however, that the king took this means of punishing the crown prince.

The "Merchant Service Review" of London suggests a memorial buoy on the spot where the Lusitania was sunk.

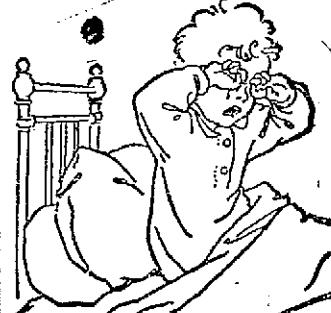
WHY HAIR FALLS OUT

Dandruff causes a reverberation in the scalp, the hair roots shrink, loosen and then the hair comes out fast. To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of Dandarite at any drug store for a few cents, pour a little in your hand and rub it into the scalp. After several applications all dandruff disappears and the hair stops coming out.

CHILD GETS SICK CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

Look at Tongue! Then Give Fruit
Laxative for Stomach,
Liver, Bowels.

"California Syrup of Figs" Can't
Harm Children and They
Love It.



Mrs. Angier B. Duke, New York
social leader, in fuel-saving gown.

fuel-saving gown would keep its wearer comfortable at a temperature of 50 degrees!

French and Russian women have long been accustomed to cold rooms and instead of demanding more heat and more use of precious coal, have learned to dress for warmth as well as beauty.

Now, as the war requires more fuel for ships and munitions there is less for house-heating—and English and American women are substituting fur and wool for "more steam, please."

This particular fuel-saving gown is of French blue wool velour, marvelously soft and heavy, and is richly embroidered in navy blue chenille, with cheville balls dangling from a hundred places! The sleeves are long and bell-shaped over a close-fitting cuff of lace. It shows the new high neck line and the long, long, tight skirt, descending quite to the ankle to meet the new short-topped boots.

Furs and a big, untrimmed velvet hat complete a costume that will withstand any weather above zero—and delight the heart of Mr. Garfield, Fuel-saver to his Majesty, The War!

Mother! Your child isn't naturally cross and peevish. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign the little stomach, liver and bowels need a cleansing at once.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cat, sleep or eat naturally, has stomach-ache, diarrhea, remember, a gentle liver and bowel cleansing should always be the first treatment given.

Nothing equals "California Syrup of Figs" for children's ills; give a tea-spoonful, and in a few hours all the foul waste, sour bite and fermenting food which is clogged in the bowels passes out of the system, and you have a well and playful child again. All children love this harmless, delicious "fruit laxative," and it never fails to effect a good "inside" cleansing.

Directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are plainly on the bottle.

Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

Crawford Ranges

Two Ranges in One—a Coal Range, a Gas Range—both combined
in this Masterpiece—the Triple Crawford

The following improved features have established Triple Crawford as the world's most complete range:

Two Separate Ovens, both large and roomy—one for gas, the other for coal.

The Convenient Gas Oven is equipped with an improved broiler which you can adjust instantly (without touching the pan) so as to hold the food at any desired distance from the flame. Folds out of the way when not in use.

Five Center Heat Gas Burners, of a new and efficient type bring the heat directly under utensils without wasting gas.

All-in-one-control exclusive to this style, regulates fire and oven with one motion. Place the knob at "Bake," "Check" or "Kindle."

Perfection of design and finish, long service and utility, distinguishing Crawford coal ranges—or gas combinations.

SOLD BY
A. E. O'HEIR & CO.

15 HILD STREET

This style range is made in three types—Triple, Duplex and Simplex. Has enclosed gas water heater in largest size.



BILLS HELD UP

Revenue Measure Cannot Pass Before Elections—Work for Disabled Soldiers

Epidemic Strikes Washington

—Pickets Pester Senators

—Naming New Ships

(Special to The Sun)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—Not only is the war department considering what can be done with the returning soldiers who have suffered permanent disability, but the department of the interior is planning to give them farmland and the department of labor has now taken a hand in the matter and has appointed a corps of experts to go to Massachusetts and confer with certain officials as to what experiments in that state have shown to be of value. The object of the move is to ascertain just what effect certain kinds of permanent injuries have on certain kinds of labor, and in what branches of industry maimed men may be found to be most useful. That is, if a man has lost one or both legs, what work can he best do—if he has lost one or both arms, how can he still be made useful to himself and the community in which he lives—if he is blind, what can he do for an occupation. And so on down a deplorable long list of permanent disability casualties. All agree that a man who has suffered any one of these great losses will be happier if employment can be found in which he again becomes a useful member of society.

Massachusetts was selected as the point of investigation on account of the compensation and disability laws which apply to employees in that state. The federal government believes the statistics thus collected will show how long it takes a man to recover from certain classes of injury, and to what sort of work such men are best fitted. The replacement of wounded soldiers in connection with industrial work is one of the great problems to be met in the near future and various plans have already been discussed in congress although no definite scheme is yet agreed upon.

Tied Up in Congress

Congress is at a complete standstill.

The committee on finance and appropriations are buried deep in work, but other members are without congressional duties, except those of a routine nature. In order to keep congress within call, semi-weekly sessions of the house and senate are held, but the average length of the sessions is five minutes. That is not neglecting any duties, but merely to give the big committees an opportunity to work on the war measures without interruption.

Many members are out of the city either conducting war loan campaigns or looking after their home affairs, ready to come back when needed. There is certain delay in store for the great revenue bill for the consideration of which congress was held in nominal session throughout the summer.

But the fact that it cannot possibly be voted on before election gives a chance to say "I told you so" to a good many men here who have believed from the first that the bill would not pass before November at the earliest.

The democrats have stated that the bill needs careful pruning in the senate committee before brought up for a vote, and Chairman Simmons is a very thorough leader on financial questions. He is experienced, broad minded and fair. And although a staunch democratic partisan he expressed the hope to get a bill in shape that will pass muster when viewed from both sides of the senate. Senator Lodge is a member of the finance committee, and he too counsels taking plenty of time to frame a measure of such tremendous importance.

All the men who predicted that the party in power preferred to wait till after election before passing the revenue bill are crowing loudly over the delay. Suffrage was once in the same class, also prohibition. Suffrage held up through with failure to pass the bill as result; prohibition is still hanging in the air and it looks at this moment as if that too would wait over till after election. There are men who urge the immediate passage of all these measures, and men who urge de-

SPANISH INFLUENZA—WHAT IT IS AND HOW IT SHOULD BE TREATED

Nothing New—Simply the Old Grip, or La Grippe That Was Epidemic in 1889-90, Only Then it Came From Russia by Way of France, and This

Time by Way of Spain.

Go to Bed and Stay Quiet—Take a Laxative—Eat Plenty of Nourishing Food—Keep up Your Strength—Nature is the "Cure."

ALWAYS CALL A DOCTOR**NO OCCASION FOR PANIC**

Spanish influenza, which appeared in Spain in May has all the appearance of grip or la grippe, which has swept over the world in numerous epidemics as far back as history records. It refers to an epidemic in 1889-90 in U. S. which is regarded by many to have been influenza. Every century has had its attacks. Beginning with 1837, this country has had five epidemics, the last in 1889.

There is no occasion for panic—Influenza has a very low percentage of fatalities—not over one death out of every four hundred cases, according to the N. C. Board of Health. The chief danger lies in complications arising, attacking principally patients in a run down condition—those who don't go to bed soon enough, or those who get up too early.

THESE SYMPTOMS

Grippe, or influenza as it is now called, usually begins with a chill followed by aching, feverishness, and sometimes headache, and drowsiness, a general feeling of weakness and depression. The temperature is from 100 to 104, and the fever usually lasts from three to five days. The germs attack the mucous membrane, or lining of the nose, throat, bronchial tubes—there is usually a hard cough, especially bad at night, often times a sore throat or tonsillitis, and frequently all the appearances of a severe head cold.

THE TREATMENT

Go to bed at the first symptoms, not only for your own sake but to avoid spreading the disease to others—take a purgative, eat plenty of nourishing food, rest, and stay quiet and don't worry. Quinine, aspirin, or Vick's Powder, etc., may be administered by the physician's directions to relieve the aching. But there is no cure or specific for influenza—the disease must run its course, but Nature will throw off the attack if only you keep up your strength. The chief danger lies in the complications which may arise. Influenza so weakens the body that resists that there is danger of pneumonia or bronchitis developing, and sometimes attacks of pleurisy, middle ear, or heart affection. For these reasons, it is very important that the patient remain in bed until his strength returns—stay in bed at least two days or more after the fever has left you.

Blanket Your Horses

The first cold weather is the most severe. We have a mammoth stock to select from. We make a specialty of Extra Large Street Blankets. Leathered and lined.

We Have AUTOMOBILE and CARRIAGE ROBES in good variety. We Have DOUBLE and SINGLE HARNESSSES for All Purposes.

OUR STOCK IS VERY COMPLETE

All fresh goods purchased since our big fire.

WE ARE LOWELL AGENTS FOR KELLY-SPRINGFIELD

TIRES and TUBES

Come any time; you will find us at home.

C. H. HANSON & CO. Inc.

61, ROCK STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

"If I Hurt You Don't Pay Me"

No matter how nervous you are or how sensitive your teeth may be, come in and let me prove the above statement. **MY PRICES ARE THE LOWEST IN LOWELL**

A small per cent over the cost of material is my answer to the ordinary dentist's big prices and get all you can ideas.

FULL SET TEETH \$5 UP
GOLD FILLINGS \$1.00 UP
GOLD CROWNS \$3 and \$5
PORCELAIN CROWNS \$4.50
ESTIMATE AND ADVICE FREE

Dr. T. J. KING,

137 MERRIMACK STREET
Nurse in Attendance
Phone 3800
Hours: 9 to 8, French Spoken.

CHILD SAVED FROM WORMS

A mother of six children writes: "My baby was very sick and a friend of mine suggested trying Dr. True's Worm Elixir. Now I have six children and am never without Dr. True's Elixir, the Family Laxative and Worm Expeller in my house." Mrs. F. N. Gill, West Newbury, Mass.

Symptoms of worms are: Deranged stomach, swollen upper lip, sour

stomach, offensive breath, hard and full belly with occasional gripes and pains about the navel, pale face of leader tint, eyes heavy and dull, twitching eyelids, tearing of the nose, itching of the rectum, short, dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red points sticking out on tongue, starting during sleep, slow fever. If your child shows any of these symptoms, start giving Dr. True's Elixir at once.

—Adv.

found in which he again becomes a useful member of society.

Massachusetts was selected as the point of investigation on account of the compensation and disability laws which apply to employees in that state. The federal government believes the statistics thus collected will show how long it takes a man to recover from certain classes of injury, and to what sort of work such men are best fitted. The replacement of wounded soldiers in connection with industrial work is one of the great problems to be met in the near future and various plans have already been discussed in congress although no definite scheme is yet agreed upon.

EXTERNAL APPLICATIONS

In order to stimulate the lining of the air passages, three oils of the germs are to aid in loosening the phlegm and keeping the air passages open, thus making the breathing easier. Vick's VapoRub will be found effective. Hot wet towels should be applied over the throat, chest and back to warm the skin and open the pores. Then VapoRub should be rubbed in over the parts until the oil is red, spread on thickly and covered with two thicknesses of hot flannel cloths. Leave the clothing loose around neck and chest. Then add the ingredients in the form of vapors. These vapors, inhaled with each breath, carry the medicament directly to the parts affected. At the same time, VapoRub is absorbed thru the skin, stimulating the skin, attracting the blood to the surface, and thus aids in relieving the congestion within.

HOW TO AVOID THE DISEASE

Evidence seems to prove that this is a germ disease, spread principally by human contact, chiefly thru coughing, sneezing or spitting. So avoid all crowds—wash hands—wash mouth, avoiding crowds—common drinking glasses, roller towels, etc. Keep up your bodily strength by plenty of exercise in the open air, and good food. Above all, avoid colds, colds, colds, as colds irritate the lining of the air passages and render them much better breeding places for the germs.

Use Vick's VapoRub at the very first sign of a cold. For a head cold, melt a little VapoRub in a spoon and inhale the vapors. If you have a cold, sit over a bonfire steam kettle. If this is not available, use an ordinary kettle. Fill half full of boiling water, put in half a teaspoon of VapoRub from time to time—keep the kettle just above boiling and inhale the steam arising.

Note—Vick's VapoRub is the discovery of a North Carolina druggist, who found how to combine, in salve form, Menthol and Camphor with such volatile oils as Eucalyptus, Thyme, Peppermint, etc., so that when the salve is applied to the body heat, the ingredients are liberated in the form of vapors.

VapoRub is comparatively new in New York state and New England and a few Western cities use it, but it has been produced, but in the other sections of the country it is the standard home remedy in over a million homes for all forms of cold troubles. Over six million jars were sold last year. It is particularly recommended for children, as it can be easily applied externally and applied and therefore can be used as freely as desired without the slightest harmful effects. VapoRub can be had in three sizes at all druggists.

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—Adv.

FUNERALS

MOYNIHAN—The funeral of Helen Moynihian took place yesterday afternoon from her home, 14 March street. Bearers were Francis Delmore, Charles Fenwick, Rubin Sullivan and Edward Moran. Burial was in St. Paul's cemetery where Rev. Joseph A. Curtin read the committal prayers. Undertaker John H. Savage had charge of the funeral arrangements.

SILCOX—The funeral of Mrs. Margaret E. Silcox took place from her home, 541 Westford street, yesterday afternoon. Rev. Appleton Grammis, rector of St. Anne's Episcopal church, officiated. The bearers were George, William Mitchell, Charles and Frank Silcox. Burial was in a family lot in Edson cemetery where the burial service was read by Rev. Mr. Grammis. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blake.

PERHAM—The private funeral of Mrs. Arnold C. Perham was held at her home in Westford Tuesday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. L. L. Green of the Unitarian church, assisted by Rev. E. C. Bartlett of the Dracut Congregational church. The services will be "done" and the Christian's Good-bye will be rendered by Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Warren. The services at the grave were conducted by Rev. Mr. Bartlett. The bearers were Warren B. Emerson, George, Frank, Ralph and Alvin E. Sweetland. Burial was in Park Cemetery, the services being in charge of Undertakers Perham.

WELLS—The funeral services of Dr. Orion V. Wells were held at the family home in Westford Tuesday and services at the cemetery were conducted only by the immediate family and relatives. Company L. M.S.C. were in attendance at the grave and a firing squad performed the military rites. Rev. Louis H. Buckland was the officiating minister. The bearers were the three brothers of the deceased and H. L. Wright. Burial took place at Fairview cemetery. Undertakers David L. Greig and Son, charge. Saturday and Mrs. Wells received a note stating that Dr. O. V. Wells had been commissioned a captain in the army.

JOHNSON—The funeral services of Julius L. Johnson were held yesterday afternoon at the funeral parlors of Undertakers William H. Saunders, 217 Appleton street. Rev. Elmer E. West, pastor of the Chelmsford Street Baptist church, officiated. Mrs. A. S. Stevens sang "Safe in the Arms of Jesus." Burial took place in Wyoming cemetery, McRae. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers William H. Saunders.

DEVLIN—The funeral services of Marjorie Brown were held yesterday afternoon at the home of her parents, 14 Arthur street. Rev. Elmer E. West, pastor of the Chelmsford Street Baptist church, officiated. The bearers were John W. Roberts, Thomas McNamee, George and George Clark. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, this city, in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell and Sons.

FEIGHERY—The funeral of James Feighery took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents, North Chelmsford, and proceeded to St. John's church, North Chelmsford, where services were held. Rev. Father Dunn officiated. The bearers were John W. Roberts, Thomas McNamee, Marjorie Brown and George Clark. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery.

MCNAMEA—The funeral of Mary Frances McNamea took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, 140 and 142 North Chelmsford. The burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell and Sons.

ERHOBOWICZ—The funeral of Julia Erhobowicz took place yesterday afternoon from the undertaking rooms of S. Courtney's lane. Burial took place in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of Undertakers Amedee Archambault & Sons.

PANICK—The funeral of Boleslaw Panick took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents in Slade street. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of Undertakers Amedee Archambault & Sons.

DUBIEL—The funeral of Julia Dubiel took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents in Slade street. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of Undertakers Amedee Archambault & Sons.

LAMBERT—The funeral of Joseph Lambert took place yesterday afternoon from the undertaking rooms at 116 Bridge street. Burial was in Westford cemetery in charge of Funeral Directors Amedee Archambault & Sons.

ZAKOWSKA—The funeral of John Zukowski took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents, Stephen and Evangelos, 221 Adams street. Services were held at the Holy Trinity Greek church. Burial was in Westford cemetery, in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

NIANOTES—The funeral of John Nianotes took place yesterday afternoon from the chapel of James F. O'Donnell & Sons. Services were held at the Holy Trinity Greek church yesterday. Burial was in Westford cemetery.

ADAMS—The funeral services of Mrs. Sarah A. Adams, widow of the late Tolton Memorial Chapel yesterday afternoon. Rev. Alfred R. Hussey, pastor of All Souls church, officiating. The bearers were Edward R. Farney, Walter Coomburn, Arthur C. Spalding and Edward S. Coomburn, all of Westford cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Edward R. Farney under the direction of Undertaker George W. Healey.

FLANIGAN—The funeral of Mrs. Mary Frances Flanigan, wife of Edward J. Flanigan, took place yesterday morning at the home of her parents in the choir of the church, with solos by James E. Donnelly and Miss Ryne. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery, where the committal service was conducted by the Rev. Fr. Healey. The bearers were W. J. Flanigan, Frank C. Foley, Michael R. Flanigan, Michael Craig and Michael Goldrick. O'Donnell and Fay were the funeral directors. There was a profusion of floral tributes bearing mottos testifying to the character of the deceased. By every side were heard expressions of sorrow for the sudden and untimely passing of the departed in the pulpit and in the hearts of the bereaved husband who is but four little boys. The eldest of whom is but nine years old. A mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Daniel J. Quinn.

BURNS—Michael J. Burns, until recently a resident of St. Patrick's parish, died yesterday at his home, 31 Hope street. He leaves one son, John J. Burns, formerly of the O'Donnell & Gilbride dry goods Co., and two daughters, the Misses Julia and Edna Burns.

GARTH—Mrs. Mary Carter, wife of Thomas H. Carter, died yesterday at her home, 245 Nash road, New Bedford. Besides her husband she leaves her parents, William and Ellen Allin, three brothers, Daniel, William and John, and two sisters, Anna and Alice. The body will be brought to this city and taken to the home of her parents, 14 Riverside avenue by Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

MAHON—Thomas Mahon, for over 30 years an engineer in the Lowell works, died yesterday at St. John's hospital, Boston, after illness. Mr. Mahon was an old resident of Centralville, and an attendant at St. Michael's church since its organization. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Edward White and Mrs. Alexia Lussier; four brothers, Albert, Joseph, Alfred, Irene, Dorothy, Estelle and Blanche; his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Mahon; five sisters, Mrs. Marianne Boyle, Joseph, William, Florence, Eva and Leo of this city; Ernest of Sherbrooke, Que.; Arthur in the United States navy and Albert in France.

DENAULT—Marjorie Denault, aged 45 years, died today at her home, 24 Franklin street, Lowell. Her husband, Charles, and their three children, Mrs. Marianne Boyle, Joseph, William, Florence, Eva and Leo of this city, are the survivors.

DAVIDSON—Mildred H. Davidson, aged 15 years and 7 months, died yesterday at the home of her parents in Belview street, Dracut. Besides her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Davidson, she leaves three brothers, Charles, Herbert of Chicago, Ill., and Carl of Camp Devens.

DESCHENES—Mrs. Mary Deschenes, wife of Charles Deschenes, died yesterday at her home, 31 Salem street, aged 33 years. Besides her husband, she leaves four children.

BUTTERFIELD—John Ayers Butterfield, the oldest and best known citizen of Tyngsboro, died yesterday at 116 Main road, Westford afternoon. He was advanced in years and 3 months. He was a sailor in the first Mexican war, enlisting when only 14 years old, and he also was one of the first to join the American Legion at Leavenworth. On his deathbed he was presented with a gold-headed cane by a Boston paper in honor of his being the oldest resident of Tyngsboro a number of years ago. He leaves his wife, Martha C. and one sister, Mrs. Lorinda Cole, also of Tyngsboro.

CAURIE—William Edward Currie, son and Thomas Stroder. At the grave Rev. Fr. Linehan read the committal prayers. The service was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

GUINEY—The funeral of James McGuire took place this morning at 8 o'clock from his home, 21 Washington street. High mass of requiem was celebrated at the Sacred Heart church at 9 o'clock by Rev. William Mahan. The bearers were Martin McNamara, Timothy Haggerty, William O'Brien, Peter Regan, Michael J. Murphy, Michael Lally. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. The committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Mahan. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers C. H. Molloy's Sons.

CURIE—The funeral of William Edward Currie took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from the home of his parents, 14 Elm street. The family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. The committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Mahan. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers C. H. Molloy's Sons.

DAWSON—The funeral of Mildred H. Dawson will be held at the Adventist church on Liberty street at 2:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Burial will take place in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

DEVLIN—The funeral of Mrs. Mary E. Sibley took place from her home, 541 Westford street, yesterday afternoon. Rev. Appleton Grammis, rector of St. Anne's Episcopal church, officiated. The bearers were George, William Mitchell, Charles and Frank Silcox. Burial was in a family lot in Edson cemetery where the burial service was read by Rev. Mr. Grammis. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers C. H. Molloy's Sons.

HARRINGTON—The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth (Kneatsey) Harrington took place this morning at 9:30 a.m. at St. Peter's church, Chelmsford, aged 76 years, 2 months and 10 days. He died from his duties five or six years ago. Mr. Howe leaves a wife, one son and a daughter.

LEVASSELIER—Mrs. Laura Levassuer, wife of Alme Levassuer, died yesterday at her home, 12 Dracut street, aged 25 years. She was the widow of Alme Levassuer, her husband, who died last year. They had one son, Thomas, one brother, Arthur and two sisters, Mrs. Joseph Beaupre of Shrewsbury Falls, P. O., and Mrs. Joseph Hartnett of Louisville, P. O. Q.

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MCNAMEA—The funeral of Mrs. Bella Hemion died yesterday at her home, 7 Charles street, aged 25 years. She is survived by her husband John, her mother, and two brothers.

GREEN—Charles Green, aged 33, died last night at his home on Center street, East Chelmsford. He leaves a wife, Elizabeth, and a son, Thomas, aged 26 years. She was the widow of Alme Levassuer, her husband, who died last year. They had one son, Thomas, one brother, Arthur and two sisters, Mrs. Joseph Beaupre of Shrewsbury Falls, P. O., and Mrs. Joseph Hartnett of Louisville, P. O. Q.

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WHICH WILL YOU TAKE?
You must choose between liberty and bondage. Two pathways lie before all the people of this country, and before all the people of all the world. One leads to bondage beneath the iron heel of the Hun oppressor. The other leads to liberty, honor and justice.

Not only must each American choose between the two, but having chosen to follow the path toward liberty, he must choose the vehicle in which he will travel along that roadway. This is no easy path to climb. There are foot-tearing rocks, jagged stones, precipi-

HAVE COLOR IN CHEEKS

Be Better Looking—Take Olive Tablets

If your skin is yellow—complexion pallid—tongue coated—appetite poor—you have a bad taste in your mouth—a lazy, no-good feeling—you should take Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—a substitute for calomel—were prepared by Dr. Edwards after 17 years of study with his patients. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color.

To have a clear, pink skin, bright eyes, no pimples, a feeling of buoyancy like childhood days you must get at the cause.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act on the liver and bowels like calomel—yet have no dangerous after effects.

They start the bile and overcome constipation. That's why millions of boxes are sold annually at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists. Take one or two nightly and note the pleasing results.

HIGH CLASS DENTISTRY

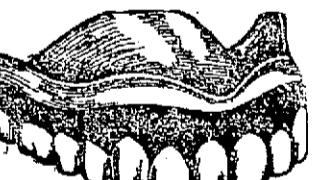
Are TEN PER CENT. above the ACTUAL COST of PRODUCTION, nothing more.

I Do Not Belong to Any DENTAL TRUST

I am entirely independent. No group of dentists or dental society can regulate my prices.

SPECIAL—Wear one of my sets of teeth for ten days and if at the end of that time they are not satisfactory return them to me and I will refund your money in full.

Full Set Teeth.....\$5.00



Pure Gold Crowns and Bridgework...\$3 and \$5

School children's teeth thoroughly cleansed and examined FREE OF CHARGE when accompanied by parents.

PAINLESS EXTRACTING FREE When Plates Are Ordered

No high prices in my office. Here in my office, high grade, painless dentistry goes hand in hand with reasonable charges.

DR. McKNIGHT

175 CENTRAL ST., BRADLEY BLDG., LOWELL

Opposite Appleton National Bank Telephone 4020

Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Open Until 9 p. m. Saturdays

French Spoken

EPILEPTIC ATTACKS Have Been STOPPED For Over 50 Years

by DR. KLINE'S EPILEPTIC REMEDY. It is a rational and remarkably successful treatment for Fits, Epilepsy (Falling Sickness) and kindred Nervous Derangements. Get or order it at any drug store.

Send for our valuable book on Epilepsy. It is

FREE

Department D, Red Bank, N. J.

"My little daughter and myself both use Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and find it invaluable as a remedy for constipation. I would not be without it." (From a letter to Dr. Caldwell written by Mrs. Will H. Thompson, Ripley, Ohio.)

A mild, effective remedy for constipation that is peculiarly adapted to the needs of elderly people, women and children, is the combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin known as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It brings natural relief, without griping or strain.

DR. CALDWELL'S Syrup Pepsin

The Perfect Laxative

Sold by Druggists Everywhere
50 cts. (Tenn.) \$1.00

A TRIAL BOTTLE CAN BE OBTAINED, FREE OF CHARGE, BY WRITING TO DR. W. B. CALDWELL, 459 WASHINGTON STREET, MONTICELLO, ILLINOIS

pieces, and all manner of trials and tribulations along the way. That, however, compels the climber to a greater and more lasting conviction of the true worth of liberty.

It is much easier to go down into bondage. One need do nothing else than lie inert and await the conqueror's heel.

But we are Americans. Our forefathers bequeathed a precious heritage of liberty to each of us, and we stand ready to defend that inheritance—to fight for it on the battlefields "over there" and in our daily work and life over here.

It is because we must fight to defend our liberty and the liberty of other peoples, that we must choose between two vehicles in which we may go along the path toward everlasting liberty. We must—

Fight of finance!
We must—
Take a gun or take a bond!

There aren't enough of us that any one of us may shrink his war duty. The Hun isn't beaten yet. And until he is beaten, decisively and eternally, we must fight or finance. Some of us are doing both. Soldiers in the trenches are buying Liberty Bonds. They are giving their lives, too. They are giving their arms, and eyes, and legs, too. They are going through the most awful hell of death that the world ever witnessed so that we and our children from henceforth and forever may never have to fight the Huns again to defend the liberty of free peoples, ourselves included.

Millions of our bravest boys have taken their choice. They have chosen the gun. They have gone "over there" by the thousands and the tens of thousands to fight. They are doing tre-

mendously more than we can do even though we give every dollar.

They are giving their life blood!

We are not asked to give our dollars.

It is not, to you, a question of giving your life or your dollars.

It is merely putting it up to you—to every American—to choose between the two, shouldering a gun for your country's defense, or lending your money.

When the war ends the country will

have

reached

the

end

of

the

war

Choose!

Gun or bond!

Both are vitally necessary to the winning of the war.

Both together will carry us to victory.

Without both, or either, the Hun will win, and we will have come to the low point of bondage.

If you haven't a gun on your shoulder, arm yourself with Liberty Bonds. Public opinion will not tolerate the rets of us must finance this war.

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1,900,000 ACROSS GAINS CONTINUE

Number of American Troops Overseas Announced by General March Today

N. E. National Guard Took Part in St. Mihiel Victory—Appeals for Liberty Loan

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—American troops sent overseas had passed the 1,900,000 mark, General March announced today. He couched his statement with an urgent appeal to the country to support the Fourth Liberty loan.

The present was no time to hang back, he said, for the maximum resources of the nation and men and money must be "buried at the Gun" to make victory certain. While the movement of soldiers across the water is continuing, the war department is preparing for two million more men to follow the first two million.

The department has asked congress for eight billion dollars to carry out its program, he added, and the financial support of that program must not be withheld by the nation.

Taking up the battle situation on the west front, General March said with the capture of Le Cateau by the British the allied forces were within 14 miles of the railway junction of Aulnoye, which is a vital strategical point for the enemy. The Liège-Maubeuge railway and the lateral road through Sedan at which the American army is striking on the Meuse meet each other at Aulnoye and these two lines are the main arteries for German supplies and troop movements in France.

N. E. Troops in St. Mihiel Victory

General March announced the American divisions which cleaned up the St. Mihiel salient in the fight which prepared the way for the present operations north of Verdun. Pointing from left to right on the map, he said the divisions were in line as follows:

Fourth (regular) 26th (New England national guard.)

First (regular) 42nd (Rainbow.)

39th (Kansas, Missouri, South Dakota, Nebraska, Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona National army.)

Second (regular)

This is the first information made public as to the construction of the army with which General Pershing achieved a brilliant and swift victory in his whole American effort.

16,000 in Slightly Wounded List

The first courier from General Pershing carrying the hospital records of the expeditionary forces for slightly wounded men has arrived General March said, the lists including approximately 16,000 names. This number, he said, was accumulation for all the period up to the time it was decided to bring the lists by couriers.

Locating various divisions in response to questions, General March said the 1st (Alaska, Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Nevada, Montana, Wyoming, and Utah National army) was still in the American training areas; the 78th (Western New York, New Jersey and Delaware National army) is on the line with the first corps, but its position not specifically stated. The 29th (New Jersey, Delaware, Virginia, Maryland and District of Columbia National Guard) is on the line in the Vosges as is the 37th (Ohio National Guard) the 90th (Texas and Oklahoma National army) is on the St. Mihiel front; the 82nd (Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee) is east of the Argonne and the 42nd (Rainbow) is in the Waere.

If you want quick returns, try a classified ad in "The Sun." Lowell's greatest newspaper.

Pure Blood Brings Beauty

Pimples, Blackheads, Boils and Poor Complexion Vanish by Using Stuart's Calcium Wafers

TRIAL PACKAGE MAILED FREE

All your dreams of a beautiful clear complexion can be made to come true. It makes no difference how spotted and disfigured your face may be with pimples, blackheads, boils, liver-spots, you may reclaim your heritage of good looks.

You'll learn with joy to see how easy and quick Stuart's Calcium Wafers clean your skin!

STUART'S CALCIUM WAFERS

Thomas H. Elliott, real estate broker, offices 64 Central street, corner Prescott, reports the following sales negotiated during the past week:

The sale of an excellent cottage property situated at 4 Dunphy street, at its junction with Fifth avenue. The house has eight rooms, is provided with bath and heated by steam plant. It occupies an attractive corner of 2100 square feet. The transfer is effected on behalf of Othmar J. Mendell, and Anna Mendell. The grantee is Mr. Felicite Hubbard. Mrs. Hubbard buys for purposes of investment.

Final papers have been passed in the sale of a handsome and modern bungalow at 59 Berkeley avenue. The property is of very recent construction and is up-to-date in every detail. The living rooms have beamed ceilings, the floors throughout are of polished hard wood, the heating is by steam and the lighting, electricity. The sale is negotiated on behalf of the trustees of the Phillips Beach Realty Trust of Lynn. The purchaser is Myles F. Clark of this city.

Also the sale of a cottage property at 3 Quindry avenue. The house has six large rooms and occupies a lot of 2100 square feet. The land is assessed at \$1,000, the assessment on the parcel totaling \$1,000. The grantor in the transaction is George L. Hubbard, the grantee, Arthur Bennett and William Bennett. Mr. and Mrs. Bennett buy for personal occupancy.

FREE TRIAL COUPON

F. A. Stuart Co., 474 Market Street, Marshall, Mich. Send me at once, by return mail a free trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

Name Street City State

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clear family newspaper.

Great Battle Now Being Fought on 30 Mile Front South of Cambrai

Anglo-American Forces Are Sweeping On With Remarkable Rapidity

WITH THE ANGLO-AMERICAN FORCES SOUTHEAST OF CAMBRAI, Oct. 11.—(By the Associated Press).—The great battle now being fought in this region is on a front of nearly 30 miles today, it having been extended to the north. The British are gaining everywhere. There is virtually no enemy infantry opposition. The only resistance worth mentioning is coming from the enemy machine gunners. The bulk of the enemy artillery seems to have fled so far east of the battleground as to be out of range.

AMERICANS CAPTURE

MORE IMPORTANT POINTS

LONDON, Oct. 11.—American troops operating with the British on the front southeast of Cambrai completed last night the capture of Vaux-Andigny and St. Souplet. Field Marshal Haig announced in his official statement to-day.

The river Selle has been crossed by the British north of Le Cateau. Fighting is going on in the eastern section of that town.

In the region immediately east of Cambrai, the British have reached the outskirts of the village of St. Vaast and St. Aubert.

The British are continuing to push forward on the front between Cambrai and Lens. They made progress during the night in the direction of Izel-le-Rouerchin, five miles west of Douai. They are also progressing east of Saint-Quentin and along the north bank of the Hante Deule canal, east of Lens.

NEW SUCCESSES OF THE

FRENCH TROOPS ANNOUNCED

PARIS, Oct. 11.—French troops last night advanced in the region north of the Aisne, captured the towns of Chivry and Bourguignon and then pushed on beyond, the French war office announced today.

Italian troops reached a point south of Courteon on the Chemin-des-Dames which highway the French have gained possession of as far as the heights of Cerny-en-Lonnois.

In the Champagne, French troops crossed the river Suippe and gained a footing between St. Etienne and Bourg-Suippe as well as at Warmerville, Vaudreuil and St. Masmes.

Further east the French are pursuing the Germans who are in retreat.

On the front west of the Argonne forest, French Infantry has captured Semide and Mont St. Martin.

The French also stormed Corbon and Brieux.

ANOTHER LOWELL BOY WINS APPOINTMENT

Another instance of the staff our Lowell boys are made of comes in the news of the appointment of Augustus McKeon, who was inducted into the service at Camp Devens last July, to the commissioned officers' training school at Camp Lee, Va.

The young man, who is 24 years old, is the son of Mrs. Margaret McKeon, of 61 18th street and went to Camp Devens with the other Lowell boys who made up the local quota for that month. He was one of eight young men who were selected from this quota to take the non-commissioned officers' training course at camp, and at the expiration of eight weeks he successfully passed the examination for sergeant.

He later took the examination for the officers' training school at Camp Lee, and received a notification last night that he had passed and to report immediately at the Officers' Training school at Camp Lee.

Sergeant McKeon left this noon for his new duties, and carries the best wishes of his Lowell friends who will follow him with interest in his new environment.

CARPENTERS' DISTRICT COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the Carpenters' District council was held last evening. Business of importance was transacted. The question of the rate of pay at the United States Cartridge Co.'s plants was brought up and acted upon. The council agreed to notify the war labor board of the situation at these plants and request the board to send their representatives to adjust matters at once.

THOS. ELLIOTT'S SALES

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Close Churches

Continued

last evening, and the monsignor said then that if the board of health ordered the churches closed, the Catholic churches would obey the order.

Dr. Carroll was called away on an emergency case before the formal vote was taken and only Dr. Drueelle, chairman, and John E. Drury, the other member of the board, voted on the closing order.

The board approved four basic rules suggested by Dr. Brunelle for the government of the isolation hospital during the present emergency with the understanding that these are to be amended and supplemented as exigency requires. The four articles approved were:

1. The isolation hospital is opened only temporarily to care for pneumonia and influenza patients in the present emergency. Only acute cases of these diseases and no others are to be given treatment there. The hospital is to be known as the "temporary contagious hospital for influenza and pneumonia patients."

2. Applications for entrance to the hospital are to be made to the doctor in charge of the hospital.

3. The rate of charges for patients will be \$1.50 a day or as near that amount as they are able to pay.

4. The board of health will receive daily reports as to the number of cases and deaths at the hospital.

Dr. Brunelle explained that these rules are only the nucleus of a working set and will be amended as conditions require.

One Ward Full

The first shuck of the isolation hospital group which was opened Tuesday was filled with patients today, there being 24 there at noon. Preparations for opening a second ward were being rushed at full speed today and the authorities believe that the second building will be ready for occupancy tomorrow.

Dr. C. R. Eskey of the public service health reserve is still in charge at the hospital and Mrs. Arthur J. Murkland and Priv. Euclidie Favreau. In his letter he states he met Urgel a couple of weeks ago and expects to meet the other brother, Euclide, pretty soon.

The letter sent to his sister is in part as follows:

Dear Sister: Just a few lines to let you know that I am in the hospital for I have been wounded in the ankle. Don't worry, however, for my injury is not serious and by the time you will receive this letter I hope to be up and about again.

I am leading the life of a rich man just now, having a good bed to sleep in and plenty to eat. I am all set and having a great time. How are the brother Lowell? I haven't received a letter from him for three weeks and I am getting a little lonesome, for you know when one expects a letter, he is

expecting something.

I haven't seen Euclio yet, but expect to meet him any time now. I am sure Urgel is in good shape. He is following his usual routine of going night and day.

From the figures of today it would seem that the disease had taken an upward trend and the authorities believe that this will be the case for some time to come. Not until the epidemic is effectively stamped out will there be any constant decline in the number of cases reported.

The approach of Columbus day finds the city tied up tight on account of the disease and there will be practically no activity tomorrow. The offices of the board of health and charity department will be opened all day.

The Influential Telegram

The telegram received by Mayor Thompson from Chairman Endicott of the state public safety committee which was most influential toward the formulating of the board's decision to close all the churches Sunday was as follows:

Hon. Perry D. Thompson, Chairman Committee on Public Safety, Lowell:

This committee is receiving many inquiries as to whether we advise the closing of churches and Sunday. We can say in reply that it is not necessary to advise such closing.

From the testimony of today it would seem that the disease had taken an upward trend and the authorities believe that this will be the case for some time to come. Not until the epidemic is effectively stamped out will there be any constant decline in the number of cases reported.

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Another Week

Lowell faces another week of crippled activity. Supt. Hugh J. Molloy of the school department announced that the public schools would not open next week and public announcement will be made when they are to open.

There is hardly a possibility that the theaters will open for another week at least. The ban on saloons, pool rooms, soda fountains, etc., is still on and will not be taken off until the situation shows considerable improvement.

At this morning's meeting of the board of health the matter of having a clergymen visit the isolation hospital every morning was taken up and it was voted that Monsignor O'Brien be consulted on the subject and that he suggest what should be done on the matter.

In Middlesex Village

Two contractors who are employed in building a round-house for the government between Middlesex village and Ayer were called before the board at this morning's meeting to explain conditions existing at the Middlesex tavern in Middlesex village. Dr. Carroll had visited the place Wednesday and again yesterday in company with William H. Connors, tenement inspector for the board of health, and he reported that laborers were living there amid unhealthy surroundings.

Mr. Connors reported that 87 men were sleeping in the three-story building and that in the attic conditions were especially bad. Twelve single beds and two double beds were set up here and the room was filled with rats.

There have already been three cases of influenza reported from the building and two deaths.

Dr. Eskey stated that he would like to visit the building and later he will make a finding. The owner will probably be warned to improve conditions.

Acids in Stomach

Create Gas, Sourness and Pain How to Treat.

Medical authorities state that nearly nine-tenths of the cases of stomach gas, bloating, flatulence, etc., are due to an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach and not as some believe to a lack of digestive juices. The delicate stomach lining is irritated, digestion is delayed and food souring, causing the digestive symptoms which every stomach sufferer knows.

Artificial digestives are not needed in such cases and may do real harm. Try laying aside all digestive aids and instead get from any druggist a few grains of dilute Magnesia and take it teaspoonful at a time. This strengthens the stomach, prevents the formation of excess acid and there is no sourness, gas or pain. Bisulcated Magnesia in powder or tablet form, never tablets or pills, is the best for stomach purposes. It is used by thousands of people who enjoy their meals with no fear of indigestion. For sale at Leggett's Barber-Jayne's drug store and other leading druggists.

Adv.

point work accurately. It removes the residue of burnt powder and prevents rust on the barrel, inside and out.

15 cent

VISCOL waterproof hunting boots. Three sizes.....20s, 32s, 35s

Free City Motor Delivery

63 MARKET ST.

PRIV. FAVEREAU IS SLIGHTLY WOUNDED

Private Pierre Favreau, Headquarters Co. 101st Inf. A.E.F. in France, son of Mrs. Elodie Favreau of 935 Lakeview avenue and

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

LIBERTY LOAN DAY

President Wilson in a solemn proclamation has designated October 12 this year as Liberty day, a day on which the people of this nation are to rededicate themselves to the ideals of our government and the principles of world freedom and democracy.

The day in a special manner recalls the genius of that first admiral who lifted the veil of ocean and revealed to the world the existence of a new continent which was destined to become the home of freedom, the refuge of the oppressed of every other land and, as the present titanic struggle has shown or is about to show the protector of all nations from a modern form of oppression fully as bad as that existed in the past. Never before has the importance, the influence, and the power of the United States been so impressive, dominant in world affairs as in the present war.

The United States has broken away from its isolated position among the nations and is now not only a world power but the very greatest of such powers. Before the present war was started the United States was woefully handicapped by the lack of a merchant marine; but after the war it will have a line of merchant vessels the greatest in all the world and it must, therefore, engage in world trade to an extent never attempted by any nation except England. Liberty day then this year, means more than ever, but it has a special significance in its present designation because of the appeal it carries for subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty loan.

It is announced from Washington that, unless greater enthusiasm be shown in boosting the loan that it will not be made up in the time limit. That would be a national disgrace; it would be a humiliation to our armies at the front, fully as bad as a defeat at the hands of the Huns. This Liberty day appeal comes as a test of our patriotism as a people. Are we willing to back up our soldiers doing such heroic work on the various battlefronts, not by giving our money outright but by merely loaning a part of it at a liberal rate of interest? No risk, no gift, merely an accommodation to the government fighting the battles of Liberty.

Let it not be said that Lowell has failed in her duty. Let the men who have the money whether they are rich or poor come out and put it down nobly in this glorious cause. This loan will probably be the last, as the struggle is nearing a glorious triumph. The man who subscribes can claim an honorable share of the glory that will be ours when the power of the Hun shall have been broken, never again to threaten civilization or any large portion of the people of the world—not even the people of Germany.

THE EPIDEMIC

It is hoped that the epidemic which has swept this part of New England for the past six weeks is now on the wane. Lowell has certainly paid a heavy toll to this influenza scourge and the end is not yet in sight. A large number of new cases is reported daily and it is noticed that the disease brings on a very great tendency to pneumonia. It strikes chiefly at the lungs and the heart, whereas the original gripe of 1890 had more the character of a severe cold that brought on a high fever with a disturbance of the nervous system.

There has been some criticism of the action of the health authorities on the ground that its preventive measures were not sufficiently sweeping nor enforced with sufficient strictness. Some people favored putting a card on the door of every house in which a case of the influenza was found; but this would be a very extreme step that might perhaps result in the neglect of patients and otherwise do more harm than good. The board of health has also been criticised for not putting its foot down strictly against holding wakes or any assembly of people where a victim of the disease is awaiting burial. The people have been cautioned repeatedly against such assemblies and in fact against assemblies of all kinds; but unless compulsory methods are adopted, it is very difficult to get the public to observe any regulations of the kind even when the violation thereof is attended with serious dangers.

It is well for every person who is attacked with influenza to realize that this disease is much more serious than is generally supposed. When complicated with pneumonia, the danger is certainly very grave. Many patients who have appeared to be on the road to recovery have been suddenly cut off by a sinking spell or general collapse. If the patient is to be saved from the most serious consequences, this must be done in the early stages of the disease.

The Lawrence liquor dealers apparently have a good friend at court in the person of Robert S. Maloney, commissioner of health for the city. Yesterday he made a plea for the liquor interests which resulted in the saloons being allowed to continue to do business. Lawrence has just as bad a grippe situation as any of the other big mill cities in the Merrimack valley. When she sends out pleas for doctors, nurses and other agents to combat influenza, it will take Christian fortitude indeed, not to tell her to shut down on booze first.

SEEN AND HEARD

Put the stamp of sincerity on your war economies—Thrift Stamp.

Clinking Liberty bonds dollars beats clapping for Liberty loan appeals.

Indications are there will be a Turk for every American family this Thanksgiving.

Notice to squirrels—nutshells are needed to make gas masks—conserve a nut and win the war! Eat the other kind.

In Paris you can get a coarse dinner for 33 cents. It would be a coarse dinner served here for that gladstone figure.

Flying is now said to be safe as walking. Which may be so six days a week, but the gassing Sabbath is the pedestrials paradise!

End runs, dashes and tackles—war is much like football—but the Yankees are making their gains by miles instead of yards in the big game.

The only man who can trim the toenails of lions and tigers in a London zoo, has been exempted. He should be decorated as well, in our humble opinion.

Plea in Avoidance

A Wyoming man tells of a man in that state who was taken into custody on the charge of making counterfeit money.

During the course of his preliminary examination the magistrate said: "So you admit having been engaged in making counterfeit bills?" "Yes, you honor," responded the culprit, "and I thought it was all right. You see, the supply of the genuine ac-

THE PEACE BEGGER



© SATTERFIELD

THE ANSWER IS BUY MORE LIBERTY BONDS

title is so very, very short."—Reheb-
both Sunday Herald.

His Mother Over Here
It isn't alone that I give my boy.
Him I have builded from sorrow and
joy.

My boy who has just turned man,
But I send away what he was each
Since ever his life began.

The boy who yesterday, stooping above,
Caredess my lips with a never love.
And although my eyes were dim,
I knew that his heart had found its
part.

And I bless that love—for him.

I am giving the youth who tossed his
hat
In the face of the world, who shouted
It hat.

As he bared his arm, untried,
To win a place in the world's hard race.
With a laugh for the game beside.

I am giving the lad who never could
Be half so bad as I thought him good.
And it is ever his heart was sore,
If he rambled wild, he was mine—my
child.

And I only loved him more.

I am giving the boy who went to
school.

And that he irked at the rigid rule,
Or his lessons went amiss,
Was a very small chap snuggled into
My lap.

For the comfort of mother's kiss.

I am giving the boy who went to play
And who hurtled back any hour of the
day.

Like a wild wolf scenting wool,
And I sat by his side, with a motherly
pride.

And filled his hallowness full!

For the comfort of mother's kiss.

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And who hurtled back any hour of the
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My Mother

What Would She Have Me Do Today?

Buy Fighting Fourth Liberty Bonds, of course

It is to save all mothers, all sisters, all helpless little children from the残酷 of experiences,—to impose which seems the crowning joy of the heartless Hun—that America fights today.

Back of autocracy is brutal exploitation of all people who do not bear the kultural name of German. Underlying democracy is the cardinal principle of safety of person and property.

For Which of these do You stand?

Save to Buy
and
Buy to Keep

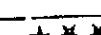
Buy bonds the way the boys in France fight—to the utmost

Buy today—at any bank—cash or instalments

Liberty Loan Committee
of New England



This advertisement is endorsed and paid for by Talbot Mills as a part of their efforts to fight this war to a prompt and victorious conclusion



CAMBRAI RUINED

City Despoiled by Fleeing Vandals—Outrages unparalleled in History

France Can Never Forgive

This—Torch in Hand, Enemy Comes Offering Peace

WITH THE CANADIAN FORCES IN FRANCE, Wednesday, Oct. 9.—(By Canadian Press)—Cambrai tonight is a smoking ruin. The Germans probably have never perpetrated a more ruthless nor more premeditated vandalism than that destruction of Cambrai.

"France can never forget nor forgive us," remarked a French officer. "Torch in hand, the enemy comes offering us peace."

When the Canadians entered Cambrai the great public square of the *Place d'Armes* was virtually intact. Now it is a mass of ruins. Explosions began at 9 o'clock and have continued ever since.

Fire Follows Explosions

All day, in every part of the town, there were explosions of incendiary bombs with time fuses attached, and these were followed immediately by bursts of fire. In one short street dozen houses simultaneously burst into flames.

The town hall, the bishop's palace and other buildings were blown to pieces. The cathedral still stands, but by its ruined chancel. Fire is leaping the base of the great belfry.

As the hours went by the universal

stomach Good As New. Four Doctors Gave Her Up

Mrs. Hendricks, Bedfast Five Months, Was Able to Work in Two Weeks.

I was sick last winter for five months, with stomach and bowel trouble. Could not turn myself in bed without help. I was under the care of four doctors, and they gave up. Then Mr. Mills, the druggist, persuaded my husband to try a little of Mills Emulsion. I had only taken it two days until I was sitting up in bed, and in two weeks I was doing my own work. When I began taking it, I weighed only 70 pounds; now I weigh 100 pounds."

Mrs. Mary Hendricks, 900 Litchfield Road, Owensboro, Ky.

Thousands of people who have suffered for years from stomach and bowel troubles, have found relief, as Mrs. Hendricks did, almost from the start of Mills Emulsion. And it's merely temporary relief, but it's lasting benefit.

Mills Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel motion, doing away with all sorts of pills and medicines. It restores appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength, Mills Emulsion is strongly recommended to run-down nervous people, and it has produced marvelous results in many cases of tuberculosis of the lungs. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day. This is the only solid emulsion, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. A truly wonderful medicine for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Mills Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions and if not satisfied with the results, your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and 20 per bottle. The Mills Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold and guaranteed by Fred Howard.—Adv.

character of the holocaust developed. The sun was obscured partly and it seemed like a fiery ball in the smoke and thick dust of falling walls.

The Canadian engineers sought to prevent the conflagration by dynamiting buildings, but the flames broke out at the backs of the soldiers.

There remains in the city Fr. Thiez, a priest of the Church of St. Brwon. Two days ago he was ordered by the Germans to leave the city. He refused because he had to attend to a dying woman. The Germans threatened to shoot him, but he persevered and now he is caring for civilians who had hidden for 10 days in the cellars.

Canadians on Foe's Heels

It tell to the lot of troops originally recruited as Canadian Mounted Rifles to be the first to enter Cambrai two companies of an Eastern township's battalion crossing the canal after patrols had established bridgeheads.

The Canadian engineers established a pontoon bridge over the canal at 6 a.m., aided by an effective barrage laid down by the British artillery on the enemy gun positions.

The Germans held the city with rear guards which the sudden onslaught of the Canadians rapidly brushed aside.

In pushing out east of Cambrai after the capture brilliant work was done in effecting the first crossing of the canal at the demolished railway bridge. Two men swam across the canal, bombed the enemy out of his bridgehead and then, linked arm in arm, the leading men of the company scrambled over the wreck of the bridge. In a short time a practicable crossing was connected up.

The enemy began his evacuation of the city at midnight. The Canadian occupation was completed at 9 o'clock.

Camels in Wake of Tanks

It was soon after the Germans broke and ran that fires began to break out in the whole district behind them, and the ground rocked with terrific explosions as ammunition which they had had no time to save was destroyed.

Everything combustible in the area around Caen, Achy, Le Cateau, St. Benin, St. Souplet, Vaux-Andigny and Bohain was fired, and since then towns and farms well to the eastward have started burning.

"LOST" YANKS SCORNED SURRENDER REQUEST

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 9 (By A.P.)—The brightest spot in the heroic and amazing story of the now famous "lost battalion," which belonged to the 77th Division, was the climax to the fourth day of the troops' beleaguerment in the Argonne Forest.

When the men were almost without ammunition, an American, who had been taken prisoner by the Germans, suddenly appeared.

He had been sent from German headquarters with a note to Maj. Whittlesey, reading:

"Americans, you are surrounded on all sides. Surrender. You will be well treated."

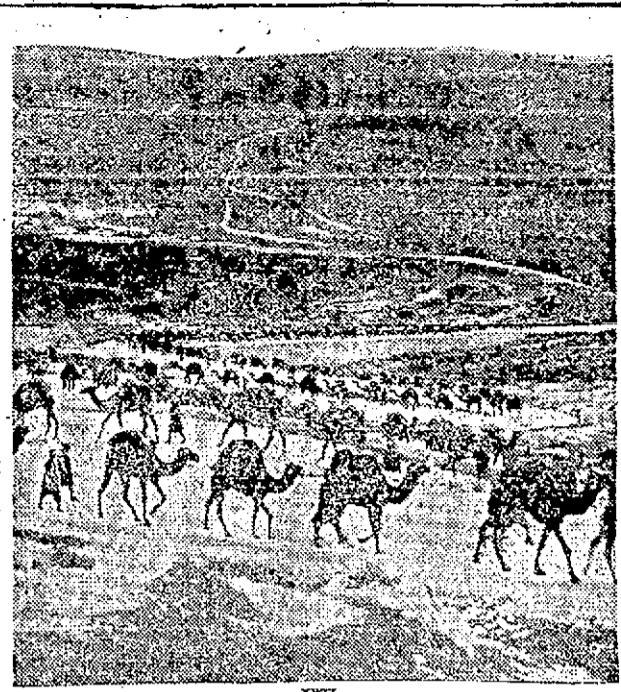
Maj. Whittlesey did not hesitate. "Go to Hell," he almost shouted. Then he read the note to the men around him, and his men cheered so loudly that the Germans heard them.

None of the battalion could know that relief would come within 24 hours, but every man, wounded or well, in the battalion enthusiastically approved Maj. Whittlesey's abrupt answer when the news of its capture came.

BOYS' MEETING POSTPONED

The employed boys' social at the Y.M.C.A., scheduled for this evening, has been postponed on account of the epidemic, and the Mother and Son banquet, planned for the 15th, has also been pushed forward a week. The gymnasium is much in use this fall, and the attendance is expected to be much larger after the disease has been stamped out in the city.

The boys, as usual, are expected to take a prominent part in the Red Triangle campaign which will be held here Nov. 10 to 18. "A million boys behind a million fighters" is the slogan for the boys in the coming drive, and that they will go over the top is a foregone conclusion.



This exclusive Palestine picture, rushed here by Special Correspondent Whitehair, shows a long line of British transportation camels winding up the road toward Jerusalem.

THE HOLY LAND TODAY

Army Camps Dot Approaches

—Camels and Motors Are Side by Side

Charles W. Whitehair, N.E.A. special correspondent to the British forces on Palestine and personal friend of Gen. Allenby, is writing for The Sun and associated journals the first real story of the "last crusade." This is the second article he has furnished; the first told about the Britishfeat in building a railroad from Egypt across Sinai desert in the wake of their advance, which enabled them to defeat the Turks. Whitehair has covered the war on three continents: Europe, Africa and Asia. He is the only American to return from the Holy Land to the United States since the fall of Jerusalem.

BY CHARLES W. WHITEHAIR (N.E.A. Special Correspondent to the British Front in Palestine)

From early childhood I had thought of Jerusalem as the Holy City. The City on a Green Hill, and everything that was beautiful and lovely. What a surprise lay in store for me that first morning when we motored up from Jaffa.

The journey is about 50 miles. Before the war the trip was made over a slow, uncomfortable Turkish railway. There were but three motor cars in all Palestine before the war.

However, this morning we left Jaffa by Ford and started up to Jerusalem. We crossed the fertile and productive plain of Sharon. This year it has yielded a fine crop of wheat and maize. We passed many herds of cattle and sheep grazing in the fields.

Villagers Save Part of their Herds

The villagers succeeded in saving part of their flocks by hiding them in the hills when the Turks retreated, and fortunately the Turkish retreat was made so rapidly that they were unable to score through the hills and round up the cattle and sheep. The British came forward so rapidly that it was all the Turks could do to get out of the way.

Coming into the Judean foothills, we looked over the plain, dotted all over with the little bell tents of the British camps.

We could see tied up long lines of camels, great herds of little donkeys, or, as one soldier referred to them, "Gen. Allenby's white mice."

The entire plain is one great seething military camp; the Jaffa-Jerusalem road today is a live metal road, which the British have entirely rebuilt since the capture of Jerusalem, although it is the same roadbed over which the approach to Jerusalem from the sea has been made as far back as the time of King Solomon, when the timber for the temple was brought from Lebanon by sea down to Jaffa, then by road up to Jerusalem.

The road winds in and around the beautiful hills of Judea, covered with olive trees—although the Turks cut down thousands of trees for firewood. Trees, rocks, hills and all have a chalky white appearance; dry weather traffic on the roads has raised a continuous cloud of dust, which blankets the whole countryside.

Camels, Donkeys, Horses—and Motors

Crawling slowly up and down the hills are long lines of motor lorries, which keep the air full of dust clouds. Up and down constantly are moving troops of cavalry going up to the lines or coming back for rest.

On the footpath along the side of the road are the slow moving camel trains, always traveling in single file, and at times in trains that are well over five miles in length.

Moving along are hundreds of little donkeys also in single file with great loads, that weigh as much as the donkey himself.

All along the road working like ants are men of the Egyptian labor corps, for the road must constantly be worked upon in order to keep it in condition. Hundreds break large rocks into small pieces; others with little baskets on their heads carry the stones to the roads, while others repair and level.

As you go up to Jerusalem from Jaffa you are unable to see the city from any distance. We were actually in the environs of Jerusalem before I realized we were anywhere near.

Jerusalem was not at all what I had expected.

It is, in fact, two cities.

One city lies within a great wall, another lies without.

The outside city is made up of every sort of conceivable building, from great massive foreign hotels, down to shacks made of wooden boxes and American tin cans.

The inner city is surrounded by a great wide wall, entered by narrow gates on foot.

TELEPHONE COMPANIES

Statement by Mr. Vail Outlining Basis of Compensation by Government

Theodore N. Vail, president of the American Telephone & Telegraph company, and head of the Bell system of telephone companies, the control and operation of which were taken over by the government as a war measure on August 1, authorizes the following statement as an epitome of the negotiations between the postmaster general and the telephone conference as to the basis of compensation. It is of special interest to New England because of the large holdings of telephone securities in this section of the country:

"After extended conferences between the representatives of the postmaster general and of the Bell system, covering—that there might be no misunderstanding—plainsaking and exhaustive discussion and a frank exchange of views, what constitutes a just compensation for the supervision, possession, control and operation of the Bell system taken under the proclamation of the president of the United States, has been agreed upon.

"The representatives of the Bell system throughout the negotiations found nothing but helpfulness. Asking no more than they thought ought to be paid by the government, they found an intent and desire to pay all that ought to be paid, and for the protection of the property, to do all that ought to be done and all that has been done in the past. In taking over the property, the postmaster general also desires to give continuity to the service, and, as far as consistent with government operation to the personnel which has brought the property to its present degree of efficiency."

"From the first exchange of views until the close, the Bell representatives were met by the postmaster general and his representatives in a spirit of absolute fairness and with an earnest desire to preserve the property for the proprietors, as well as to give them established returns on their securities."

"The principles adopted as a basis of compensation were—

"First: Any compensation fixed for the period of control was to be considered as compensation for an emergency period and not in any way considered as establishing a value for the property.

"Second: The operation of the property to be continued on a basis of efficiency relatively equal to that of the past.

"Third: The property is to be fully maintained so as to be turned back to the company as good as when received.

"Fourth: Appropriations from current revenue for maintenance, depreciation and obsolescence to be the same as the past, an average of 5.72 per cent on the fixed capital. Amortization of intangible capital to be relatively equal to the past. All unexpended balances from both to be invested in the plant of the system. Charges against the depreciation reserve to be in accordance with the rules of the interstate commerce commission.

"Fifth: Employees' pensions, disability benefits and death benefits now in operation to be continued.

"Sixth: All taxes, municipal, state or federal, to be paid (or reimbursed if paid by the companies) by the government.

"Seventh: The license and rental contracts between the American Telephone and Telegraph company and the licensed companies to be continued, and the American Telephone and Telegraph company is to give such advice and assistance as the postmaster general may require, is to maintain its scientific, technical and engineering departments, and its patent protection for the benefit of the property in the same manner as heretofore.

"The postmaster general to have the benefit during the period of control, in the operation of the wire system of all inventions, discoveries and ideas which may now or hereafter be controlled by the Bell system.

"These provisions are for the protection of the property, the service and the art, and provide for the continuation of the service and for the continual development of the art, as well as the protection of the developed situation, and are for the full protection of the public in its service and of the proprietors in the property and development.

"For the security holders is provided—(a) Payment of the interest and existing amortization charges on all outstanding securities or obligations of the Bell system in the hands of the public, including the six per cent convertible bonds issued Aug. 1, 1918; (b) payment of dividends at the existing rate upon the share capital of the Bell system outstanding in the hands of the public; (c) payment of any charges, interest, dividends or other costs on new securities or share capital issued in discharge, conversion, renewal or extension of present obligations.

"For extensions to property, as provided above, unexpended depreciation shall be invested in property of the system.

"American Telephone and Telegraph company surplus shall be invested in its property.

"Surplus profits from operation may be invested by the postmaster general.

"If securities or capital can be issued at fair terms, the Bell system will issue its securities, if desired, but the nominal value of the securities shall not exceed 20 per cent of the amount expended in the property.

"Extensions to the property, made with the approval of the Bell system by money furnished by the postmaster general, shall be paid for in installments of five per cent per annum after the period of control ceases. Extensions by the postmaster general, to meet abnormal conditions, and made without the approval of the system, shall be appraised by the interstate commerce commission at the end of the period of control, and their value to the system, as appraised, shall be paid for in installments of five per cent per annum.

"The whole basis of the negotiations on both sides was to ask no more than was right to grant all that was right, and to protect a great property and a great service to the public in every possible way.

"In closing: The public should bear in mind that we are in the midst of very abnormal times. Scarcity of labor, high costs of living, and great increases in demands on the services which are congested and not well dis-

Feeble Old People

Vinol is What You Need

because it contains the very elements needed to replace weakness with strength, viz: Beef and Cod Liver Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptones, and Glycerophosphates, with a mild tonic wine. This is a splendid combination to restore strength, vitality and vigor. It has given ninety percent satisfaction for sixteen years. HERE IS PROOF:

Malone, N.Y.

"I am 81 years of age and got into a feeble, weak and nervous condition so I could not sleep. Vinol has not only built up my strength but it has given me good appetite and I sleep all right now. Without doubt Vinol is the greatest strengthener for old people obtainable."—Mrs. S. B. Wells.

For all run-down, nervous, anaemic conditions, weak women, overworked men, feeble old people and delicate children, there is no remedy like Vinol.

Winchester, Va.

"I am a farmer's wife, 75 years of age, and pneumonia left me in a weak, run-down condition, so I could hardly keep about and do my work. A neighbor brought me Vinol and it has built up my strength so fast that I think it is the best medicine I have ever taken."—Mrs. Jennie Chapman.

For all run-down, nervous, anaemic conditions, weak women, overworked men, feeble old people and delicate children, there is no remedy like Vinol.

AN OPEN LETTER TO SANTA CLAUS

Dear Santa Claus: This is to let you know that our Christmas hour has struck. Earlier this year than ever before, but this is an extraordinary year, one of the like of which has never come before, and may never again return. It is a year of war, Santa Claus, and it is a most important year. It is a year in which we have put aside many things which we had considered necessary to our happiness and comfort. It is a year in which we lay the foundation for the greatest victory we have achieved, in which we win the freedom of the world.

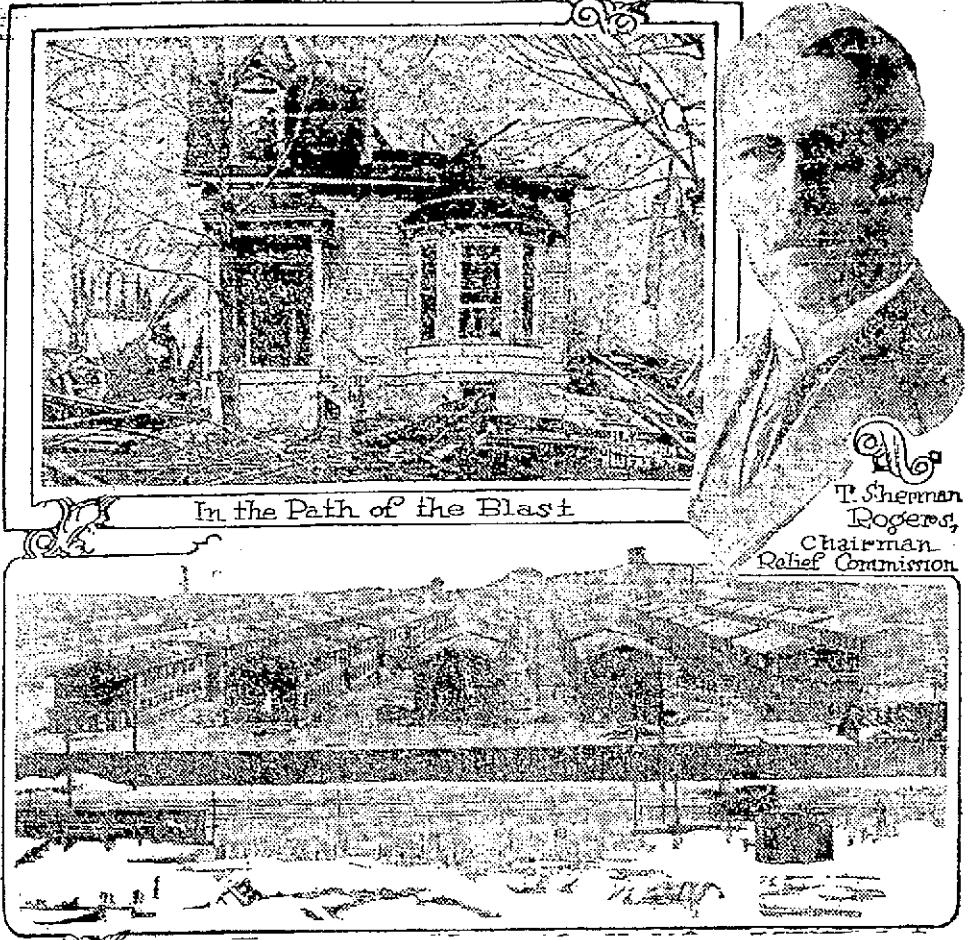
And, dear Santa, please put first on your list and make sure that they—not a one! are forgotten—those boys of ours who have gone overseas to win No Man's Land from the Hun.

And, then, be sure to write down the name of every boy who left his home for duty in training.

And, then, put down the names of all the kiddies in all the world—and don't forget the Belgian babies and the French babies!

And then, if there still are gifts left, and you still have time without clogging up our war machinery, please remember each of us grown-ups.

HALIFAX'S DEVASTATED AREA, RE-PLANNED AND RE-BUILT, WILL BE FAR MORE BEAUTIFUL THAN EVER



TEMPORARY HOMES FOR HALIFAX VICTIMS

About one-fifth of Halifax was made a mass of wreckage and shattered humanity in a few seconds; now, nine months after the exploding munition cargo of the French ship "Mont Blanc" killed 2000 people, wounded between 5000 and 6000 more and caused the destruction of nearly \$40,000,000 worth of property, public-spirited men are still working many hours per day re-planning and re-building the devastated area and caring for the victims of the disaster.

The Canadian government alone has appropriated \$12,000,000 for temporary and permanent relief. The British imperial government has given \$5,000,000 and private contributions totalled about \$3,500,000.

The work is under the direction of the Halifax Relief Commission, consisting of T. Sherman Rogers, K.C., chairman, William Bernard Wallace and Frederick Luther Fowke, with Ralph P. Bell, secretary.

These men have been given full power and discretion to rebuild homes, care for dependents, and "expand, disburse, distribute and appropriate all moneys vested in, or paid, given or donated to the commission." A town planning scheme may also be carried out, subject to the approval of the commissioner of public works and mines.

They are still talking in Halifax of the splendid work done by George

E. Graham, general manager of the Dominion Atlantic. His private car was wrecked by the explosion, but he got on the job immediately and organized the first emergency relief work for the sufferers.

Between 12,000 and 15,000 claims for household and personal effects have been paid; permanent pensions and disability allowances for 300 people have been settled; and 400 homes are under way and will be completed for the coming winter. Experts are in charge of the replanning and rebuilding of the devastated area. Artistic houses to the number of 1000 have been planned, and more beautiful than ever the stricken city is rapidly rising from its ruins.



Boche—"Oh, dem Americans dey ist everywhere."

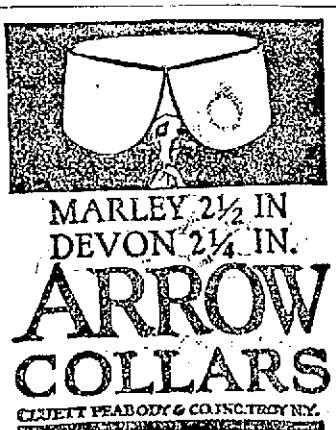
PRIV. MILOT MEMBER OF COMPANY L

Private Emile A. Milot, the Graniteville soldier who was reported severely wounded in last evening's Sun, is a member of Co. L. 306th Infantry, and has been overseas since last

March. He had previously received preliminary training at Camp Upton, N. Y. According to information received by his relatives, he was severely wounded Sept. 16. Private Milot had been on the firing line twice. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Milot of Graniteville.

GROCERY AND BUTCHER STORES
WILL CLOSE AT NOON HOUR
TOMORROW

At a regular meeting of the members of the Grocers' and Butchers' association, which was held Wednesday evening in Elks' hall it was voted to close the groceries and butcher shops at noon tomorrow and the following committee was appointed to confer with the food administrator on the sugar question: David Gerow, D. H. Sullivan, J. J. Allard, Avila Desrosiers; John P. Curley, George C. Fairburn and D. J. Cosgrove.



Handel Lamps

We have just received a special lot of beautiful Lamps of the latest designs with hand painted domes that would make splendid Christmas presents or wedding gifts. This line of Handel Lamps has many special designs and should be seen to be appreciated. We know that they cannot be duplicated anywhere. Call and make your selection before it is too late. Our holiday selection of this season's novelties has arrived and is here for your inspection.

MILLARD F. WOOD
JEWELER

MERRIMACK ST., OPP. JOHN ST.

The local evening newspaper is the paper that reaches the home when the whole family is there to read it. The Sun is the paper held in Lowell.



Peradventure you have an orchard in which pear trees abound, of whose yield you're proud. If you can beat this exhibition you're reason. The branch displayed bears 23 Keifer pears and is from an eight-year-old tree weighted with the fruit, on the farm of George A. Richardson, Amelia, O.

NEW ENGLAND NAMES ON THE CASUALTY LIST

Today's casualty list for New England does not contain any names of Lowell soldiers. The list follows:

Killed in Action
Fr. Louis Gerstein, 103 Bedford st., Boston.
Fr. John L. Mancarella, 17 Wood st., So. Norwalk Conn.

Fr. Carlton T. Harlow, Cottol, Mass.
Fr. John F. Sheehan, Bridgewater, Conn.

Died of Wounds
Corp. Nicholas Spallae, 33 Pearl st., Stoughton, Mass.
Fr. Frank E. Williams, 28 Traverse st., Athol, Mass.

Died of Disease
Corp. Ernest W. Foster, Oak Ridge road, W. Roxbury, Mass.
Pr. Domenico Abbiente, 360 Summer st., E. Boston, Mass.
Pr. Harry R. Perkins, R.F.D., 2 Limerick, Me.

Died of Accident and Other Causes
Fr. Wm. H. Davis, 12 Madison ave., Central Falls, R. I.

Severely Wounded
Lt. John Gallishaw, 23 Chauncy st., Cambridge, Mass.
Lt. Geo. R. Stevens, Jr., 23 East ave., New Canaan, Conn.

Ser. Jos. E. Boudrot, Engine 47, Boston Fire Dept., Boston, Mass.
Fr. Louis Skretos, 27 Spruce st., Manchester, N. H.

Fr. Dennis J. Lyons, 169 Washington st., Worcester, Mass.

Fr. Walter J. Quimby, Franklin, N. H.
Fr. Chas. Chapman, 16 Hicks st., New Bedford, Mass.

Fr. Samuel Cigmore, 336 Greenville ave., Providence, R. I.

Pr. Alphonso Frazee, 170 Charles st., Waterbury, Conn.

Pr. Chas. Gano, 144 East Water st., Greenwich, Conn.

Pr. Fred Mass, R.F.D. 1, Willimantic, Conn.

Fr. John O'Neil, 55 Bennington st., Lawrence, Mass.

Missing in Action

Capt. James E. Welch, Jr., 22 Chambers st., Boston, Mass.

Fr. Wm. H. O'Brien, 19 City Point court, So. Boston, Mass.

Pr. Walter H. Tillotson, 38 Prospect st., Hopedale, Mass.

Prisoners

Corp. Geo. D. Furlong, East Rutland, Mass.

Released for This Afternoon

Killed in Action

Lt. Alan Wilkins Douglass, 479 Sherman st., Canton, Mass.

Lt. Parker E. Jones, 495 Pond st., So. Weymouth, Mass.

Pr. Dennis Barley, 201 Spectacle st., Fitchburg, Mass.

Pr. George E. Millbury, Mass.

Pr. Peter Gallan, Box 58, Norwich ave., Taftville, Conn.

Pr. Thos. J. Horan, 7 Rye st., Waterbury, Conn.

Pr. Jos. Gielarowski, 34 Everett st., Easton, Mass.

Pr. John F. Morrissey, 1676 Fairfield ave., Bridgeport, Conn.

Pr. Alme Tarlov, 16 Grove st., So. Norwalk, Conn.

Died From Wounds Received in Action

Fr. Wm. Pollard, 533 S. Water st., New Bedford, Mass.

Pr. Raymond H. Batchelder, 47 Hancock st., Auburndale, Mass.

Died of Disease

Ser. Peter J. McHugh, 48 Market st., Brighton, Mass.

Died From Accident and Other Causes

Pr. Oliver J. Gerow, Burlington, Vt.

Wounded Severely

Lt. Leonard W. A. Hearn, 13 Brice st., Ashmont, Mass.

Lt. Edwin C. Call, 26 Spring st., Dexter, Me.

Ser. Lawrence C. Bunton, 1426 Commercial st., Boston, Mass.

Cor. Frank J. Babols, 335 High st., Central Falls, R. I.

Mech. Wm. J. Burke, 55 Cedar st., W. Somerville, Mass.

Pr. Stanislaw Bagaj, 53 Mirett st., Pr. Arthur DeMarteau, 125 Cone st., New Bedford, Mass.

Pr. Leo A. DeMarteau, 70 Ryers st., Springfield, Mass.

Pr. Chas. H. Dustin, Marlboro, N. H.

Pr. Chas. H. Eulie, North Oxford, Mass.

Pr. Morris S. Levine, 1706 N. Main st., Fall River, Mass.

Pr. Thos. W. McAliffe, Monson, Mass.

Pr. James C. Murray, 7 Newton court, W. Somerville, Mass.

Pr. Arthur Pasicot, 30 Mill st., Putnam, Conn.

Pr. Simon Sandler, 353 Broadway, Lawrence, Mass.

Pr. Henry Dombroski, 103 Lacut st., Waterbury, Conn.

Missing in Action

Lt. Henry Bradley Frost, 58 Old Mystic st., Arlington, Mass.

Pr. Mitchell Levesque, 181 Division st., Fall River, Mass.

Released for This Afternoon

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Pr. George E. Millbury, Mass.

Pr. Peter Gallan, Box 58, Norwich

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

For the Week Ending Oct. 11

LOWELL

Hester Elizabeth by Gen. to Demetrios Zintzovas et al, land and buildings, Marsh st.

Bertha R. Shapiro et al, to John H. Libby, land and buildings, Wilder st.

Henry J. O'Dowd to George Staleas et al, land, Rock st.

John J. Jewett and exor. and tr. et al, to Bay State Cotton Corp., land, Middlesex st.

Bernard J. O'Hagan et al, by mesg. to George F. Waugh, land and buildings, cor. Waugh and Market st.

Charles J. O'Hagan to Bay S. Waugh, land, Arcadia ave. and Princeton st.

Arthur Genest to Adolphine Dene, land and buildings, Farbridge st.

William J. Brook to Michael Mitropoulos et al, land and buildings, cor. Market and Webster st.

Peter Charlton to Nicolas Cazanas, land, Moody st.

David W. Bewar to United States Housing Corp., land, Perry, Concord, Alton, Pleasant, Rogers and High st.

George W. Whisman to George J. Hutchins, land, cor. Princeton and Dartmouth st.

Wilfrid Jean to Agnes LaRoue, land, Peter ave. and Coburn st.

Bertrand J. Lederer to Frank S. Orell et al, land and buildings, Westford st.

Ella S. Albin to Samuel Cohen et ux, land and buildings, Liberty st.

BILLERICA

Aaron Adelman to Albert R. Watts, land, Crown st.

Anna A. Parker to Elizabeth McGinn, land, Grove st.

Mark Cuthbert Harrington est. by exor. et al to Ellen Welch, land, Concord River park, Pollard land, Con-

Mary Catherine Harrington est. by exor. et al to Ellen Welsh, land, Con-

Mark Cuthbert Harrington est. by exor. et al to Ellen Welsh, land, Con-

cord River park, cor. River view ave.

Eugene B. Hamilton to William B. Hough, land, Flanders, Manor, John E. Dunn et al to Maria Boule, land, Central park.

PROSPECT

Paul Morin to John Laflamme, land, Merrimack park.

Walter E. Guyette

Real Estate Broker and Auctioneer

Office 33 Central St., Room 77-28

A complete list of city properties of exceptional quality at bargain prices.

MONEY LOANED ON REAL ESTATE

Parties can borrow on either first or second mortgages. Old mort-

gages, notes discounted. Hairs or others can have money advanced on individual catches anywhere.

LOWELL WALL PAPER CO.

Geo. W. Chase, Proprietor

A DECORATIVE SHOP with the

finest line of American and Im-

ported WALL COVERINGS.

97 Appleton St., Lowell, Mass.

REAL ESTATE DEALERS

SALES BY PAUL A. BOGOSIAN

Paul A. Bogosian, real estate broker, office 218 Bradley building, 147 Central street, reports the following sales ne-

gociated during the past week.

Final papers have been passed in the

sale of an excellent farm property sit-

uated in Tyngsboro, Mass. It is di-

rectly on the Tyngsboro-Nashua road

and also has an extensive frontage on

the Merrimack river. The farm con-

tains 55 acres, of which 50 are in

smooth, tillage land, free from stones,

and 30 acres of wood land containing

an estimate of 2000 cord of wood.

The house is an attractive, old-fashioned

type with 8 rooms. There is also a nice

camp on the waterfront. The grante in

the transaction is Mrs. Bertha M.

Hagard of Tyngsboro, Mass., and the

grantee, Mr. Toupin Dakessian of

Troy, N. Y. Mr. Dakessian is now in

occupancy and is making extensive

improvement on the land and buildings.

Parties are also bonded for the trans-

fer of a large farm containing 100

acres, in Chelmsford, Mass. Detailed

report of this sale will be made upon

receiving of final papers.

The state of Connecticut is out of

debt and has a surplus of cash suffi-

cient to take care of outstanding

bonds. When Gov. Marcus Holcomb

took charge at Hartford in 1914, the

state's indebtedness was nearly \$12,-

000,000.

JOHN A. SIMPSON

CONTRACTOR

AND BUILDING MOVER

Office 421 Hildreth Bldg.

Res. Tel. 4385, 67 Methuen St.

J. F. McMahon & Co.

Plumbing and Heating

Gas and Water Fitting

We specialize with Richardson

botters. Estimates given on large

or small jobs.

51 UNION STREET, LOWELL

Office Tel. 1376-W. Res. Tel. 1376-R

Thomas H. Elliott

Established 1885

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE

64 Central St., Cor. Prescott

J. J. Spillane & Co.

Plumbing and Heating Contractors

Estimates furnished

26 ANDOVER STREET

2429—Telephone 1034

E. F. Gilligan & Co.

PAINTING CONTRACTORS

PAPERHANGING and INTERIOR

No Job Too Small—New Job Large

139 Bowes Street. Tel. 3523-R

D. H. WALKER

GENERAL CONTRACTOR

Office 620 Dalton Street. Tel. 204

Res. 144 Banks St. Tel. 2091

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

AND BUILDING NEWS

The following building permits were

issued at the office of the building in-

spector at city hall during the week.

To William A. Ayer for the erection

of an ell in the building numbered 27

Vernon avenue at a cost of \$150; to

Israel Greenberg for the erection of a

double house with six rooms to each

room at 33-35 Weber street, at a

cost of \$4000; to Israel Greenberg for

the erection of a double house, six

rooms to each tenement at 21-26 Web-

ber street at a cost of \$1000; to C. P.

Witham for the construction of a six-

room house at 15 Fairgrieve avenue

at a cost of \$2800; to C. P. Witham

for the erection of a 6-room house at 11

Fairgrieve avenue at a cost of \$2800;

to C. P. Witham for the erection of a

six-room house at 25 Fairgrieve ave-

nue at a cost of \$2500; to C. P. Witham

for the erection of a semi-bungalow

of six rooms at 309 Princeton

street at a cost of \$2800; to Joseph Pa-

quin for the construction of an eight-

room house at 29 Fourth avenue at a

cost of \$1800; to M. Cohen for the

construction of a piazza at 127 How-

ard street at a cost of \$150; to Lafay-

est M. Field for the building of a hen-

coop at 75 Warwick street at a cost of

\$10; to Blanchard E. Pratt for the

erection of a brick residence at 19

Fairmount street at a cost of \$3500; to

David Fuller for the building of an ad-

dition for a store at 1-2-4-6 Hall street

at a cost of \$300.

THREE PIGS, 4½ months old, for

sale. Apply 39 Mammoth road.

PIANO, high grade upright, for sale,

at Hounslow's, 704 Bridge St., Tel.

FOOD TOURING CAR, 1918. Ford

Roadster, 1918. Dodge Bros. Touring

Cars, 1917 series, for sale. Inquire at

216 Westford st. Tel. 1122-W.

FOOD TOURING CAR, 1918, for sale.

First class condition; call evenings 437

Chelmsford st., upstairs.

STUDERAKER DELIVERY CAR,

panel body, self-starter, electric lights,

for sale. Good running condition. Ap-

ply 133 School st.

W. A. LEW

Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing

Prices reasonable. Call today.

We can please you.

48 JOHN STREET

POTATOES!

WANTED

FAIRMEN wanted: large and small

customers waiting. Write or call.

Paul A. Bogosian, 218 Bradley Blvd.,

147 Central St., Tel. 1324.

RESPECTABLE HOME wanted for

child aged three years to board. Write

to this office.

S-ROOM HOUSE wanted either in the

Highlands or Belvidere. Tel. 3438-E.

3-ROOM COTTAGE, furnished, want-

ed in Merrimack for winter or two

or three months. Merrimack square

in the bottom door or back door, not

large enough to get a piano in easy

to light housekeeping. Write stating

price. Will consider any other location.

Albert Haynes, 20 Smith st., Ayer,

Mass.

FOR SALE

TWO HORSES used in the laundry

business for the past five years for

sale. Tel. 675, Lowell Laundry.

ICE CREAM PARLOR FIXTURES

for sale; soda fountain, electric ice

cream machine, tubs, freezer, large

refrigerator, cash register, etc.

Whereas, Eliza A. Yates, administratrix

of the estate of said deceased, has

presented to said Court her petition for

probate, to be held at Lowell, in

County of Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

COMMUNALTY OF MASSACHUSETTS

Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

GIRL FREIGHT CLERKS

B. & M. Employs Them—
None Employed by the
New Haven

"I have not employed a man in any of the freight offices where I have been since the beginning of the war." This statement was made this morning by Frank W. Brown, general agent of the Boston & Maine R. R., to a representative of The Sun. "In Gardner and in the freight office of the Fireburn division I put in the first girl clerks ever employed at those places. When I came to this city a year ago there was not a young woman employed here. I started in by engaging a woman stenographer. Since then women have taken the places of men until there are now ten girl clerks actually doing the work formerly done by men. I believe this is the right thing to do so as to relieve men who are subject to the country's call."

When asked as to whether women were capable of handling some of the outside work, such as track work, Mr. Brown replied, "It does not seem as though it will be necessary for us to employ women in the yard. I remember an incident a short time ago out in Pennsylvania when a group of women were seen working on the tracks. They were foreigners, however, and had no doubt been used to heavy farm work in their native country."

The clerks now employed at the local Boston & Maine station are confronted with intricate forms in their bookkeeping as there are six different classes of freight with rates to correspond to be figured. The girls learning billing have proven their adaptability along this important branch of the work, and the chief billing clerk, a man of many years' experience, expresses himself well pleased with the manner in which the experiment is progressing. The tracing of shipments

SERVE IT
EVERY DAY

The daily use of Benefit Brand "Sweet Nut" Margarine on the table in place of dairy butter is a matter of thrift as well as a pleasure to all who eat it. The healthful and appetizing nutritive qualities are known. Fresh pasteurized milk and the sweet inner meat of tropical coconuts churned by a special process. You know the price of butter. "Sweet Nut" Margarine, butter price, is only 3¢ a pound. On the front page of the Co's yellow front store, 31 Merrimack St., Lowell, where Benefit Brand Teas, Coffees and Grocery Specialties are retailed at wholesale prices.

Sweet Nut
MARGARINEAN
ELECTRIC
TOASTER
—A Breakfast Ne-
cessity

What is so good as crisp warm toast done to a golden brown before your eyes on an Electric Toaster?

Attached easily to any lamp socket. Its brightly polished surface makes it an attractive addition to your dining room equipment. Costs little to operate.

Come in and Select One

UNITED STATES WAR
SAVINGS CERTIFICATES
AND THRIFT STAMPS
On Sale at the Cashier's Window

The LOWELL ELECTRIC
LIGHT CORP.
29-31 Market St. Tel. 821.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE

If you have any Fresh Killed Chickens, Fowl or Milk-Fed Fatted Veal for sale bring them to the John St. Public Market and we will pay you full market price in cash for same. Goods must be A No. 1.

JOHN STREET PUBLIC MARKET

J. P. CURLEY, Prop.

PICTURE FRAMING

Big Selection of Mouldings. Right Prices.

Sarre Bros.

520 MERRIMACK ST.

RECORD AIR RAID SET NEW RECORD

Word of American Raid.
Biggest in History, Sends
Thrill Through War Dept.Foreshadows Attacks on
Berlin, Official Views—
Tons of Bombs Dropped

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Word of the first great American air raid against the German camps north of Verdun sent a thrill through war department officials yesterday, although no official report had been received to supply details of the exploit.

According to press despatches, an American expedition, consisting of more than 350 machines, yesterday dropped 32 tons of explosives on German cantonments between Waville and Damvillers, about 22 miles north of Verdun.

In the expedition were more than 200 bombing airplanes, 100 pursuit machines and 50 triplanes.

The bombing machines were given protection during the aerial bat, which took place during the operation. Twelve enemy machines were destroyed. Only one entente plane failed to return.

In addition, American airplanes destroyed or brought down five German machines and one balloon, according to reports from France. They also took a great number of photographs and dropped newspapers to the American troops.

Greatest Air Attack of War

The American exploit is the greatest air offensive yet undertaken on the western front, in point of the air forces employed. No record could be discovered last night showing either allied or German bombing raids on anything like a similar scale.

No official comment could be obtained pending the receipt of formal advices. There is every reason to suppose, however, that a considerable portion of the bombing planes used were British bombers built in the United States and equipped with Liberty motors. Shipments of these machines to France have now reached considerable proportions, and recent performance reports from France have been encouraging.

The language of the account of the raid permitted to pass by the American military censor is taken to indicate that the operation was a joint enterprise, with French and possibly British airplanes aiding in the protection of the Americans. The reference to 50 triplanes as included in this great air fleet found no explanation here.

If they were operated by American pilots they are French built machines, as no details of the equipment obtained abroad by Gen. Pershing have been released for publication.

America Makes Good in Air

The fact that only 32 tons of bombs were dropped by such a force struck some air service officers as surprising. The ordinary bomb capacity of a fleet of the kind described for such a short trip probably would be 10 times that weight of explosives, it was said.

The most significant feature of the first great American raid, outside of its possible place in the great strategic game that is being played on the western front, is the fact that it indicates that the United States now has taken its full place beside the allies in the air as well as on land and sea.

The bombing squadrons which made up this fleet probably represent the first definite American unit of major importance in the independent air forces which are being built up by the entente powers. The British and French governments now officially describe their bombing operations as the work of this independent air force.

What is meant is that the navy of the air is to be expanded until no part of Germany shall be safe from the rain of bombs.

Hope to Bomb Berlin

It is a thing apart from the fighting, observation and bombing squadrons attached to the various army corps which work in close co-operation with the troops on attack or defense.

The work of the independent force is bombing munition works, factories, cities and other important centers far behind the German lines. It has been specifically promised that eventually Berlin itself will know what an air raid means and the whole great project is a direct answer to the German air attacks upon helpless and unfortunate British and French cities and Belgian towns.

Another striking point about the size of the American raiding fleet is the fact that it is only the first American blow from the air in this campaign. The very size of that force is a warrant for the overwhelming character of the American air fleets that will come in time.

BOVININE
for Strength

A FOOD tonic containing the nutriment of beef blood, with the valuable properties of beef serum, unaltered by heat.

Favored by physicians for over 30 years for invalids and those exhausted by overwork.

Ask for BOVININE at your druggists or dealers.

12 oz. bottle - \$1.15
6 oz. bottle - .70

THE
BOVININE CO.
75 W. Houston Street
New York

24

RECORD AIR RAID SET NEW RECORD

Rapidity and Quantity of War Materials Shipped Across Surpasses Any Guess

Statistics Bared to Impress Need of Money to Keep Up Drive

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Military supplies and materials exceeding every guess and hazarded estimate are being sent to Gen. Pershing's armies. This was revealed by figures and statistics given out here by Acting Secretary of War Crowell.

The statements indicate the rapidly growing rate at which war supplies are being turned out in the United States. They also show the extent to which the war industries board and other agencies of the government have been successful in bringing about a conversion of the industrial resources of the country to war production.

At the head of the list is the amount of steel which is being used for turning out materials that do not include either artillery or projectiles.

The main reason for giving out the figures is to add to the force behind the Liberty loan campaign and emphasize the necessity for larger purchases of bonds.

"The enemy is being driven back," said Secretary Crowell, "and this is the best time to increase our pressure. It would be the worst time to pause. This applies to civilians as well as to military forces. I say this particularly in reference to Liberty bond buying. I call upon the civil population of the United States to accept the present war responsibility in the same spirit that our gallant forces are meeting their stern duty overseas—driving harder every day for definite victory."

Material Shipped Across

The tonnage of steel materials which had been shipped to Gen. Pershing up to Aug. 31, said Secretary Crowell, include these products:

Tons
Rails and accessories—standard gauge track 213,000
Rails and accessories—narrow gauge track 64,000
Structural steel 45,000
Corrugated iron 7,000
Barbed wire 16,000

The purchases of lumber, including ties, piles and stringers, amount to 55,000 tons, with additional quantities bought in European countries. Building materials include 2,000 tons of wall board, 5,000 tons of expanded metal and 10,000 tons of nails.

Details of the quantities of camouflage materials that have been sent over were given. In the list is 2,000,000 square yards of wire netting, 1,200 tons of paint, 3,000,000 square yards of burlap and 1,300,000 square yards of fish netting. Steel warehouse sheds sufficient to cover 2,000,000 square feet of space have been sent over.

Large quantities of these materials have also been purchased in England, France and Switzerland. An estimated tonnage of some of these supplies are 3010 tons of machinery, 374,982 tons of various equipment, 469 tons of office supplies, 483 tons of automobiles and truck supplies, 114,528 tons of track and ties, 5117 tons of locomotives and cars, 5548 tons of water service machinery and 31,921 tons of water service supplies.

Purchases Made Abroad

Considerable quantities of electric service equipment have been bought abroad, including 1,273 tons of machinery and 2,110 tons of supplies. Twelves of motorcycles and bicycles have been purchased, 242 tons of depot stock, 650 tons of barges, 12,382 tons of construction material and 48,229 tons of miscellaneous.

The production of these materials in the United States, it was pointed out, was growing larger at an increasing high rate. Many of the munitions plants and factories which were projected soon after the declaration of war are being completed. Among these factories is the big shell production plant at Neville Island, near Pittsburgh.

Secretary Crowell pointed out that hundreds of thousands of tons of materials and supplies are lying on wharves in this country awaiting shipment to the other side. There is a shortage of ships for the movement of certain materials, among them motor trucks, locomotives and transportation equipment. More than 5,000 trucks were transported to France last month, however.

"We are getting more ships," said Secretary Crowell. "We have had a very large increase in the last 30 days." Another striking point about the size of the American raiding fleet is the fact that it is only the first American blow from the air in this campaign. The very size of that force is a warrant for the overwhelming character of the American air fleets that will come in time.

BOVININE
for Strength

A FOOD tonic containing the nutriment of beef blood, with the valuable properties of beef serum, unaltered by heat.

Favored by physicians for over 30 years for invalids and those exhausted by overwork.

Ask for BOVININE at your druggists or dealers.

12 oz. bottle - \$1.15
6 oz. bottle - .70

THE
BOVININE CO.
75 W. Houston Street
New York

24

LEADS CLOUCHES
UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

GEN. JANIN

LEADS CLOUCHES

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell advertising in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

1100 Lives Lost
Continued

ster was torpedoed and sunk in the Irish sea this morning. Three hundred survivors have been landed at Kingstown.

Two torpedoes were fired at the steamer. One struck near the bow.

The steamer sank within 15 minutes. The passengers, including many women and some children, numbered 600, and the boat carried a crew of 70. An incoming mail steamer reports that she passed through the wreckage but was not permitted to stop to do any rescue work in accordance with the orders of the British admiralty. Her passengers counted 40 bodies floating in the water.

Of the 21 mail clerks on board the Leinster, 20 were killed outright by the explosion and the 21st was blown through the side of the ship, being picked up at sea later.

New U-Boat Campaign

LONDON, Oct. 11.—The sinking of the Japanese steamer Hirano Maru and the Dublin mail boat Leinster is an incident of a new submarine campaign which the Germans launched about ten days ago, according to the Mail. It adds that at that time renewed submarine activity became evident in various directions, notably along the routes followed by steamers carrying American troops.

The Hirano Maru was formerly the German steamer Camilla Rickmers. The ship was interned at Manila at the beginning of the war.

JAPANESE SHIP SUNK

The Hirano Maru Torpedoed

South of Ireland—Feared

300 Lives Lost

A BRITISH PORT, Monday, Oct. 7.—(By The Associated Press)—The Japanese steamship Hirano Maru of 7,035 tons gross has been torpedoed and sunk. It is feared 300 lives were lost.

The Hirano Maru was outward bound for Japan and carried about 200 passengers. The vessel was torpedoed early on Friday morning when about 300 miles south of Ireland.

The few survivors who were picked up by the American torpedo boat destroyer Sterrett have been brought here. They declare that the torpedo struck the steamer in the forward engine room.

Nothing remained for those on board, including the women and children, but to plunge into the ocean. A large number, however, went down with the ship.

The vessel disappeared completely within seven minutes after being struck by the torpedo.

The scene was indescribable. The weather was bad and rather hazy.

The cries of the drowning were heartrending. Everybody had been supplied with lifebelts, but only the strongest were able to stand the buffeting waves and exposure.

The commander of the American destroyer Sterrett heard the explosion and directed his vessel for the scene.

The ship had disappeared, but many persons were struggling in the water. The Sterrett was picking up the men and women struggling in the water, the German submarine fired two torpedoes at the warship. Both missed.

After making a thorough search for survivors, the Sterrett headed for the submarine, firing several shots and dropping depth charges.

The Hirano Maru was built at Nagasaki in 1913 and was owned by the Nippon Yusen Kabushiki Kaisha of Tokyo. The vessel was 405 feet long, 56 feet beam and had a depth of 31 feet.

Deepwater Safe

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Oct. 10.—Reports in marine circles that the American steamship Deepwater had been sunk by a submarine, and generally credited for the reason that the ship was overdue, were set at rest by the arrival of the vessel here yesterday.

No reason for the ship being overdue was made known owing to naval censorship regulations. The Deepwater is in government service.

The local evening newspaper is the paper that reaches the home where the whole family is there to read it. The Sun fills this field in Lowell.

—Adv.

How often have you heard that sad cry from the victims of disease. Perhaps the disorder has gone too far for relief, but often it is just in its first stages and pains and aches are only nature's first cries for help. Do not despair. Find out the cause and give nature all the help you can and she will repay you with health. Look after the kidneys. The kidneys are the most overworked organs of the human body and when they fail in their work of filtering and throwing off the poisons that constantly accumulate in the system, everything goes wrong. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder trouble and from all other ailments. They will free your body from pain in short order. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Look for the name on every box. In three sizes, sealed packages. Money refunded if they do not help you.—Adv.

—Adv.

—Adv.

—Adv.

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—Adv.

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Fair, not much change in temperature, tonight and Saturday; light variable winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. FRIDAY OCTOBER 11 1918

14 PAGES 1 CENT

HUNS FLEE CHEMINS-DES-DAMES BIG RETREAT CHANGING TO ROUT

TO ANSWER NOTE HUNS STILL RUN

Kaiser Calls Sovereigns of All German Federal States to Berlin for Consultation

Such a Conference Is Unique in the History of Germany
—Take Up Note

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 11.—Emperor William has summoned the sovereigns of all the German federal states to Berlin for a consultation before answering President Wilson's note, according to a Cologne despatch. Such a conference is unique in the history of Germany.

WILSON'S NOTE APPROVED BY COMMITTEE OF FRENCH CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES

PARIS, Thursday, Oct. 10.—(Havas) President Wilson's reply to the German peace note was approved today by a vote of the committee on foreign affairs of the chamber of deputies. The resolution also expressed reliance in the government not to accept on behalf of France any armistice which would not provide for armistice and

Continued to Page Eight

NO SUN TOMORROW

Tomorrow being a holiday—Columbus Day—The Sun will suspend publication of all editions.

MEMBERS OF BUNTING CLUB

Irregardless of what other licensed or social clubs may do, we feel it OUR PATRIOTIC DUTY to keep the Bunting Club closed during the prevailing epidemic and assist the public health authorities by complying with their request.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

TEAMSTERS

LOCAL 72

There will be a special meeting Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. U. S. Cartridge Co. chauffeurs and helpers are requested to be present. All members are requested to attend.

407 MIDDLESEX STREET

FRANK HORNE, Pres.

P. BRADLEY, Sec.

WE ARE READY for Your Subscription to Fourth Liberty Loan
City Institution for Savings
174 CENTRAL STREET

Saturday being a Legal Holiday this Bank will be open Monday, October 14th, from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m.

Professor Thurston
WORLD'S GREATEST MEDIUM

Private sittings, Harrisonia Hotel. Guaranteed satisfactory; from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

SHOE SALESMAN WANTED

Experienced shoe salesman or saleswoman, also extras for Saturdays.

BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

F. C. Miller & Sons
Plasterers
Contractors
20 Central St.
Tel. 470 Estab. 1884

HUNS STILL RUN

Evacuating Chemin-des-Dames Under Pressure of Converging Attacks

The Enemy Forces Will Soon Be Driven Out of the St. Gobain Forests

LONDON, Oct. 11. (Via Montreal)—German troops today began the evacuation of the famous Chemin-des-Dames in the region north of the river Aisne and south of Laon.

LONDON, Oct. 11. (1 p. m.)—By the Associated Press.—Today's advices from the battlefield indicate it is virtually certain the Germans will have to evacuate the St. Gobain forests almost immediately. The Germans are evacuating the Chemin-des-Dames under the pressure of the converging attacks west and south of it. The Hindenburg line behind Laon, between the rivers Seine and Sissonne, has been turned, making the German situation in the Laon area most difficult.

In the Champagne the French and Americans, joining hands north of the Argonne in the Grandpre gap, have occupied the Grandpre station, while patrols are said to have entered that town itself.

On the river Meuse, northwest of Verdun, the Americans have cleared out a line pocket in the direction of Sivry, which has held them up a long time.

Mrs. JOHN HESSON LOWELL, MASS.

Mrs. John Hesson of Hornbrook ave., Dracut Center, says:

"For seven years I have been troubled with indigestion, later on with stomach disorders, and had to be very careful of eating food of any kind. I have taken many remedies with little results and nothing did me any permanent good until I took the Vitalitas treatment. I am now on my fourth bottle and to my friends and the people of Lowell I wish to say there is nothing like Vitalitas."

VI-TAL-I-TAS

A word to thin, delicate people—people who need building up and people who suffer with rheumatism, indigestion, nervousness, kidney or liver trouble. Start this great treatment at once. Dow's Drug Store, Merrimack square—Adv.

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SHELLS FOR WAR

British Munitions Plants Are
Turning Out 12,000 Tons
Daily, Says Churchill

Must Make Good Promise to
Americans Who Are Rushing
Across to Aid Allies

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 10.—Col. Winston Spencer Churchill, minister of munitions, speaking at Leeds today, said that the output of shells in British munition plants was now 12,000 tons daily. He remarked that preparations must be made for continuing the war on a still larger scale and with still larger resources through 1919.

"We are dealing with a crafty enemy who is still in possession of enormous resources," he said. "Even if he evacuates France and Belgium, that will not assure the acceptance of our indispensable terms, for he can then stand on his own strongly fortified frontier. We must, therefore, not slacken out output of munitions, as it will be necessary for France and England to supply a portion of the armament and equipment for the American forces."

"The Americans have made a most generous effort. They are sending men to Europe far in advance of the development of their own great munitions program. We have undertaken to supply many hundreds of guns of different calibers, including some of the most important types, to the American army. Therefore, our exertions must be continuous if we are to make good our promises to those who are hurrying across the Atlantic to our aid. Without this equipment, we cannot have the assistance of those valiant American troops who will be wanted to strike the final blow if the war should last into next summer."

LOWELL BOY ASSISTED
SECRETARY McADOO

A New York despatch states that Private "Jimmie" Porter of Lowell assisted Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and Al Jolson at a New York theatre last evening in a liberty bond rally. The despatch describes Private Porter as having been wounded at Chateau-Thierry with the marines.

The only Private "Jimmie" Porter on record here in Lowell is Private James A. Porter of Co. M, 39th regular infantry. It may be that he has been transferred to the marines. He enlisted

Ma don't have
to fix my lunch
—says Bobby
POST
TOASTIES
and me fix that
up together.
(MADE OF CORN)

DISTRICT A
For Boston and Vicinity
Fair Food Prices for the Consumer
Prepared by
MASSACHUSETTS BOARD OF FOOD
ADMINISTRATION

October 10, 1918

The figures in the second column represent prevailing prices, not the lowest and highest, which wholesalers are charging retailers. Those in the third column are based upon them, and are prices which the retailers are justified in charging. Dealers, however, purchasing at figures other than those shown in the middle column, should change their selling prices proportionately.

COMMODITY	RETAILER PAYS	CONSUMER SHOULD PAY
Flour		
White	\$1.45-\$1.60 per bag	\$1.60-\$1.75 per bag
White	\$1.55-\$1.60 per 100 lbs.	7-7½ cents per lb.
Rye	\$10.75-\$13.00 per bbl.	62-82 cents per lb.
Barley, bbl.	\$8.70-\$12.50 per bbl.	54-68 cents per lb.
Rice	\$9.65-\$11.00 per 100 lbs.	11-14 cents per lb.
Corn	\$3.50-\$6.50 per 100 lbs.	7-8½ cents per lb.
Corn Meal—Yellow	\$4.50-\$5.85 per 100 lbs.	5½-7½ cents per lb.
Cornstarch—1-lb. pkg.	7½-10 cents per pkg.	10-12 cents per pkg.
Rolled Oats		
Bulk	\$5.25-\$6.00 per 90 lbs.	7½-8½ cents per lb.
In 20-oz. pkgs.	\$2.45-\$3.50 per 3-dozen case	11-13 cents per pkg.
Hominy—Bulk	\$5.50-\$6.50 per 100 lbs.	7-8½ cents per lb.
Rice		
Blue Rose	\$9.50-\$11.00 per 100 lbs.	12-14 cents per lb.
Bread—1 lb.	8-8½ cents per loaf	9½-10 cents per loaf
Flame—Gran.		10-11 cents per lb.
Prunes		
40-50	15½-17½ cents per lb.	19-22 cents per lb.
50-100	19-21½ cents per lb.	11-13 cents per lb.
Raisins		
Seedless Fancy	11-12½ cents 15-oz. pk.	14-17 cents per pkg.
Seedless California	12½-15 cents per pkg.	16-19 cents per pkg.
Beans		
California Small White	13-15 cents per lb.	16-19 cents per lb.
Lima	14-16½ cents per lb.	18-20 cents per lb.
Pinto	9-11 cents per lb.	10-13 cents per lb.
Canned Salmon		
Alaska Pink	\$2.00-\$2.40 per 1-dozen case	20-24 cents per can.
Fancy Red	\$2.55-\$3.15 per 100 lbs.	25-32 cents per can.
Evaporated Milk		
Tall pint cans	\$5.50-\$6.75 per 4-dozen case	14-16 cents per pint.
Condensed Milk		
Full size 11-oz. cans	\$7.25-\$8.25 per 4-dozen case	17-20 cents per can.
Corn Syrup		
1½ lb. cans	\$2.60-\$2.73 per 2-dozen case	14-16 cents per can.
Corn Oil		
Pint cans	\$7.50-\$8.10 per 2-dozen case	38-40 cents per pint.
Lard Substitutes		
1 lb. tins	\$10.17-\$10.62 pr. 3 doz. cs.	33-36 cents per tin.
Cottonseed Oil		
Medium size	\$3.85 per 1-dozen case	80-90 cents per tin.
Small size	\$3.85 per 2-dozen case	40-47 cents per tin.
Potatoes		
White	\$2.50-\$2.75 per 100 lbs.	3-4 cents per lb.
White	\$2.50-\$2.75 per 100 lbs.	45-50 cents per peck.
Onions—Native	\$1.75-\$2.00 per 100 lbs.	3-3½ cents per lb.

*Positive maximum price of 1 pound wrapped loaf.

LIBERTY LOAN

Wilson Says "Recent Events
Have Enhanced, not Lessened,
Importance of Loan"

President Urges Oversub-
scription—Bryan Also Ap-
peals for Loan

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—With the declaration of President Wilson that "recent events have enhanced, not lessened, the importance of this loan," committees conducting the campaign for the Fourth Liberty Loan today appealed to the American public, not only to buy bonds, but to buy more bonds. Double your subscription" became a slogan in many communities.

In subscriptions, the loan today had reached only the one-third mark toward the goal of six billion dollars. Total subscriptions as reported early today were slightly more than two billions, which means that pledges must average at least \$500,000,000 each day until the close of the campaign, Oct. 19.

President Wilson's statement issued last night:

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—President Wilson yesterday issued this statement on the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign: "Recent events have enhanced, not lessened, the importance of this loan and I hope that the fellow-countrymen will let me say to them in frank language that this loan could indeed be fully subscribed, but very greatly oversubscribed. We are in the midst of the greatest exercise of the power of this country that has ever been witnessed or foreseen, and a slight failure of this loan would be of tragical damage alike to ourselves and to the rest of the world. Nothing has happened which makes it safe or possible to do anything but push our effort to the utmost. The time is critical and the response must be complete." (Signed)

"WOODROW WILSON"

Over-subscription of the loan also was emphasized as necessity in a statement of William Jennings Bryan today.

"A failure of the people to respond to the call for money now would be disastrous," he said. "It would encourage the enemy more than a successful battle. The supreme moment has come, one can fail to see the importance of prompt action. Over-subscription at

Eat More CORN Bread

EAT more corn bread. You know that's the surest, most satisfactory way of saving wheat—the big job for all of us.

Corn bread is simply delicious—made right, in the good old Southern way. Cooking transforms corn meal into a delightful food.

And cooking makes tobacco taste much more delicious. Burley tobacco—toasted—is used for Lucky Strike Cigarette. It's toasted.

LUCKY STRIKE

Open your package this way

Save the tin-foil from Lucky Strike Cigarettes and give it to the Red Cross

It's toasted

once will be an announcement to Germany that the American people stand back of the president, the government and the army, and are ready to furnish the money necessary to win the war."

BUNTING CRICKET CLUB

Board of Directors Vote to
Close Club Building During
Epidemic

The board of directors of the Bunting Cricket club voted unanimously to close their club building during the prevailing epidemic, at a meeting of that organization last night.

As soon as the request was made that persons refrain from congregating together and that public halls and meetings be closed, President Fred G. Humphris at once gave orders to the steward to close the building last Sunday morning until such time as the board of directors met and decided otherwise. This was done in the interest of the public good and welfare of the community. The Bunting management recognizing the danger of so many of their members assembling together took the above action after mature deliberation and believe they are doing their patriotic duty in complying with the request of the public health authorities.

On account of the closing up, it may be impossible to hold the annual general meeting on Oct. 23 as the bylaws of the organization require that all nominations for the board of directors and officials shall be placed on the bulletin board one week before the election.

The members will have every opportunity to make their nominations, but it may be necessary to postpone the annual meeting in order to do so, as nominations cannot be made while the building is closed to the members.

The officers to be elected this year are as follows: President, vice president, corresponding secretary, financial secretary, treasurer, trustee, auditor and four members of the board of directors. Three of the present officers will not seek re-election. There will be a new president, treasurer and financial secretary to be elected, and as these are probably the most important offices to be filled there should be con-

BACK TO WORK AFTER
DAY OF PROTEST

QUINCY, Oct. 11.—Virtually all of the employees at the Squantum plant of the Bethlehem shipbuilding corporation returned to work today following a layout of one day as a protest against alleged failure by the company to put into effect a wage award made by the adjustment board of the Emergency Fleet corporation. It was announced that following a conference of a committee of the workers and officials of the plant, an agreement was reached. More than 500 employees failed to appear for work yesterday and last night.

BELGIANS IN ENGLAND
TO RETURN HOME

LONDON, Oct. 11.—Belgian autho-

rities have delivered orders to Belgians

resident in England directing them to

return to their native land, accord-

ing to Sheffield Daily Telegraph.

In an egg-laying competition in

Australia, a black Orpington hen laid 225 eggs in 12 months, which is claimed to be a world's record for any breed.

Women who are losing weight and energy—who look pale and feel languid—need the healthful effects of

**Beecham's
Pills**

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Smiles of satisfaction result from eating **ARMOUR'S CORN FLAKES**. A delightful sugar-saver made from the sweetest part of choicest corn and toasted "just right."



So Delicious!

Order from your neighborhood grocer.

Trade supplied by

Armour Grain Company, Chicago

Armour's Oats save fuel—they cook in 10 to 15 minutes

**HIRAM C. BROWN
UNDERTAKER**

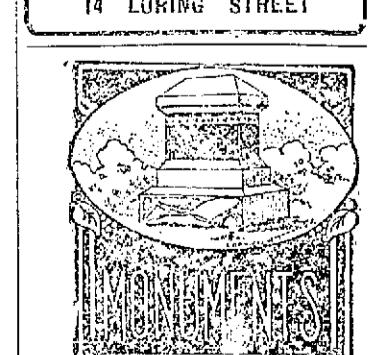
—AND—

EMBALMER

Mass. and N. H. Licenses

Telephone 4394

14 LORING STREET



ERECT A MEMORIAL

To your departed ones and have on

the work. You'll be perfectly satisfied.

Send for our catalogue of designs.

John G. Hinckley, Designer and Manager

THE LOWELL MONUMENT CO.

Gasoline 26c
Fred's, 125 Moody St. 5 Gal. Pump

AUTOMOBILE DIRECTORY

A.A.A. Auto Blue Books
Auto Supplies, Vulcanizing Boston Auto
Supply Co., 36 Bridge St. Open every evening.
Next to railroad track phone 3693.

ACCESSORIES

Will always satisfy you when pur-
chased from LOWELL'S FIRST

AND LARGEST
PITTS, Hurd Street

Anderson's TIRE SHOP

Tires and supplies. Vulcanizing
guaranteed. Quick service. Prices
reasonable. If in trouble on the
road we come to your aid. Tel.
6521-W. 125 Middle St.

Auto Tops

Made and re-
paired, covered, and
doors to order; also full line of
glasses, oils and lubricants. Donovan
Bazaar Co., Market Street.

Batteries

REPLACED
REPAIRED
RECHARGED
Lowell Storage Battery Station,
Moody St. Opp. City Hall

Gasoline 26c

Fred's, 125 Moody St. 5 Gal. Pump

RRR
Are Letters of Credit
Good in Every Home in Every
Country on Earth?
Radways' Ready Relief
50c Rub It On STOPS
Rub It On PAIN
All Drugstores INSTANTLY
USED EXTERNALLY FOR
Sciatica, Sore Back, Lumbrigo, Sore Throat,
Bruises, Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
Sore Muscles, Cold in Chest.

Has No Disagreeable Odor
Will Not Stain the Clothes

YANKS SWEEP ON

Capture Villages of Sommerville, Chevres and Marco in Great Dash

Ridge of Dame Marie Stormed After Hard Fighting—1000 Huns Captured

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Thursday,

Sneezing

When this begins you are on the danger line of the Spanish Influenza, which is now so prevalent, and you should douche your nose and gargle your throat thoroughly with the very best antiseptic you can obtain. We are sure that our Antiseptics are the remedy because a single application soothes the irritated passages of the nose and throat and brings immediate relief that seems almost wonderful. Give this remedy a fair trial without a moment's delay—it will not disappoint you.

Coughing

in Spanish Influenza follows so closely in the wake of sneezing that you must reach the cause with a remedy that will soothe and allay the irritation of the bronchial tubes and passages.

The experience of many families who have used Tus-Sano for years conclusively proves that it has the medicinal virtue that quickly relieves and controls the cough. The medical profession tells us you must keep warm and keep your bowels in free, normal condition. Hood's Pills act promptly and easily, causing no irritation or unpleasant after-effect as the old-fashioned aloe cathartics always do. Hood's Pills are the up-to-date family cathartic and should always be in every home.

After Spanish Influenza

Weakness, lack of appetite, and a general debility naturally follow the lowering of health tone produced by the blood-poisoning and depleting effects of this dread disease.

The great reputation Hood's Sarsaparilla has obtained through the acid test of time and trial, as the greatest of all blood-purifying and vitalizing medicines, points directly to it as the remedy to neutralize poisons lingering in the blood, to sharpen your appetite, and to bring renewed health and strength. Peptiron, taken in conjunction with Hood's Sarsaparilla, brings to it the great help of a real iron tonic.

Hood's Sarsaparilla before eating, Peptiron after eating, Hood's Pills as necessary, constitute a treatment for the patient who has been through this terrible disease—treatment so ideal that it seems almost providential that it is right at hand at a time when the great need of it is so urgent.

It is wise in these epidemic times to have Antiseptics, with douche, Tus-Sano and Hood's Pills in the house, and to use them for prevention. If your druggist has none in stock, we will send them promptly by parcel post on receipt of price, or, better, you can get them at our laboratory on Thorndike street, and so begin using them quickly. Antiseptics 60c, hospital size \$1.10, douche 15c, Tus-Sano 60c, Hood's Pills 30c, Peptiron 57c or \$1.13. Hood's Sarsaparilla \$1.25.

C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.



YANK'S NORIB'S Baby's Clothes
Save-Save Clothes

Oct. 10 (By the Associated Press, 9 p.m.)—American forces struck the German lines just east of the Argonne forest today. They captured the villages of Sommerville, Chevres and Marco. The ridge of Dame Marie was stormed after hard fighting. More than 1000 prisoners were taken during the day. These include one colonel and two battalion chiefs.

Fighting opened this morning with the infantry sweeping through the northern portion of the Argonne forest for a maximum distance of nearly five miles. Little opposition was encountered from the enemy, who had probably retired during the night to escape from the untenable pocket formed by the American flanking movement on Monday.

As the Americans pushed forward, they found that the Germans had made a thorough job of blocking and destroying the roads as they retired. At 2 o'clock this afternoon they were in Marco and Chevres, having taken La Folie farm and the Richard farm and advanced on the Negremont woods, the only piece of forest land between them and Grandpre.

Half an hour later they had captured Sommerville and had advanced north of that village. By this attack, they have taken a firmer grip on the territory just north of the broken Kriemhilde line.

**PANIC IN GERMANY
OVER WAR BONDS**

BASEL, Switzerland, Oct. 11—There are persistent rumors among the working classes in Germany, according to advices received here, that Germany's imperial bonds may become valueless.

The rumors have their basis in the repeated entente victories. The people of numerous towns are, said to be unloading their war loans at extraordinarily low prices and a panic seems imminent.

The German newspapers are publishing long appeals in endeavor to tranquilize public feeling. It is recommended that persons who desire to sell government bonds do so through banks, which are ready always to advance cash upon bonds in the usual way.

Peasants and small business people, says the appeal, should be the last to dispose of their bonds, because at the moment of demobilization they will be able to buy useful articles of all sort. When that time comes, buyers paying with national bonds will be given preference.

The document says that rumors about war bonds are causing great injury to the empire.

MANY NEW GRAVES**Big Demand for Grave Diggers at Local Cemeteries**

The influenza epidemic in Lowell, now mercifully enough somewhat on the wane, has been so severe that for the last 10 days the three principal cemeteries, Edson, St. Patrick's and Lowell, have had to employ 20 grave diggers for 10 hours a day.

Last week Supt. Meagher of St. Patrick's reports that there were 60 persons buried there. This week Mr. Meagher believes that before Saturday evening, 90 persons will have been buried out there as the funerals in that cemetery are averaging from 14 to 20 per day. Mr. Meagher has been superintendent of this cemetery, off and on, since 1887, and in this long period he says he has never known so many sad scenes enacted in a single day as has repeatedly been the case at St. Patrick's each day for the past three weeks. The cemetery officials have always considered 10 funerals a day an unusually large number. Ten grave diggers are now constantly employed at the cemetery.

At Edson cemetery last Sunday 16 persons were buried. There have been 10, 12 or 13 funerals each day for a week at Edson. In the past three weeks there have been 132 burials at Edson. Four grave diggers are employed constantly, many days working overtime.

At the Lowell cemetery there has been an average of three burials a day for three weeks. Six men are employed in this cemetery opening graves. Nearly every grave opened at this cemetery is lined with evergreen boughs which costs \$5, besides \$5 for opening the grave. In the other cemeteries it is stated that lining the grave is the exception rather than the rule. The price for opening a grave in most of the Lowell cemeteries will average \$4 or \$5 with a \$3 charge for opening a grave for a child.

This is the time of year when cemetery workmen have a great deal of work to do preparing the silent cities of the dead for winter but in the present instance it has become necessary to abandon all this customary autumn work and set all the men to work digging graves for victims of influenza.

In spite of a daily average during the past three weeks since the influenza epidemic started, of about 12 funerals a day being held in Lowell's three principal cemeteries, so hard and industriously have the undertakers and cemetery workmen put forth their best efforts, that there has not been a single case where it was necessary to postpone a funeral.

Customarily in time of so severe an

**AMERICA'S MINERS**

A pound of coal tolls as much as a bullet. With mighty drawn the miners of America are wresting from Mother Earth the fuel and materials which will swiftly and surely spell the kaiser's doom.

America's Miners

DEEP in the bowels of the earth, taking from Nature the coal and ores without which our War and our Industry could not go on, toil our miners.

For the rough hard life of the miners one prime requisite is demanded of clothing, durability.

Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Michigan and the Rocky regions join hands in approval of

Congress Flannel Shirts

FOR FIFTY YEARS SUPREME

For fifty years have proved beyond shadow of a doubt that "Congress" Flannel Shirts rank without equal for the wear of men who live by their muscles.

Big government demands for shirts of Dreyfus make notwithstanding, the dealer in your town is well supplied with "Congress" Flannel Shirts in Blue, Gray and Khaki because he knows that you are going to come in and ask for them.

Take a minute today to go in and have him show you. The price when you see the quality looks so small you won't begrudge one cent of it.

If your dealer mentions shirts "just as good," tell him he can't show them to you because there aren't any.

If for any reason he doesn't have "Congress" Flannel Shirts, send us your post card.

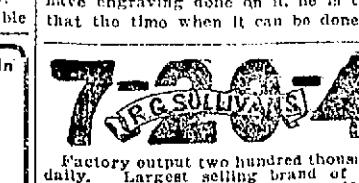
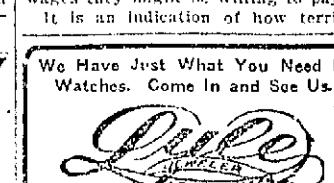
JACOB DREYFUS & SONS

New York Office, 200 Fifth Avenue

Boston, Mass.

Fighting Fourth Liberty Loan. Buy Every Bond You Can.

INSTRUCTION
ELLA M. REILLY
Organist at St. Michael's Church
TEACHER OF PIANO
Resumes Teaching Sept. 9th
Studio, Res., 66 Tenth Street
Tel. 4016-W



Factory output two hundred thousand daily. Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

very indefinite owing to the demands on the engravers to engrave coffin plates.

Practically every family desires to have a coffin plate put on the casket of a beloved member but almost the sole value of this, as undertakers themselves acknowledge, is that if it should ever become necessary to exhume a body for removal elsewhere, the coffin plate would furnish indisputable proof that the right remains were being exhumed.

So far as flowers are concerned there is so much of a scarcity of funeral and all kinds of flowers here in Lowell that in the majority of cases it becomes a

wicked waste of money to try and supply flowers for the funeral of a relative or friend. In some cases Lowell florists for want of something better are supplying merely bunches of mountain laurel with smilax or evergreen twined through the laurel.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the signature of *Charles H. Hitchcock*



BACK COMES TAM O'SHANTER

BY BETTY BROWN

A fashion so delectably becoming as the soft, floppy tam o' shanter cap cannot remain "out" for many seasons, and this year there is some evidence of its renewed popularity. This particular model is built of dark blue velvet, its generous top thickly embroidered with heavy threads of dull silver. Then lest it should fly away, one side of the flopping crown is caught to the stiff brim with a blue and silver buckle.

The German army authorities boast that they are carefully tended the graves of 433,033 enemy soldiers who are buried in German and occupied territory. These enemy graves are divided as follows, according to nationality: Russian, 29,533; French, 90,611; Romanian, 27,691; British, 13,812; Belgian, 4190; Italian, 3024, and Serbian, 1172.

Eyes Physically Fit?

The taxing duties demanded of your eyes require that you give them constant attention. Let us who have had experience in the treatment of eyes examine yours.

J. F. MONTMINY

Optometrist and Mfg. Optician
492 MERRIMACK ST.

BE CHARY OF YOUR EYES

An occasional examination will insure you against many little ills and ailments.

McEVOY

For Eye Service
"J. A." 233 MERRIMACK ST.

SWEATERS

At the
NEEDLECRAFT
SHOP

27 PALMER STREET

Stamped Goods and Yarns.

SEE

Chas. F. McGrath
OPTICIANFor Perfect Fitting Glasses
271 GORHAM ST.
Lowell, Mass."IF IT SWIMS IT'S HERE"
Always FreshD. D. SMITH
Sea Goods Exclusively
319 BRIDGE ST.The Home of Pure Confections
Choice Sundaes and Cooling
Drinks at counter.
SERVICE UNPARALLELED
N. K. PARANDELIS
CROWN CONFECTIONERY CO.,
23 MERRIMACK ST.PORTRAITURE
The Marion Studio
ROBERT B. WOOD
Chairman Board. Tel. 826Helen Delong Savage
TEACHER OF PIANO
Studio 607 Sun BuildingA REASONABLE PLACE
TO EAT
Fox's Lunch Room
TABLES FOR LADIES
10 Bridge Street
Next to Keith's Theatre

YARN YARN

Sweaters made to order. Knitting and crocheting lessons taught free.

MAY DEGNAN GAFFNEY
603 BRIDGE ST.

Here are four modern costumes whose lines or decoration are based on designs shown in early Indian costumes from the collection in the American Museum of Natural History. At the left is a sport coat embroidered in wool in an Indian basketry design. The second is a dinner gown of rough silk embroidered in wool, belt and embroidery suggested by Goshiro Indian

costumes. The third costume is a gown with collar, waist and sash in satin and bead tassels suggested by buck-skin thongs of Dakota Indian dress. At the right is a silk robe afternoon gown with pattern from Indian pottery collection from New Mexico. (Reprinted by permission of the American Museum Journal)

sculptor, and added to this rare combination, a vision sufficient to judge the general feeling of woman at least six months in advance!

Springing up in New York city and centering around the American Museum of Natural History there has appeared in the last two years a fast-developing movement to establish a new industrial art that is typically American—the art of fabric decoration and costume design.

Instead of importing modern foreign costumes to meet the needs of today our own American designers have gone direct to original museum documents for their inspiration. Miss Ruth Wilmet, Instructor in costume design at Teachers' College, Columbia University, has used the collections at the museum to such good effect that the modern gowns designed by her pupils and based on decorations and lines discovered in this research work were bought and sold at once by New York merchants.

A year ago textile manufacturers in New York discovered the commercial and artistic value of the designs embodied in the art of pre-historic and savage peoples, and adapted many of those designs to the printed silks and cottons that have become so popular.

But in spite of the importance attached to fabric decoration, costume design itself is of more vital moment. The problems of the costume artist include not only surface decoration, but color combinations, use of ornament, the general outline or silhouette, and a knowledge of the psychology of woman! The perfect artist in dress must have not only some of the feeling of the painter, but also of the



sculptor, and added to this rare combination, a vision sufficient to judge the general feeling of woman at least six months in advance!

In relation to the war the burdens and sacrifices that we have borne with pride and willingness, the splendid ideals for which we strive have added a dignity and feeling to our national life that must find expression in every phase of our physical and intellectual existence.

Women's costumes are the first objects to feel the effects of this new spirit. They reflect in simplicity and

subdued ornament the reaction of our women here resisted every effort to

womanhood to the grave responsibility and problems of the hour. The

superficial and the ostentatious have

been almost eliminated, you all the ap-

peal and charm of brighter days re-

tained and enhanced. The common

sense and finer feelings of American

rice and dress.

UPSTAIRS UPSTAIRS

Bring your FOURTH LIBERTY BONDS up to Madame Helene and get a 10% discount on those

Sample Coats & Dresses

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK
NO TWO GARMENTS ALIKE

Satisfaction guaranteed. Help Lowell to go over the top and show your patriotism by buying a Fourth Liberty Bond.

Madame Helene

Upstairs 196 MERRIMACK ST. Upstairs

Protects and Cleanses the Tender Skin

MANY toilet soaps are much too harsh for children's skins. The excess alkali removes the protective oils so that the skin chaps and chafes easily. Ordinary soaps, too, are not sufficiently cleansing to keep youthful skins healthy and wholesome.

20 TEAM
BO-RAXO

Bath and Toilet Powder

gives both protection and real cleanliness because the Borax in BO-RAXO softens, soothes and sterilizes—and does what no soap can, cleanses the pores of all dirt and impurities.

Don't risk the use of ordinary soaps. Get a can of BO-RAXO and teach the children to use it. You, too, will find its rich, daintily perfumed lather wonderfully beneficial in toilet and bath.



At all Dealers
15c and 30c

CROWN PRINCE CAROL IS IMPRISONED FOR MARRYING A NATIVE GIRL

CROWN PRINCE CAROL IS IMPRISONED FOR MARRYING A NATIVE GIRL

To save coal—put on more clothes, ladies!

Here's the new fuel-saving dress and worn by no less a social star than Mrs. Angier B. Duke of Philadelphia—she that was Miss Cordelia Biddle of New York, Newport and Palm Beach.

When Mrs. Angier B. Duke strolled down Fifth Avenue, New York, one chill October afternoon her new gown was so warm that she dispensed with a coat altogether. Worn in a steam or furnace heated apartment this

WHY HAIR FALLS OUT

Dandruff causes a leathery irritation of the scalp, the hair roots shrink, loosen and then the hair comes out fast. To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of Danderine at any drug store for a few cents, pour a little in your hand and rub it into the scalp. After several applications all dandruff disappears and the hair stops coming out.

CHILD GETS SICK CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

Look at Tongue! Then Give Fruit Laxative for Stomach, Liver, Bowels.

"California Syrup of Figs" Can't Harm Children and They Love It.



Mrs. Angier B. Duke, New York social leader, in fuel-saving gown.

fuel-saving gown would keep its wearer comfortable at a temperature of 50 degrees!

French and Russian women have long been accustomed to cold rooms and instead of demanding more heat and more use of precious coal, have learned to dress for warmth as well as beauty.

Now, as the war requires more fuel for ships and munitions, there is less for house-heating—and English and American women are substituting fur and wool for "more steam, please."

This particular fuel-saving gown is of French blue wool velour, marvelously soft and heavy, and is richly embroidered in navy blue chevilles, with chenille balls dangling from a hundred places. The sleeves are long and bell-shaped over a close-fitting cuff of lace. It shows the new high neck line and the long, long, tight skirt, descending quite to the ankle to meet the new short-topped boots.

Furs and a big, untrimmed velvet hat complete a costume that will withstand any weather above zero—and delight the heart of Mr. Garfield. Fuel-saver to his Majesty, The War!

Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask you druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

Crawford Ranges

Two Ranges in One—a Coal Range, a Gas Range—both combined in this Masterpiece—the Triple Crawford

The following improved features have established Triple Crawford as the world's most complete range:

Two Separate Ovens, both large and roomy—one for gas, the other for coal.

The Convenient Gas Oven is equipped with an improved broiler which you can adjust instantly (without touching the pan) so as to hold the food at any desired distance from the flame. Folds out of the way when not in use.

Five Center Heat Gas Burners, of a new and efficient type bring the heat directly under utensils without wasting gas.

All-in-one-control exclusive to this style, regulates fire and oven with one motion. Place the knob at "Bake," "Check" or "Kindle."

Perfection of design and finish, long service and utility, distinguish Crawford coal ranges—or gas combinations.

SOLD BY
A. E. O'HEIR & CO.
15 HURD STREET

This style range is made in three types—Triple, Duplex and Simplex. Has enclosed gas water heater in largest size.

"That's the range I want"



BILLS HELD UP**Revenue Measure Cannot****Pass Before Elections****Work for Disabled Soldiers****Epidemic Strikes Washington****—Pickets Pester Senators****—Naming New Ships**

(Special to The Sun)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—Not only is the war department considering what can be done with the returning soldiers who have suffered permanent disability casualties. All agree that a man who has suffered any one of these great losses will be happier if employment can be

SPANISH INFLUENZA—WHAT IT IS AND HOW IT SHOULD BE TREATED

Nothing New—Simply the Old Grip, or La Grippe That Was Epidemic in 1889-90, Only Then it Came From Russia by Way of France, and This Time by Way of Spain.

Go to Bed and Stay Quiet—Take a Laxative—Eat Plenty of Nourishing Food—Keep up Your Strength—Nature is the "Cure."

ALWAYS CALL A DOCTOR**NO OCCASION FOR PANIC**

Spanish influenza, which appeared in Spain in May has all the appearance of grip or la grippe, which has swept over the world in numerous epidemics as back as 1889. Hippocrates referred to an epidemic in 412 B. C. which is regarded by many to have been influenza. Every century has had its attacks. Beginning with 1881, this country has had five epidemics the last in 1889-90.

There is no occasion for panic—Influenza itself has a very low percentage of fatalities—not over one death out of every four hundred cases, according to the N. C. Board of Health. The chief danger lies in complications arising, attacking principally patients in an iron lung condition those who don't get to bed soon enough, or those who get up too early.

THE SYMPTOMS

Grippe, or influenza as it is now called, usually begins with a chill followed by aching, feverishness and sometimes nausea and dizziness, and a general feeling of weariness and depression. The temperature may rise to 104, and the fever usually lasts from three to five days. The germs attack the mucous membrane, or lining of the air passages—nose, throat and bronchial tubes—there is usually a hard cough, especially bad at night, often times over the throat or tonsils, and frequently all the appearances of a severe head cold.

THE TREATMENT

Go to bed at the first symptoms, not for your own sake, but to avoid spreading the disease to others—take a purgative, eat plenty of nourishing food, remain perfectly quiet and don't worry. Quinine, aspirin or Doyer's Tonic, etc., may be administered by the physician's direction to relieve the aching. But there is no cure or specific for influenza—the disease must run its course, but Nature will throw off the attack if only you keep up your strength. The chief danger lies in the complications which may arise. Influenza so weakens the bodily resistance that there is danger of pneumonia or bronchitis developing, and sometimes inflammation of the middle ear, or heart affections. For these reasons, remain in bed until the patient turns—stay in bed at least two days or more after the fever has left you.

Blanket Your Horses

The first cold weather is the most severe. We have a mammoth stock to select from. We make a specialty of Extra Large Street Blankets. Lathered and lined.

We Have AUTOMOBILE and CARRIAGE ROBES in good variety. We Have DOUBLE and SINGLE HARNESSSES for All Purposes.

OUR STOCK IS VERY COMPLETE

All fresh goods purchased since our big fire.

WE ARE LOWELL AGENTS FOR KELLY-SPRINGFIELD

TIRES and TUBES

Come any time; you will find us at home.

C. H. HANSON & CO. Inc.

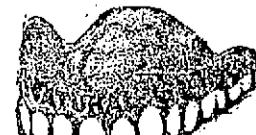
61 ROCK STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

"If I Hurt You Don't Pay Me"

No matter how nervous you are or how sensitive your teeth may be, come in and let me prove the above statement.

MY PRICES ARE THE LOWEST IN LOWELL

A small per cent over the cost of material is my answer to the ordinary dentist's big prices and get all you can ideas.

FULL SET TEETH \$5 UP
GOLD FILLINGS \$1.00 UP
GOLD CROWNS \$3 and \$5
PORCELAIN CROWNS \$4.50
ESTIMATE AND ADVICE FREE**Dr. T. J. KING,**
CLARENCE W. KING, D.D.S., Inc.137 MERRIMACK STREET
Nurse in Attendance
Phone 3300
Hours: 9 to 8, French Spoken.**CHILD SAVED FROM WORMS**

A mother of six children writes: "My baby was very sick and a friend of mine suggested trying Dr. True's Worm Elixir. Now I have six children and am never without Dr. True's Elixir, the Family Laxative and Worm Elixir in my house." Mrs. E. N. Otto, West Newbury, Mass.

Signs of worms are: Deranged stomach, swollen upper lip, sour stomach, offensive breath, hard and full belly, with occasional gripes and pains about the navel, pale face of leaden tint, eyes heavy and dull, twitching eyelids, itching of the nose, short, dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red points sticking out on tongue, starting during sleep, slow fever. If your child shows any of these symptoms, start giving Dr. True's Elixir at once.—Adv.

found in which he again becomes a useful member of society.

Massachusetts was selected as the point of investigation on account of the compensation and disability laws which apply to employees in that state. The federal government believes the statistics thus collected will show how long it takes a man to recover from certain classes of injury, and to what sort of work such men are best fitted. The replacement of wounded soldiers in connection with industrial work is one of the great problems to be met in the near future and various plans have already been discussed in congress although no definite schema is yet agreed upon.

TIRED UP IN CONGRESS

Congress is at a complete standstill. The committee on finance and appropriations are buried deep in work, but other members are without congressional duties, except those of a routine nature. In order to keep congress within call, semi-weekly sessions of the house and senate are held, but the average length of the sessions is five minutes. That is not neglecting any duties, but merely to give the big committee an opportunity to work on the war measures without interruption.

Many members are out of the city either conducting war loan campaigns or looking after their home affairs, ready to come back when needed.

There is certain delay in store for the great revenue bill for the consideration of which congress was held in nominal session throughout the summer. But the fact that it cannot possibly be voted on before election gives a chance to say "I told you so" to a good many men here who have believed from the first that the bill would not pass before November at the earliest. The democrats have stated that the bill needs careful pruning in the senate committee before brought up for a vote, and Chairman Simmons is a very thorough leader on financial questions. He is experienced, broad minded and fair. And although a staunch democratic partisan he expressed the hope to get a bill in shape that will pass muster when viewed from both sides of the senate. Senator Lodge is a member of the finance committee, and he too counsels taking plenty of time to frame a measure of such tremendous importance. All the same the men who predicted that the party in power preferred to wait till after election before passing the revenue bill are crowing loudly over the delay. Suffrage was out in the same class, also prohibition. Suffrage held up till through, with failure to pass the bill as a result; prohibition is still hanging in the air and it looks at this moment as if that too would wait over till after election. There are men who urge the immediate passage of all these measures, and men who urge de-

NOTE.—Vick's VapoRub is the discovery of a foreign drug house, found how to combine the vapors, menthol and camphor with such volatile oils as eucalyptus, thyme, cubeb, etc., so that when the salve is applied to the body heat, these ingredients are liberated in the form of vapors.

VapoRub is comparatively new in New York state and New England and a few Western states where it is just now being introduced, but in the other sections of the country it is a household remedy for all forms of cold troubles. Over six million jars were sold last year. It is particularly recommended for children's colds or colds, since it is externally applied and therefore can be used as freely as desired. Without the slightest harmful effects. VapoRub can be had in three sizes at all drugstores.

HAS SICK HEADACHE NO LONGER

North Adams Woman Enthusiastic Over the Remedy That Built Up Her Blood

There is a certain relation between nervous headache, generally called sick headache, and thin blood. When the blood is thin and pale it cannot carry sufficient nourishment to the nerves and headache and neuralgic pains follow. Thin blood also robs the digestive organs of their power and stomach disturbances are frequent in cases of anemia.

These conditions are illustrated in the case of Mrs. Eliza Russell, of No. 18 Nelson street, North Adams, Mass., who was a victim of anemia for many years.

"Sick headaches that lasted for several days at a time were the first symptoms of an anemic condition," she says. "At times I had spells of melancholia and felt very nervous. I could not sleep well and was as tired in the morning as at night. My stomach was sour at times and my appetite was very poor. Very often I had vomiting spells.

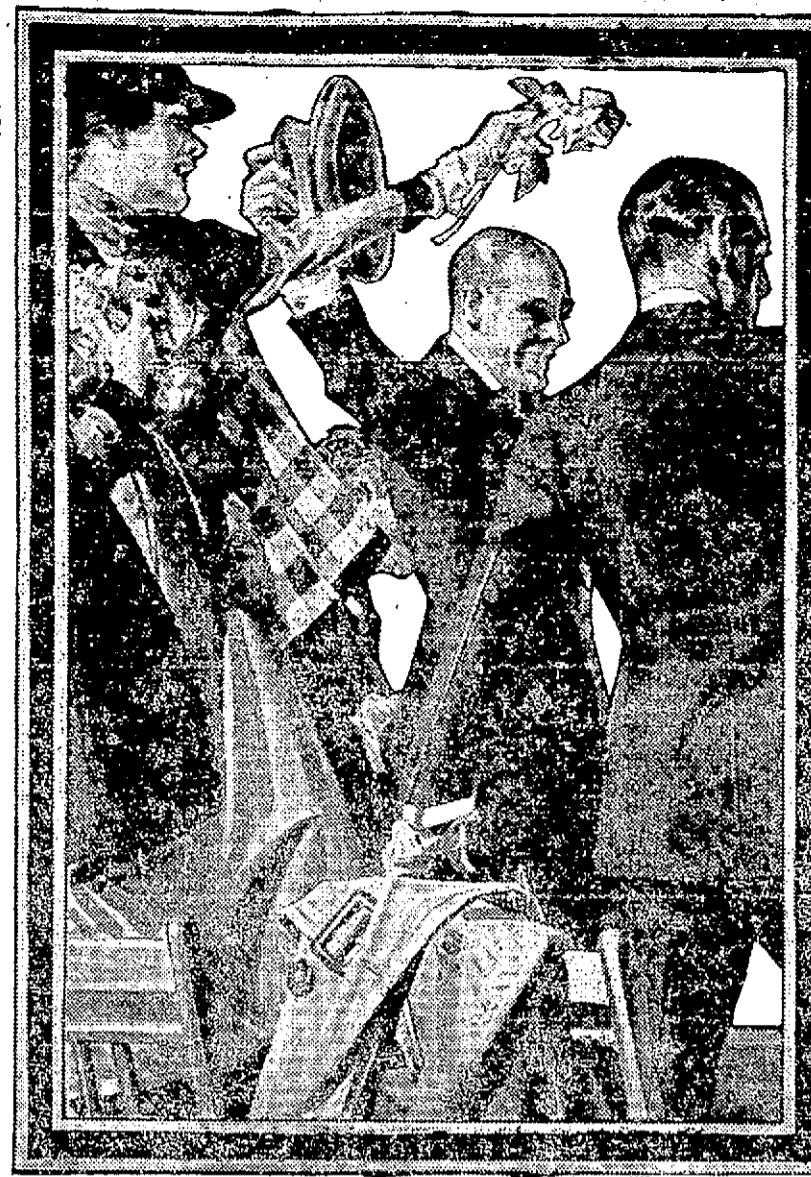
"For many years I had heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to try them. One box brought back my color and I could see a general improvement. I took eight boxes in all.

"The headaches are entirely gone now and my stomach gives me no trouble. I rest well and am refreshed by my sleep. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a wonderful tonic and I am glad to recommend them whenever I have a chance."

When the blood lacks red corpuscles it is a scientific fact that a course of treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cause them to increase. This can be demonstrated by a microscopic examination and any one can prove it by looking in a mirror, for an increase in red blood shows quickly in the cheeks and especially in the lining membranes of the eyelids.

"Building Up the Blood" is a booklet full of useful information. Every mother and every growing girl should have one. It is sent free on request by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent in mail postpaid, on receipt of price, fifty cents per box, six boxes for \$2.00. Do not pay more.—Adv.

The local evening newspaper is the paper that reaches the home when the whole family is there to read it. The Sun fills this field in Lowell.



Copyright 1918. The House of Kuppenheimer

"The Grenadier Back"

The Smartest Thing for Fall

Men and young men who have the faculty of picking the season's style leader will select a

KUPPENHEIMER

suit with the "Grenadier Back" as shown above. Military shoulders, the welted seam back with bisected waist-line, the flaring skirt, are features that give this style its smart individuality.

We'll be glad to show it to you in the season's fashionable fabrics and colorings, \$30.00 to \$47.50.

MACARTNEY'S

"The Kuppenheimer House in Lowell"

72 MERRIMACK STREET

In this tug of war, the holdbacks seem to have the strongest team.

Two Reconstruction Measures

The reconstruction resolution introduced by Senator Weeks calling for a non-partisan committee of six senators and six members of congress to consider after the war questions, brought fire from the democratic guns. The following day Senator Overman of North Carolina put a reconstruction resolution before the senate calling for a federal commission to be appointed by the president, to consider much the same line of work as that embraced in the Weeks resolution. Before the Overman resolution was introduced the Weeks resolution had been formally endorsed at a republican conference, and the result of the dual resolutions is likely to be a pretty big partisan fight.

The Epidemic in Washington

The influenza epidemic has this week struck the capital with full force. The public galleries of the capitol were closed early in the week; the courts have either adjourned or excluded all but witnesses and attorneys from attendance; churches are closed and most stringent regulations issued to check the disease. The overcrowded condition here makes an epidemic exceedingly difficult to deal with.

The Pickets Again

The pickets showed their gratitude to the president by abstaining from putting sentinels at the White House, but they have begun a system of persecution of senators at the capitol in a manner similar to their old White House tactics.

Daylight Saving

Senator Calder of New York this week introduced a resolution asking that the daylight saving hours be extended indefinitely, instead of a change back to the old hours being made the last Sunday in October, according to the existing law. The saving of coal by such continuance is estimated to be very great. Twenty cities have reported an estimated combined saving of 100,000 tons for the winter.

Mrs. Wilson Naming New Ships

To Mrs. Wilson, wife of the president, has been given the courtesy of naming 12 new steel freighters which will carry war supplies between this country and Europe. Mrs. Wilson so-

magantic was already speeding to the rescue.

Gaudless Sundays

Washington was a silent city last Sunday. Not only was a "gaudless" Sunday observed and not a horn heard on the streets, but the churches were closed on account of the influenza; vaudeville and movies, which out here run openly on Sundays as weekdays, closed tight as drums; and except for open-air meetings, where Catholic churches celebrated mass on the lawn,

People who have suffered agonies from skin troubles get nights of peaceful rest after using Cadum Ointment

Much suffering from skin troubles may be avoided by the timely use of this wonderful remedy. It stops the itching at once and is very soothing and healing, wherever the skin is irritated or inflamed. Cadum Ointment is good for eczema, pimples, blotches, chafing, piles, rash, scabs, ringworm, cuts, insect bites, etc. Three million boxes sold in France every year.

and other denominations held song services in the open, there was scarcely a sound to be heard in the great city of nearly 400,000 population. Overhead, airplanes from the training ground nearby flew constantly, and the hum of their motors was about the only thing that broke the abnormal stillness of the day.

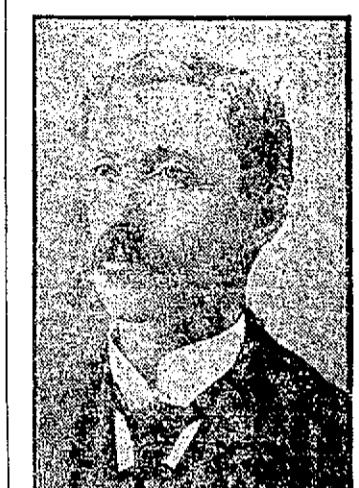
RICHARDS

Lowell Man Tells Of Benefit

Iron In the Blood Gives Strength to Work and Enjoy the Pleasures of Life

Men and women who feel tired, run down, out of sorts, and poorly in general, usually need more iron in their blood.

Lowell people have discovered the value of the new treatment—Iron-Lax-Tonic.



Mr. Louis Roherge, of Walnut street, Lowell, said he felt weak. His heart was bad. In this case the Iron-Lax-Tonic brought his heart back to normal. He felt better in a few days. His appetite was better, he slept better, his bowels were regulated, and he cannot say too much for Iron-Lax-Tonic. He recommends it to others.

Great numbers of Lowell people have taken Iron-Lax-Tonic and received benefit from its action on the system. Also people who are nervous, have palpitation of the heart, paleness, weakness, irregular bowels, rundown condition, that always tired feeling, and the inability to throw off colds and other minor sickness that weaks them out, should take Iron-Lax-Tonic to build them up, invigorate the nerves, tone the stomach, and regulate the bowels.

The remedy has often been prescribed by physicians and is widely recommended by druggists. It is sold in Lowell by Howard Drug Store, Dow's Drug Store, Lowell Pharmacy and at all first class drug stores.

JOIN THE Fighting Fourth

Put in your application now

Buy a Bond and become a member of the great army which is fighting for a world of justice and peace.

You can help in other ways, too. One way is to reduce your coal consumption by protecting your home from the invasion of cold.

WEATHER STRIPS on the doors and windows will keep a lot of cold out.

Felt Strips, per foot.....3½¢

Wood and Felt, per foot.....3¢

Goodwin Grooved Strips are sure tight. Put up in sets enough for one door. Per set \$12.50

All easily applied.

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WALL PAPERS

FOR FALL 1918

In designs and colorings exclusive to the Bon Marche has been received.

—ALSO—

A Big Line of MOULDINGS

In plain white, oak and fancy gits in wide and narrow widths.

And We Have the

FAMOUS PENN PASTE

Wall Paper Dept., 2nd Floor



WHICH WILL YOU TAKE?

You must choose between liberty and bondage. Two pathways lie before all the people of this country, and before all the people of all the world. One leads to bondage beneath the iron heel of the Hun oppressor. The other leads to liberty, honor and justice.

Not only must each American choose between the two, but having chosen to follow the path toward liberty, he must choose the vehicle in which he will travel along that roadway. This is no easy path to climb. There are foot-tearing rocks, jagged stones, precipi-

HAVE COLOR IN CHEEKS

Be Better Looking—Take Olive Tablets

If your skin is yellow—complexion pallid—tongue coated—apetite poor—you have a bad taste in your mouth—a lazy, no-good feeling—you should take Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—a substitute for calomel—were prepared by Dr. Edwards after 17 years of study with his patients.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil.

You will know them by their olive color.

To have a clear, pink skin, bright eyes,

no pimples, a feeling of buoyancy like childhood days you must get at the cause.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act on the liver and bowels like calomel—yet have no dangerous after effects.

They start the bile and overcome constipation. That's why millions of boxes are sold annually at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists. Take one or two nightly and note the pleasing results.

MY CHARGES FOR
HIGH CLASS
DENTISTRY

Are TEN PER CENT. above the ACTUAL COST of PRODUCTION, nothing more.

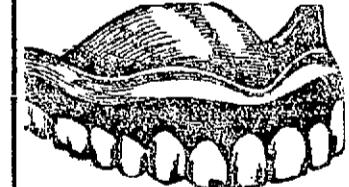
I Do Not Belong to Any

DENTAL TRUST

I am entirely independent. No group of dentists or dental society can regulate my prices.

SPECIAL—Wear one of my sets of teeth for ten days and if at the end of that time they are not satisfactory return them to me and I will refund your money in full.

Full Set Teeth.....\$5.00



Pure Gold Crowns and Bridgework....\$3 and \$5

School children's teeth thoroughly cleaned and examined FREE OF CHARGE when accompanied by parents.

PAINLESS EXTRACTING FREE
When Plates Are Ordered

No high prices in my office. Here in my office, high grade, painless dentistry goes hand in hand with reasonable charges.

DR. MCKNIGHT

175 CENTRAL ST. BRADLEY
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Opposite Appleton National Bank

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Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Open Until

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ATTACKS
Have Been
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For Over 50 Years

by DR. KLINE'S EPILEPTIC REMEDY. It is a rational and remarkably successful treatment for fits, Epilepsy (Falling Sickness) and kindred Nervous Disorders. Get or order at any drug store.

Send for our valuable book on Epilepsy. It is

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Department B, Red Bank, N. J.

"My little daughter and myself both use Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and find it invaluable as a remedy for constipation. I would not be without it." (From a letter to Dr. Caldwell written by Mrs. Will H. Thompson, Ripley, Ohio.)

A mild, effective remedy for constipation that is peculiarly adapted to the needs of elderly people, women and children, is the combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin known as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It brings natural relief, without griping or strain.

DR. CALDWELL'S
Syrup Pepsin

The Perfect Laxative

Sold by Druggists Everywhere
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A TRIAL BOTTLE CAN BE OBTAINED, FREE OF CHARGE, BY WRITING TO
DR. W. S. CALDWELL, 459 WASHINGTON STREET, MONTICELLO, ILLINOIS

mendously more than we can do even though we give every dollar.

They are giving their life blood!

We are not asked to give our dollars.

It is not to you, a question of giving

your life or your dollars.

It is merely putting it up to you—to every American—to choose between them two, shouldering a gun for your country's defense, or lending your money.

It is because we must fight to defend our liberty and the liberty of other peoples, that we must choose between two vehicles in which we may go along the path toward everlasting liberty. We must—

Fight of finance!

We must—

Take a gun or take a bond!

There aren't enough of us that any of us may shrink his war duty. The Hun isn't beaten yet. And until he is beaten, decisively and eternally, we must fight or finance. Some of us are doing both. Soldiers in the trenches are buying Liberty Bonds. They are giving their lives, too. They are giving their arms, and eyes, and legs, too. They are going through the most awful hell of death that the world ever witnessed so that we and our children from now henceforth and forever may never have to fight the Huns again to defend the liberty of free peoples ourselves included.

Millions of our bravest boys have taken their choice. They have chosen the gun. They have gone "over there" by the thousands and the tens of thousands to fight. They are doing tre-

Choose!
Gun or bond!
Both are vitally necessary to the winning of the war.
Both together will carry us to liberty.

Without both, or either, the Hun will win, and we will have come to the low gutter of bondage.

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Alternates
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1,900,000 ACROSS GAINS CONTINUE

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Sergeant McKeon left this noon for his new duties, and carries the best wishes of his Lowell friends who will follow him with interest in his new environment.

CARPENTERS' DISTRICT COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the Carpenters' District council was held last evening. Business of importance was transacted. The question of the rate of pay at the United States Cartridge Co.'s plants was brought up and voted upon. The council agreed to notify the war labor board of the situation at these plants and requests the board to send their representatives to adjust matters at once.

THOS. ELLIOTT'S SALES

Thomas H. Elliott, real estate broker, office 64 Central street, corner Prentiss, reports the following sales negotiated during the past week:

The sale of an excellent cottage property situated at 4 Dunfee street, at its junction with Fifth avenue. The house has eight rooms, is provided with bath and heated by steam plant. It occupies an attractive corner of 416 square feet. The transfer is effected on behalf of Oskar J. Mendell and Paula Mendell. The grantee is Mr. Felicite Bouthillier. Mrs. Bouthillier buys for purposes of investment.

Final papers have been passed in the sale of a handsome and modern bungalow at 53 Berkeley avenue. The property is of very recent construction and is up-to-date in every detail. The living rooms have beamed ceilings, the floors throughout are of polished hard wood, the heating is by steam and the lighting, electricity. The sale is recognized on behalf of the trustees of the Phillips Beach Realty Trust of Lynn. The purchaser is Myrtle F. Clark of this city.

Also the sale of a cottage property at 3 Quimby avenue. The house has six large rooms and occupies a lot of 160 square feet. The land is assessed at 75 per foot, the assessment on the parcel totalling \$1600. The grantor in the transaction is George L. Hubbard, the grantee, Arthur Bennett and Lillian Bennett. Mr. and Mrs. Bennett buy for personal occupancy.

FREE TRIAL COUPON

U. S. Stuart Co., 673 Stetson Bldg., Marshall, Mich. Send me at once, by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Calcium Waters.

Street

City

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as it is to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

Number of American Troops Overseas Announced by General March Today

N. E. National Guard Took Part in St. Mihiel Victory—Appeals for Liberty Loan

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—American troops sent overseas had passed the 1,900,000 mark, General March announced today. He coupled his statement with an urgent appeal to the country to support the Fourth Liberty Loan.

The present was no time to hang back, he said, for the maximum resources of the nation and men and money must be "hurled at the front" to make victory certain. While the movement of soldiers across the water is continuing, the war department is preparing for two million more men to follow the first two million.

The department has asked congress for eight billion dollars to carry out its program, he added, and the financial support of that program must not be withheld by the nation.

Taking up the battle situation on the west front, General March said with the capture of Le Cateau by the British the allied forces were within 14 miles of the railway junction of Aubigny, which is a vital strategical point for the enemy. The Liège-Maubeuge railway and the lateral road through Sedan at which the American army is striking on the Meuse meet each other at Aubigny and these two lines are the main arteries for German supplies and troop movements in France.

N. E. Troops in St. Mihiel Victory. General March announced the American divisions which cleaned up the St. Mihiel salient in the fight which prepared the way for the present operations north of Verdun. Pointing from left to right on the map, he said the divisions were in line as follows:

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

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LIBERTY LOAN DAY

President Wilson in a solemn proclamation has designated October 12 this year as Liberty day, a day on which the people of this nation are to rededicate themselves to the ideals of our government and the principles of world freedom and democracy.

The day in a special manner recalls the genius of that first admiral who fired the first shot of war and revealed to the world the existence of a new continent which was destined to become the home of freedom, the refuge of the oppressed of every other land and, as the present titanic struggle has shown, or is about to show, the protector of all nations from a modern form of oppression fully as bad as any that existed in the past. Never before has the importance, the influence and the power of the United States been so impressive, dominant in world affairs as in the present war.

The United States has broken away from its isolated position among the nations and is now not only a world power but the very greatest of such powers. Before the present war was started the United States was woefully handicapped by the lack of a merchant marine; but after the war it will have a line of merchant vessels the greatest in all the world and it must therefore engage in world trade to an extent never attempted by any nation except England. Liberty day then this year means more than ever, but it has a special significance in its present designation because of the appeal it carries for subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty loan.

It is announced from Washington that unless greater enthusiasm be shown in boosting the loan that it will not be made up in the time limit. That would be a national disgrace; it would be a humiliation to our arms at the front, fully as bad as a defeat at the hands of the Hunns. This Liberty day appeal comes as a test of our patriotism as a people. Are we willing to back up our soldiers doing such heroic work on the various battlefronts, not by giving our money outright but by merely loaning a part of it at a liberal rate of interest? No risk, no gift, merely an accommodation to the government fighting the battles of Liberty.

Let it not be said that Lowell has failed in her duty; let the men who have the money whether they are rich or poor come out and put it down nobly in this glorious cause. This loan will probably be the last, as the struggle is nearing a glorious triumph. The man who subscribes can claim an honorable share of the glory that will be ours when the power of the Hunns shall have been broken, never again to threaten civilization or any large portion of the people of the world—not even the people of Germany.

THE EPIDEMIC

It is hoped that the epidemic which has swept this part of New England for the past six weeks is now on the wane. Lowell has certainly paid a heavy toll to this influenza scourge and the end is not yet in sight. A large number of new cases is reported daily and it is noticed that the disease brings on a very great tendency to pneumonia. It strikes chiefly at the lungs and the heart, whereas the original grippe of 1890 had more the character of a severe cold that brought on a high fever with a disturbance of the nervous system.

There has been some criticism of the action of the health authorities on the ground that its preventive measures were not sufficiently sweeping nor enforced with sufficient strictness. Some people favored putting a card on the door of every house in which a case of the influenza was found; but this would be a very extreme step that might perhaps result in the neglect of patients and otherwise do more harm than good. The board of health has also been criticized for not putting its foot down strictly against holding wakes or any assembly of people where a victim of the disease is awaiting burial. The people have been cautioned repeatedly against such assemblies and in fact against assemblies of all kinds; but unless compulsory methods are adopted, it is very difficult to get the public to observe any regulations of the kind even when the violation thereof is attended with serious dangers.

It is well for every person who is attacked with influenza to realize that this disease is much more serious than is generally supposed. When complicated with pneumonia, the danger is certainly very grave. Many patients who have appeared to be on the road to recovery have been suddenly cut off by a sinking spell or general collapse. If the patient is to be saved from the most serious consequences, this must be done in the early stages of the disease.

The Lawrence liquor dealers apparently have a good friend at court in the person of Robert S. Maloney, commissioner of health for the city. Yesterday he made a plea for the liquor interests which resulted in the saloons being allowed to continue to do business. Lawrence has just as bad a grippe situation as any of the other big mill cities in the Merrimack valley. When she sends out pleas for doctors, nurses and other agents to combat influenza, it will take Christian fortitude indeed, not to tell her to shut down on booze first.

There is fair prospect that when the last Sunday in this month arrives the clock hands will not be put back as the "saving daylight" scheme originally contemplated. Most of America's opinion on this matter as expressed through the papers indicates that the present "saving daylight" plan has pleased and should be retained, for the duration of the war at least. Of course putting the clock hands back would mean an hour longer to lie in bed but somehow about this day and date, sticking to the bed in the morning seems a foolish thing to do.

We hear number of rumors about different members of royal families in Europe getting married, some of them below their rank. Most of them are rank enough. But the news doesn't seem to impress any of us so as to get real excited about it. Perhaps many of us reflect that the time swiftly approaches when these persons will be decorating park benches as ex-Kings Manuel of Portugal and ex-King Constantine of Greece are reported to be doing and swapping experiences when invariably start, "Now when I was a member of the royal family of—"

The National Association of Motion Picture Industries announces that it will not issue any more new films after Oct. 15, until the Spanish influenza dies down. Most of us will regard this as a good thing. Lately it has been too easy to dope out how the picture would end, after a hundred feet or so of film had been reeled off. If the motion picture industry, including its scenario writers, producers and players, has voted itself an enforced vacation, in the interim some new plots and ideas may incubate. They are certainly needed.

The little yelp of pained misgiving that the Bay State's distinguished senator, Henry C. Lodge, emitted after he learned what the president's reply to Max was, reminds us of a clarinet player starting alone down the street after the minstrel band is six blocks ahead. And Hen need not fear about the effect of the president's reply on the allied and American armies. They seem to skip along toward Berlin at the rate of about 15 or 20 miles a day.

As regards that aeroplane trip from England to France in which the aviator carried an upright piano with him landing it safely in France, while the poetically inclined might regard it as a contribution to the "music of the spheres," most of us would feel that we would rather ride over in that particular plane just before or just after the big music box was a passenger, rather than as the piano's "humper."

One of the remarkable things about the conduct of the present war so far as America's share in it is concerned—and yet it is not a remarkable thing when you stop to think of it—is that the struggle seems to progress to a victorious issue in favor of American and allied arms in spite of the fact that certain pickaninnish republican editors are continually telling us that the men who are directing affairs at Washington are woefully mismanaging things.

President Wilson asked the German chancellor certain questions because he desired to obtain some necessary answers. When a crook comes before a decent man and expresses a wish to adopt a less risky method of obtaining sustenance, the decent man has to apply the acid test and see how sincere the new born desire is on the part of the crook. In the case of the chancellor it is as if he had spoken something but had "mumbled his words." President Wilson believes we are living at a time when mumbling one's words doesn't go.

SEEN AND HEARD

Put the stamp of sincerity on your war economies—A Thrift Stamp.

Clinking Liberty bonds dollars beats clapping for Liberty loan appeals.

Indications are there will be a Turk for every American family this Thanksgiving.

Notice to squirrels—nutshells are needed to make gas masks—conserve a nut and win the war! Eat the other kind.

In Paris you can get a coarse dinner for 33 cents. It would be a coarse dinner served here for that gladstone figure.

Flying is now said to be safe as walking. Which may be so six days week, but the gasless Sabbath is the pedestrials paradise!

End runs, dashes and tackles—war is much like football—but the Yankees are making their gains by miles instead of yards in the big game.

The only man who can trim the toenails of lions and tigers in a London Zoo, has been examined. He should be decorated as well, in our humble opinion.

Plea in Avoidance

A Wyoming man tells of a man in that state who was taken into custody on the charge of making counterfeit money.

During the course of his preliminary examination the magistrate said:

"So you admit having been engaged in making counterfeit bills?"

"Yes, you honor," responded the culprit, "and I thought it was all right."

You see, the supply of the genuine ar-

THE PEACE BEGGER



THE ANSWER IS BUY MORE LIBERTY BONDS

It is so very, very short."—Echo both Sunday Herald.

His Mother Over Here
It isn't alone that I give my boy. Him I have builded from sorrow and joy. My boy who has just turned man. But I send away what he was each day, Since ever his life began.

The boy yesterday, stooping above. Caressed my lips with a never love. And although my eyes were dim, I knew that his heart had found its part.

I blest that love for him. I am giving the youth who tossed his hat In the face of the world, who flouted the stars.

As he buried his arm, untried, To win a place in the world's hard race. With a laugh for the game beside.

I am giving the lad who never could Be half as bad as I thought him good. And if ever his heart was sore, And he rambled wild, he was mine—my child— And I only loved him more.

I am giving the boy who went to my lap. And if ever he irked at the rigid rule, Or his lessons went amiss, "Twas a very small chaff struggled into my lap.

For the comfort of mother's kiss. I am giving the boy who went to play. And who hurried back any hour of the day.

Like a wild wolf scenting wool, And I sat by his side, with a motherly pride And filled his hallowness full!

I am giving the child of my every mood. Who sweetened my sleep, who savored my food.

Who brightened the morning light And I fretted away such hours of the day.

As he lingered out of my sight, I am giving the boy in his tattered pride.

When first his little less tucked inside That garment of youthful joy, And I laughed to see his ticklesome glee.

To become a two-legged boy!

I am giving my child in his pinafors As he rumbled and rummaged the whole in doors.

In silent mischief planned, Or clung to my skirt to kiss the hurt Of his little pink tender hand.

I am giving him sick, I am giving him well, Through sweets of heaven and fears of hell,

And along with all the rest, The new warm head, as I lay abed And it nestled against my breast.

Men give but a man for the kaiser's crimes, But a mother gives ten thousand times.

The boy whom she sends away, For tender and small or sturdy and fat.

He is born to her every day.

EDMUND VANCE COOKE

Such a Punster!

She was a fisherman's daughter, and wore her hair in a net. The city youth came round to court her, and here are a few things he said:

"My love, you hold first place in my heart. Although I shudder about expressing myself, my 'sole' wish is that you will save me from becoming a 'crabbed' old bachelor. I shall stick to you closer than a 'limpet,' and

At least, such is the program as it appears viewed from the middle 40s, and, doubtless, you wonder sometimes after a light breakfast and a hunch snatched at noon whether memory tricks you in picturing the lusty appetite and the enormous intake of the barefoot age.

But your memory is truthful. Science so asserts. The Russel Sage Institute has just completed a scientific inquiry into the eating capacity of 300 boys at a big boarding school. It is not necessary to give the data for protein

At least, such is the program as it appears viewed from the middle 40s, and, doubtless, you wonder sometimes after a light breakfast and a hunch snatched at noon whether memory tricks you in picturing the lusty appetite and the enormous intake of the barefoot age.

I note that the Beverly Times has blossomed out with a Man About Town col, too, and it is mighty fine and entertaining col. There are at least three of us Man About Towners in Massachusetts including the admirable Man About Town who entertains readers of the Salem News and whose items are extensively quoted in many Boston papers. I understand a good many people wish the Man About Town would keep their mouths shut and let the covers stay on their typewriters, but being Man About Town we can't do that. For a time I kept my mouth shut when I was down to Tewksbury hospital the other day on an assignment. I simply had to, Mr. Hanson to whom I am indebted for much courtesy, made me wear a coarse bandage over my nose and mouth when I went through the wards where the influenza and pneumonia patients are receiving treatment.

I desire to add my small tribute to the sterling manhood and true Christianity of the beloved senior curate of St. Patrick's church at Nashua, the Rev. Daniel J. Sullivan, who died Tuesday of influenza at a hospital in that city. Father Sullivan's boyhood home was in Laconia, N. H., and it so happened that we attended the high school in that splendid little city at the same time. Young Dan Sullivan at that time was a leader in rank among the good scholars of that school. If I had been

Substantiated army grade leather for trench boots, extra flexible soles, strong and dandy, money back if not satisfactory.

\$5.00

17 New Fall Styles for Women just in. Come tomorrow and see them.

Newark Shoes For Boys, \$2.50, \$3, & \$3.50

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings Until 10 O'Clock

Daily Health Talks

The Best Way to Treat Constipation

By S. C. BABCOCK, M. D.

The medical books name many drugs that will move the bowels. The drug store shelves are loaded down with laxatives, purgatives and oils. The trouble with most of them is the after-effects. Constipated people know that pills work all right for a little while, but they soon lose their effect, and a change has to be made to something else. The constant taking of pills results in a form of bowel inactivity that is difficult to cure. The system becomes so accustomed to laxative drugs that the organs just won't work without them, and so the pill habit becomes as bad as constipation itself. Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., seems to me to have the right idea. He says the bowels should first be gently moved with Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and in the meantime laxative foods only should be eaten. Figs, prunes, olive oil, spinach, bran, vegetables and fruits are fine for constipation. Chew every bite thoroughly, eat little meat, and be as active as possible. Now doesn't that seem sensible? Pleasant Pellets will start the bowels working right; then it is up to you to keep them right by right eating. Try Pleasant Pellets for sick headache, coated tongue, biliousness, dizziness, tired liver or to break up a cold. They are just fine!

Dr. Pierce's Anodyne Ointment soothes, cools and heals piles in a most gratifying way. Perhaps there is no other remedy for this torturing trouble that relieves so surely and quickly. Dr. Pierce believes Anodyne Ointment will overcome any case that can be overcome by medical treatment. Try it right now.

Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets are intended for people who suffer from kidney disorders—whose backs ache, and whose systems are overburdened with uric acid. Nearly everybody has too much uric acid. Anuric Tablets dissolve uric acid quickly, as they are made double strength—Ady.

told he was to become a clergyman it seems as if I would have prophesied he would have made the splendid spiritual leader he became. He was only 29 years old when he died. He had a number of friends in Lowell. Hundreds of people in Manchester and Nashua will mourn his passing, as a clergyman. We folks who knew him as a schoolboy will feel just as sorry and any and all communities can ill afford to lose men of the character of Father Daniel J. Sullivan.

Nothing has encouraged me to hope this dreadful influenza scourge would be put to rout more than the announcement that the good women of Lowell, including 100 kind hearted and capable nuns, were to lend their services to helping the already over-worked doctors and nurses. The women folks generally do not start their fights with any blaring of brass bands but roll up their sleeves and don big aprons and go at the job. An epidemic of sickness unalterably requires the tireless energy and good judgment of the average capable woman. I think we shall see the toll of the disease start on the wane.

From what I hear of the precautions taken at the plants of the United States Cartridge company in Lawrence street and in Market street, the supervisors certainly furnish the best kind of an example for other industrial plants in the city, notably the textile industries. I am told that in the ammunition factories there is a cuspidor near each machine, that spraying and disinfection of the work rooms takes place three times a day and there is all the fresh air the workers need. Besides this there is a first class hospital

BACK YOUR OWN WITH THE BOND YOU OWN



FASCINATING NECKWEAR
We display today the richest and most elegant neckwear that even this store has ever shown.

Great, generous scarves in designs that are radically new, bold in effect, but that have taste in the color combinations.

\$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00

Two hundred new patterns in our all Silk Neckwear for 75c

PUTNAM & SON CO.
166 Central Street.

Department and constant medical supervision of the plants. A condition, all things considered, that ought to obtain in all industrial plants to safeguard the lives of their workers.

A Pittsfield contractor says he finds an unprecedent demand for French doors, which are one of the greatest of coal savers. It is almost impossible to find the doors in stock—they have to be made by the contractor.

Get Rid of That Persistent Cough

If you are subject to weak lungs, head colds, etc., ECKMAN'S ALTERNATIVE may aid you in stopping the cough. In addition, it is a valuable tonic and health-builder in such cases. No alcohol, narcotic or habit-forming drugs. Twenty years' successful use.

50c and \$1.50 Bottles at all druggists or from manufacturer, postpaid.

ECKMAN LABORATORY, Philadelphia—Adv.

Newark U. S. Munson ARMY SHOES



HERE is a shoe made on the



My Mother What Would She Have Me Do Today?

Buy Fighting Fourth Liberty Bonds, of course

It is to save all mothers, all sisters, all helpless little children from the残酷 of experiences,—to impose which seems the crowning joy of the heartless Hun—that America fights today.

Back of autocracy is brutal exploitation of all people who do not bear the kultural name of German. Underlying democracy is the cardinal principle of safety of person and property.

For Which of these do You stand?

Save to Buy
and
Buy to Keep

Buy bonds the way the boys in France fight—to the utmost

Buy today—at any bank—cash or instalments

Liberty Loan Committee
of New England



This advertisement is endorsed and paid for by Talbot Mills as a part of their efforts to fight this war to a prompt and victorious conclusion

CAMBRAI RUINED

City Despoiled by Fleeing

Vandals—Outrages Unparalleled in History

France Can Never Forgive

This—Torch in Hand, Enemy Comes Offering Peace

WITH THE CANADIAN FORCES IN FRANCE, Wednesday, Oct. 9.—(By Canadian Press)—Cambrai tonight is a smoking ruin. The Germans probably have never perpetrated a more ruthless nor more premeditated vandalism than this destruction of Cambrai.

"France can never forget nor forgive this," remarked a French officer. "Torch in hand, the enemy comes offering us peace."

When the Canadians entered Cambrai the great public square of the Place d'Armes was virtually intact. Now it is a mass of ruins. Explosions began at 9 o'clock and have continued ever since.

Bombs Hollow Explosions

All day, in every part of the town, there were explosions of incendiary bombs with time fuses attached, and these were followed immediately by outbursts of fire. In one short street a dozen houses simultaneously burst into flames.

The town hall, the bishop's palace and other buildings were blown to pieces. The cathedral still stands, but only with its ruined chancel. Fire is lapping the base of the great belfry tower.

As the hours went by the universal

Stomach Good As New. Four Doctors Gave Her Up

Mrs. Hendricks, Bedfast Five Months, Was Able to Work in Two Weeks.

I was sick last winter for five months, with stomach and bowel trouble. Could not turn myself in bed without help. I was under the care of four doctors, and they gave me up. Then Mr. Mills, the druggist, persuaded my husband to try a bottle of Milk Emulsion. I had only taken it two days until I was sitting up in bed, and in two weeks I was doing my own work. When I began taking it, I weighed only 70 pounds; now I weigh 100 pounds.—Mrs. Mary Hendricks, 900 Litchfield Road, Owensboro, Ky.

Thousands of people who have suffered for years from stomach and bowel troubles, have found relief, as Mrs. Hendricks did, almost from the first dose of Milk Emulsion. And it isn't merely temporary relief, but real, lasting benefit.

Milk Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores health, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength, Milk Emulsion is strongly recommended for run-down nervous people, and it has produced amazing results in many cases of tuberculosis of the lungs. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. A truly wonderful medicine for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milk Emulsion under this guarantee: Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions and if not satisfied with the results, your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. The Milk Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold and guaranteed by Fred Howard.—Adv.

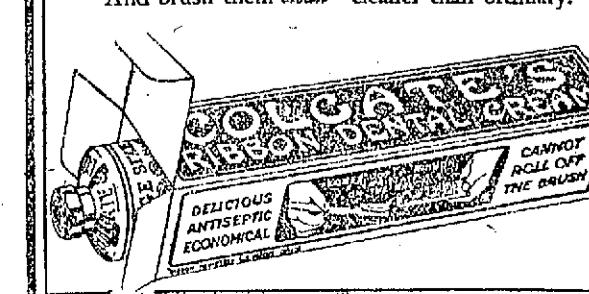
Evidence that Colgate's is preferred by dentists is contained in the affidavits and other documents which have been filed with the Title Guaranty and Trust Co. of New York. They may be examined by accredited committees on application to Colgate & Co.

INFLUENZA and Your Teeth

The Surgeon-General of the U. S. Army has urged clean teeth as one of the precautions you should take against the "Spanish" Influenza. But—first of all and most important—see your Doctor.

In keeping your teeth clean, brush them twice a day with Colgate's Ribbon Dental Cream. It is not a cure-all, but it is a safe, efficient, delicious dentifrice that is the choice of Dentists.

And brush them clean—cleaner than ordinary.



character of the holocaust developed. The sun was obscured partly and it seemed like a fiery ball in the smoke and thick dust of falling walls.

The Canadian engineers sought to pen in the conflagration by dynamiting buildings, but the flames broke out at the backs of the soldiers.

There remains in the city Fr. Thiez, a priest of the Church of St. Druon. Two days ago he was ordered by the Germans to leave the city. He refused because he had to attend to a dying woman. The Germans threatened to shoot him, but he persevered and now he is caring for civilians who had hidden for 10 days in the cellars.

Canadians on Foe's Heels

It fell to the lot of troops originally recruited as Canadian Mounted Rifles to be the first to enter Cambrai, two companies of an Eastern township's battalion crossing the canal after patrols had established bridgeheads.

The Canadian engineers established a pontoon bridge over the canal at 6 a. m., aided by an effective barrage laid down by the British artillery on the enemy gun positions.

The Germans held the city with rear guards which the sudden onslaught of the Canadians rapidly brushed aside.

In pushing out east of Cambrai after the capture brilliant work was done in effecting the first crossing of the canal at the demolished railway bridge. Two men swam across the canal, bombed the enemy out of his bridgehead and then, linked arm in arm, the leading men of the company scrambled over the wreck of the bridge. In a short time a practicable crossing was established.

The enemy began his evacuation of the city at midnight. The Canadian occupation was completed at 9 o'clock the next morning.

Ruins in Wake of Burns

It was soon after the Germans broke and ran that fires began to break out in the whole district behind them, and the ground rocked with terrific explosions as ammunition which they had no time to save was destroyed.

Everything combustible in the area around Caudry, Inchy, La Cateau, St. Benin, St. Souplet, Vaux-Andigny and Bohain was fired, and sheep then towns and farms well to the eastward have started burning.

"LOST" YANKS SCORNED SURRENDER REQUEST

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 9 (By A. P.)—The brightest spot in the heroic and amazing story of the now famous "lost battalion," which belonged to the 77th Division, was the climax to the fourth day of the troops' beleaguerment in the Argonne Forest.

When the men were almost without ammunition, an American, who had been taken prisoner by the Germans, suddenly appeared.

He had been sent from German headquarters with a note to Maj. Whittlesey, reading:

"Americans, you are surrounded on all sides. Surrender. You will be well treated."

Maj. Whittlesey did not hesitate.

"Go to Hell," he almost shouted.

He had read the note to the men around him, and his men cheered so loudly that the Germans heard them.

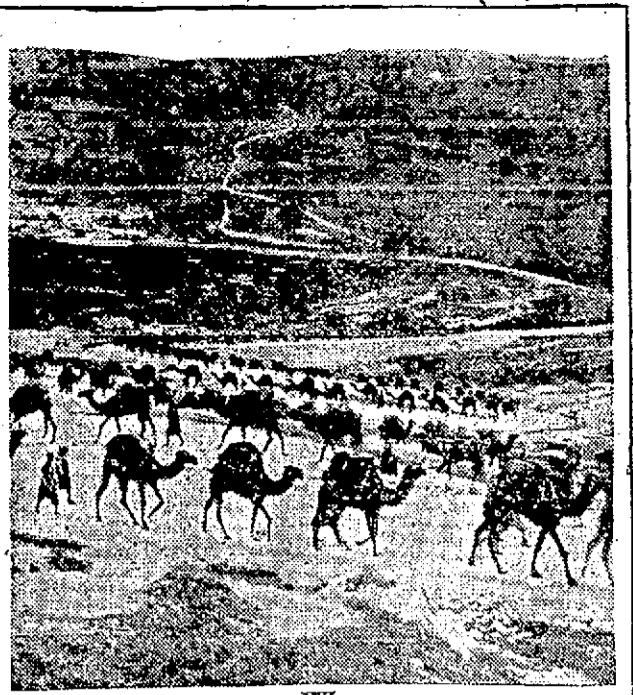
None of the battalion could know that relief would come within 24 hours, but every man, wounded or well, in the battalion enthusiastically approved Maj. Whittlesey's abrupt answer when the news of its capture came.

BOYS' MEETING POSTPONED

The employed boys' social at the Y.M.C.A. scheduled for this evening, has been postponed on account of the epidemic, and the Mother and Son banquet, planned for the 15th, has also been pushed forward a week. The gymnasium is much in use this fall, and the attendance is expected to be much larger after the disease has been stamped out in the city.

The boys, as usual, are expected to take a prominent part in the Red Triangle campaign which will be held here Nov. 11 to 18. "A billion boys behind a million fighters," is the slogan for the boys in the coming drive, and that they will go over the top is a foregone conclusion.

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This exclusive Palestine picture, rushed here by Special Correspondent Whitehair, shows a long line of British transportation camels winding up the road toward Jerusalem.

THE HOLY LAND TODAY

Army Camps Dot Approaches

Camels and Motors Are

Side by Side

Charles W. Whitehair, N.E.A. special correspondent to the British forces of Palestine, and personal friend of Gen. Allenby, is writing for The Sun and associated journals the first real story of the "last crusade." This is the second article he has furnished; the first told about the Britishfeat in building a railroad from Egypt across Sinai desert in the wake of their advance, which enabled them to defeat the Turks. Whitehair has covered the war on the two continents: Europe, Africa and Asia. He is the only American return from the Holy Land to the United States since the fall of Jerusalem.

BY CHARLES W. WHITELAIR (N.E.A. Special Correspondent to the British Front in Palestine)

From early childhood I had thought of Jerusalem as the Holy City.

The City on a Green Hill, and everything

around it is beautiful and lovely.

What a surprise lay in store for me that first morning when we motored up from Jaffa.

The journey is about 50 miles. Before the war the trip was made over a slow, uncomfortable Turkish railway. There were but three motor cars in all Palestine before the war.

However, this morning we left Jaffa by Ford, and started up to Jerusalem. We crossed the fertile and productive plain of Sharon. This year it has yielded a fine crop of wheat and maize. We passed many herds of cattle and sheep grazing in the fields.

Villagers Save Part of their Herds

The villagers succeeded in saving part of their flocks by hiding them in the hills when the Turks retreated, and fortunately the Turkish retreat was made so rapidly that they were unable to scour through the hills and round up the cattle and sheep. The British came forward so rapidly that it was all the Turks could do to get out of the way.

Coming into the Judean foothills, we looked over the plain, dotted all over with the little bell tents of the British camp.

We could see tied up long lines of camels, great herds of little donkeys, or, as one soldier referred to them, "Gen. Allenby's white mice."

The entire plain is one great seething military camp; the Jaffa-Jerusalem road today is a fine metal road, which the British have entirely rebuilt since the capture of Jerusalem, although it is the same roadbed over which the approach to Jerusalem from the sea has been made as far back as the time of King Solomon, when the timber for the temple was brought from Lebanon by sea down to Jaffa, then by road up to Jerusalem.

The road winds in and around the beautiful hills of Judean, covered with olive trees—although the Turks cut down thousands of trees for wood. Trees, rocks, hills and all have a chalky white appearance; dry weather traffic on the roads has raised a continuous cloud of dust, which blankets the whole countryside.

Camels, Donkeys, Horses—and Motors

Crawling slowly up and down the hills are long lines of motor lorries, which keep the air full of dust clouds. Up and down constantly are moving troops of cavalry going up to the lines or coming back for rest.

On the footpath along the side of the road are the slow moving camel trains, always traveling in single file, and at times in trains that are well over five miles in length.

Moving along are hundreds of little donkeys also in single file with great loads, that weigh as much as the donkey himself.

All along the road working like ants are men of the Egyptian labor corps, for the road must constantly be worked upon in order to keep it in condition. Hundreds break large rocks into small pieces; others with little baskets on their heads carry the stones to the roads, while others repair and level.

As you go up to Jerusalem from Jaffa you are unable to see the city from any distance. We were actually in the environs of Jerusalem before I realized we were anywhere near.

Jerusalem was not at all what I had expected.

It is, in fact, two cities.

One city lies within a great wall, another lies without.

The outside city is made up of every sort of conceivable building, from great massive foreign hotels, down to shacks made of wooden boxes and American tin cans.

The inner city is surrounded by a great wide wall, entered by narrow gates on foot.

TELEPHONE COMPANIES

Statement by Mr. Vail Out-

lining Basis of Compensation by Government

Theodore N. Vail, president of the American Telephone & Telegraph company, and head of the Bell system of telephone companies, the control and operation of which were taken over by the government as a war measure on August 1, authorizes the following statement as an epitome of the negotiations between the postmaster general and the telephone conference as to the basis of compensation. It is of special interest to New England because of the large holdings of telephone securities in this section of the country:

"After extended conferences between the representatives of the postmaster general and of the Bell system, covering—that there might be no misunderstanding—pains-taking and exhaustive discussion and a frank exchange of views, what constitutes a just compensation for the supervision, possession, control and operation of the Bell system taken under the proclamation of the president of the United States, has been agreed upon."

"The representatives of the Bell system throughout the negotiations found nothing but helpfulness. Asking no more than they thought ought to be paid by the government, they found an intent and desire to pay all that ought to be paid, and, for the protection of the property, to do all that ought to be done and all that has been done in the past. In taking over the property, the postmaster general also desires to give continuity to the service, and, as far as consistent with government operation, to the personnel which has brought the property to its present degree of efficiency.

"From the first exchange of views with the close, the Bell representatives were met by the postmaster general and his representatives in a spirit of absolute fairness and with an earnest desire to preserve the property for the proprietors, as well as to give them established returns on their securities. The principles adopted as a basis of compensation were—

"First: Any compensation fixed for the period of control was to be considered as compensation for an emergency period and not in any way considered as establishing a value for the property."

British Indians guard the Mohammedan sacred places.

Since the capture of this city not one single building has been torn down or destroyed. Every single stone is being guarded and protected by the British, so that the city may be preserved as an old jewel untouched and unspoiled by the hand of war.

"Second: The operation of the property to be continued on a basis of efficiency relatively equal to that of the past.

"Third: The property is to be fully maintained so as to be turned back to the company as good as when received."

"Fourth: Appropriations from current revenue for maintenance, depreciation and obsolescence to be the same as the past, an average of 5.12 per cent on the fixed capital. Amortization of intangible capital to be relatively equal to the past. All unexpended balances from both to be invested in the plant of the system. Charges against the depreciation reserve to be in accordance with the rules of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

"Fifth: Employees' pensions, disability benefits and death benefits now in operation to be continued.

"Sixth: All taxes, municipal, state or federal, to be paid (or reimbursed if paid by the companies) by the government.

"Seventh: The license and rental contracts between the American Telephone and Telegraph company and the licensed companies to be continued, and the American Telephone and Telegraph company is to give such advice and assistance as the postmaster general may require, to maintain its scientific, technical and engineering departments, and its patent protection for the benefit of the property in the same manner as heretofore.

"Loutholst forest dates historically from the ninth century. It extended from Dixmuide to Ypres and covered 200 square miles. Throughout the entire region, utter desolation prevails, the charred stumps of trees extending for miles over the blackened landscape.

FAMOUS FOREST IN RUINS

Belgian Troops Find Great

Wooded Area at Houtholst

Destroyed by Fleeing Huns

PARIS, Thursday, Oct. 10.—When the Belgian troops broke through the formidable enemy defenses and occupied the famous forest of Houtholst, they found that that great wooded area had been destroyed. Not a single tree remained standing throughout the vast domain.

Loutholst forest dates historically from the ninth century. It extended from Dixmuide to Ypres and covered 200 square miles. Throughout the entire region, utter desolation prevails, the charred stumps of trees extending for miles over the blackened landscape.

CHOLERA IS SLOWLY SPREADING IN BERLIN

BASEL, Thursday, Oct. 10—Cholera is slowly spreading in Berlin, despite preventive measures, a Berlin dispatch states. Seventeen cases were reported on Oct. 8, and 15 deaths occurred.

A Portland attorney laughed with everybody else present when he was asked to spell his own middle name and had to give up after three attempts and consult the dictionary. His name is William Alloysius Connelan. He says it was wished him, anyway.

PAINS IN BACK AND SIDE

Yield to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Kansas City, Kansas.—"I suffered from pains in my back and side caused by a functional derangement. I was nervous and had headaches most of the time. So many people recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me, I tried it and after taking six bottles I am well. I do not think the Vegetable Compound can be beaten for women's ailments."—Mrs. L. Timmerman, 3611 N. Hutchings St., Kansas City, Kansas.

Women who suffer from headaches, nervousness, backache, the blues and other symptoms of a functional derangement should give this famous root and herb remedy a trial.

For forty years it has been overcoming such ailments of women after other medicines have failed.

The letters constantly being published from women in every section of this country prove beyond question the merit of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

No ROOF NO GUMS

SILVER FILLINGS.....50¢

GOLD FILLINGS, \$1.00 and Up

Best Bridge Work of Gold and Porcelain, Per Tooth....\$3.00

Full Set of Teeth on best red rubber plate, Per Tooth.....\$3.00

THIS COUPON IS WORTH

\$1.00 CASH

Any new patient presenting this coupon at Dr. Hewson Dental Co., 40 Central street, will receive \$1.00 worth of work absolutely free. This offer is made to demonstrate the painless methods of filling, crowning and extracting.

In closing: The public should bear in mind that we are in the midst of abnormal times. Scarcity of labor, high costs of living, and great increases in demands on the services which are congested and not well di-

BRIEF BUT IMPORTANT WIRE DISPATCHES

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Liberty loan subscription blanks carrying a message to President Wilson, Gen. Pershing and the "boys over there" were sent today by the League to Enforce Peace to its 25,000 members asking each to buy one more \$50 bond.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 11.—The right of an enemy alien to bring suit in the United States was upheld by Justice Bergen in the supreme court here today.

BASEL, Oct. 11.—President Wilson's reply to the peace proposals of the central powers does not create a new situation, says the Frankfort Gazette, which adds: "The grave reasons for an armistice continue and they will determine the decision which the government should take."

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 11.—Influenza has appeared in western Canada. In Victoria, B.C., schools and theatres have been closed. Thirty-five cases have been reported to the Vancouver authorities.

DUBLIN, Oct. 11.—Captain H. R. Cona, in charge of the American naval airship service, was among the passengers on the steamer *Leinster* which was sunk by a German submarine. He is suffering from a broken leg.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—As an aid to the fight against the spread of influenza throughout the country, the manufacturers and distributing agencies comprising the national association of the motion picture industry decided today not to release new moving picture reels to exhibitors from Oct. 13 to Nov. 9, except that contracts for serial productions and animated news reels will not be broken.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—The time of the sale of the stock of the Boston & Maine railroad and the Boston Railroad Holding Co. was extended from Feb. 1, 1919, to Oct. 1, 1919, by United States Judge Mayer here, at the request of the trustees.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Postmen within a few days will assume the task of delivering telegraph messages classed as night letters, in cities and towns where postal deliveries are maintained.

PARIS, Oct. 11.—North of Rheims the French fifth army is holding both banks of the river Sambre and has captured Bertricourt. Italian forces played a brilliant part in the magnificent attack of the fifth army which also resulted in the capture of Courtecon and Troyon, south of Laon.

EPIDEMIC IN CAMPS

Intensive Training and Strenuous Work in All Army Camps Discontinued

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Intensive training and other strenuous work at all army camps were ordered discontinued today by Acting Secretary Cleggell during the epidemic. Crowding and over-exertion are to be avoided and all exercises are to be in lighter form.

Infantry and cavalry in army camps made the death rate among troops at home stations higher during the week ending Oct. 4 than in any other week since the mobilization began last fall.

SCHOOL BOYS WANTED
FOR FARM WORK

There is an opportunity for more than 25 Lowell boys to earn a little spending money while the schools are closed during the influenza epidemic and at the same time to improve their health materially. Examiner Cornelius M. Cronin of the United States Employment service at the war work headquarters has received a number of requests from large farms in the vicinity of Lowell for boys to help in the harvesting that is now going on. Mr. Cronin will be glad to explain the terms to any boy more than 14 years of age.

There is also a chance for a married couple to secure good positions as sexton and matron for a prominent local church.

Skilled and unskilled help of all descriptions is wanted and Mr. Cronin says that at the present time there are many demands for part-time workers.

SAYS KAISER AGAINST
MAXIMILIAN OFFER

LONDON, Oct. 11.—Chancellor Max. imilian's peace proposal to President Wilson was made in direct opposition to the views of Emperor William, according to a report brought to London by a neutral who left Germany a few days ago. It is suggested that this may be the reason for the summoning of the German sovereigns for a conference. No official confirmation of this can be obtained here.

HURRAH FOR THE HELLO GIRLS!

The local telephone operators are patriotically supporting their sister operators in France is evident from their success with the Fighting Fourth Liberty loan. They have subscribed \$350 in bonds to the New England Telephone and Telegraph company, amongst the 118 operators. On the other issues they have also been consistent supporters of Uncle Sam, for each operator has at least three bonds.

LOWELL MAN WOUNDED

Today's Canadian casualty list contains the name of W. T. Dixon of Lowell, reported wounded. Available local records do not contain such a name.

AT THE POSTOFFICE

Postmaster Meehan stated that the money order department at the local postoffice will be open the major part of the day tomorrow, so that anyone wishing to invest in Thrift and W.S.S. stamps will have the opportunity to do so. There will be only one delivery of mail for the holiday, and that will be in the forenoon.

STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Profit-taking forced the remaining holding, and caused recession of 1 to 3 points among speculative issues, especially oils, in the early period of today's stock market. Shipments of oil continued. Marine oil and United Fuel continued to sell, although motors, coppers and specialties, U. S. Steel was firm, but related shares wavered.

Shipments forged ahead on extensive accumulation. Marine pt. mt. was high, and rose 2 to 3 points. U. S. Metals, while American International rose 34 and Atlantic Gulf and United Fuel two points each. Mexican Petroleum and Texas Co. made further gains, low grade oils were showing stronger tendencies. General Electric and Westinghouse displayed further strength and metals were dominated by heavy buying of Chile Copper at an advance of 14 points. U. S. Steel was up on moderate pressure and rails were neglected.

The market became unsettled at mid-day on another drive against U. S. Steel, which fell a point. Reactions were sharp, with a gain of 1 to 2 points. Losses were quickly relieved in many instances, however, on vigorous buying of rails at one to two point gains.

The woman's food conservation committee of Boston has opened 21 canteens in order that influenza patients may be sure of obtaining proper food.

BISHOP PROTESTS CHURCH CLOSING

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 11.—The local board of health today voted against the lifting of the closing order on churches, schools and other places of public gatherings. The action followed a conference of clergymen with the board at which Bishop Louis S. Walsh of the Catholic diocese of Portland protested against the closing of the churches and questioned the legality of the order.

Bishop Walsh announced after the decision was reached that masses would be held next Sunday at the usual hours in all the Catholic churches of this city. In a statement to the newspapers, Bishop Walsh said:

"His Excellency, the governor, and the head of the state department of health has declared that the church gatherings come under the heading of necessary assemblies, and this judgment is most certainly true and correct from every point of view."

"On the other hand, the drastic decrees, issued somewhere in or from the city hall, seem to be without any legal, good foundation."

UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER THE ONLY ANSWER TO THE KAISER'S PEACE BEG

Do you believe in unconditional surrender as the only answer to the Kaiser's plea for peace? Then take out your membership in the Unconditional Surrender Club of the United States of America, and show the world where you stand in the matter. This club is a national organization, and already over 200,000 members have been secured. There are no dues or fees connected with membership in this club, the only requirements required being the signing of the pledge printed below, and the purchase of a button bearing the insignia of the club, which is composed of the name of the club in red, white and blue field, and is sold at the nominal charge of five cents.

The national headquarters of the organization are located at Flint, Mich., and every city and hamlet is entitled to its local branch. Membership pledges and buttons may be secured at war work headquarters, 119 Merrimack street, from Mr. Otto Hockmeyer, who is in charge of the local branch of the club.

The following is the pledge of members which the applicant must sign in order to become a member:

As a member of the Unconditional Surrender Club of the United States of America, I pledge my undying fealty to the United States government; I pledge my unflinching support to our solidar boys who are fighting the common enemy; I pledge myself and all that I possess to the cause of winning the war against Germany and her allies, if that be necessary; I pledge myself to make any and whatever sacrifices I may be called upon to make, to the end that the central powers may be brought to realize that only an unconditional surrender will be acceptable to me and to my country, the United States of America.

Closed Tomorrow

Mr. Hockmeyer states that war work headquarters will not be open Columbus day, with the exception of the U. S. employment bureau, which will remain open until 12:30. The Lowell board of trade and the fuel and food committees will also be closed over the holiday.

RELATIONS BETWEEN GERMANY AND POLAND TO BE SETTLED WITH JUSTICE

AMSTERDAM, Thursday, Oct. 10.—Prince Maximilian, the German imperial chancellor, has telegraphed to the Polish regency council, now meeting at Warsaw, assurance that he is firmly resolved to shape the relations between the German empire and the newly arisen kingdom of Poland in a spirit of justice and understanding of the vital interests on both sides.

"I will exert myself," he continues, "for the speediest removal of the burdens of occupation that still exist and will give orders for the realization of this without delay."

INFLUENZA SPREADING

CAPE TOWN, Thursday, Oct. 10.—Influenza is spreading rapidly in Cape Town and other sections of South Africa. In the native quarter of Cape Town, whole households are lying helpless. There must be tens or thousands of cases of the disease and the death roll is heavy, especially among the colored races. Schools and entertainments have been closed and public services curtailed.

LAST GASLESS SUNDAY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The gasless Sunday order will not be modified in time to permit use of motor cars on Oct. 13, but fuel administration officials are hopeful that day will be the last. During the last six months, although production increased 27 per cent., consumption also increased and the stocks on hand were improved only 4 per cent.

EXPENSE ACCOUNT

Hamlet S. Greenwood, candidate for senator at the recent state primaries, has filed his expense account with City Clerk Flynn. Mr. Greenwood spent \$173.46.

CANNING KITCHEN OPEN

The Saco-Lowell community cannning kitchen will remain open all day tomorrow.

FIREFMEN ON VACATION

The following members of the fire department began their annual vacations today: Capt. J. E. Burns, Capt. Frank J. Flatt, John A. Fletcher, Frank Hoyt, James W. Janzen and Thomas H. Welch.

CITY HALL BOILERS

The two new boilers for city hall are all ready for installation, according to Commissioner Warnock of the public buildings department, and as soon as the bricklayers who are working in the basement now finish their work, the new boilers will be set up. Mr. Warnock believes that this will be within a few days.

BRIGHT, SEARS & CO. Bankers and Brokers SECOND FLOOR

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE

SECOND FLOOR

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REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

For the Week Ending Oct. 11

LOWELL

Hester Elizabeth by Gdn. to Demetrios Zibozovas et al. land and buildings, Marsh st.

Bertha R. Shapiro et al. to John H. Libby, land and buildings, Wilder st.

Henry J. O'Dowd to George Stalas et al. land, Rock st.

Frank B. Jewett and exor. and tr. et al. to Bay State Cotton Corp. land, Middlesex st.

Bernard J. O'Gorman by to mitigate

charges, W. Waugh, land and buildings, cor. Waugh and Walter Sts.

Charles P. Witham to Eliot S. Blake, land cor. Arcadia ave. and Princeton st.

Arthur Genet to Adolphus Dion, land and buildings, Farragut st.

William H. Hough to Michael A. Antoni, land and buildings, cor. Middlesex and Webster Sts.

Peter Charlton to Nicoloas Cazzanas, land, Moody st.

John Dewar to United States Housing Corp., land, Perry, Concord, Alton, Pleasant, Rogers and Birch st.

Charles P. Witham to George E. Hutchins, land, cor. Princeton and Dartmouth st.

Walter J. Apres to Armand Lanoux, land, Forest and Columbia st.

John W. Pease to Gertrude Cinemars, land, Eustis ave.

John Bowers' est. by admx. et al. to Margaret T. Droney, land and buildings, Cross st.

Adolphus H. Green to Francis J. Green et ux. land and buildings, cor. Lawton st. and Spring ave.

Winnifred Nolan to Edward W. Small, land and buildings, West Sixth st.

Winnifred Nolan to Edward W. Small, land and buildings, Central Ave.

Bertha E. Lederman to Frank S. Orelli et ux. land and buildings, Westford st.

Ella S. Albin to Samuel Cohen et ux. land and buildings, Liberty st.

BILERICA

Aaron Adelman to Albert E. Watts, land, Crown st.

Mary Catherine Harrington est. by exor. et al. to Elizabeth McGinnis, land, Court st.

Mary Catherine Harrington est. by exor. et al. to Ellen Welch, land, Concord River park, Pollard st.

Mary Catherine Harrington est. by exor. et al. to Ellen Welsh, land, Concord River park, cor. River View ave.

Eugene B. Hamilton to William B. Hamilton, land, Blithurst Manor, James E. Burke Jr. to Marie Buote, land, Central park.

BRESCUT

Paul Martin to John Laffamme, land, Merrimack park.

Walter E. Guyette

Real Estate Broker and Auctioneer

Office 53 Central St., Room 77-78

A complete list of city properties of exceptional quality at bargain prices.

MONEY LOANED ON REAL ESTATE

Parties can borrow on either first or second mortgages. Old mortgages notes discounted. Details or other info have money advanced on individual estates anywhere.

TEWKSBURY
Enoch W. Foster to James Simpson, land, Lenox St.; Lyons to Claudia Cushman, land, Riverside Park, Huber.

Louis H. Miller by coll to Adolph A. Brand, land, Shawsheen River park.

Alexander Bellamy by coll to Adolph A. Brand, land, Shawsheen River park.

WESTFORD

Harry S. Nesmith to Paul Gladu, land and buildings, County road from Graniton to Boston.

WILMINGTON

Suburban Land Co., Inc., Boston to Cosmo Di-Luna, land, Merriam park.

Albert Curtis Smith by coll to Donald C. Tarbell, land, Burnap st.

Carl E. Endicott to James F. Hasanen, land, cor. Smith and Jacques st.

John P. Flynn et al. to Cora B. Bostwick, land, Auburn ave.

Leonard Mortimer by coll. to Edward N. Barnes, land and buildings, road from W. Pittsfield, land, Woburn.

Bernard A. Lee by coll. to Mary M. McGran, et al. land, Grove ave.

Sarah Letson by coll. to Adolph A. Brand, land, Oakland park, Washington road, and Nighthill st.

Mary Letson by coll. to Adolph A. Brand, land, Oakland park, Washington road.

Frank J. Walants by coll. to Adolph A. Brand, land, Forest and Atlantic ave. and Hanover st.

WILMINGTON

Roman F. Stashish by coll. to Adolph A. Brand, land, Wilmington Square park.

Edward W. Jameson by coll. to Adolph A. Brand, land, Pine Grove Park.

Edward Kennedy by coll. to Adolph A. Brand, land, Fairview park.

Edward Kennedy by coll. to Adolph A. Brand, land, Fairview park.

James C. Alward et al. by coll. to Adolph A. Brand, land, Sidelinker land, Davison st.

Morris Bugbee by coll. to Thomas T. Sidelinker, land, Centre and West sts.

William Henry Claffin by coll. to Thomas T. Sidelinker, land, Davison st.

Osmond V. Colby by coll. to Thomas T. Sidelinker, land, Centre st.

William H. Drury by coll. to Thomas T. Sidelinker, land, West st.

Alexander C. Washburn by coll. to Pierce H. Ryan, land, to Thomas T. Sidelinker, land, road to Reading.

Adelaide L. Caviglari et al. by coll. to Thomas T. Sidelinker, land, Davison st.

Raffaele De Gregorio by coll. to town of Wilmington, land, Wilmington Heights.

William E. Bishop et al. by coll. to town of Wilmington, land, Wilmington garden plan.

John Gullatz by coll. to town of Wilmington, land, Wilmington gardens addition.

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John

GIRL FREIGHT CLERKS

B. & M. Employs Them—
None Employed by the
New Haven

"I have not employed a man in any of the freight offices where I have been since the beginning of the war." This statement was made this morning by Frank W. Brown, general agent of the Boston & Maine R. R., to a representative of The Sun. "In Gardner and in the freight office of the Fitchburg division I put in the first girl clerks who have been employed there for a long time. P. L. Shea, general agent, when interviewed on the subject of girl clerks, stated: "I realize that in some cases women are handling work as capably as men, but I have not deemed it expedient to take on a large force of young women. This is a very busy place down here at times, and when you consider that these men are obliged to get out to the trains in all kinds of weather, in the mud and snow, to get the car numbers, you can readily see that conditions hardly permit that it be undertaken by girls, at least it does not seem to me that I would care to ask them to work under such hard weather conditions."

When asked if he knew of any women being employed in railroad yards, Mr. Shea answered, "Yes, I know of instances where they are haggling at crossings, but this is not being done anywhere near Lowell." Speaking about car tracers, he said: "The girls are now able to assist in this work, and although we receive a great many of them as a whole are reasonable and it is not difficult to straighten out trying cases when you have good people with whom to deal, and I have found them here to be of this type. However, there is soon to be a great change in the present complicated system as it exists today and much of the detail work will be eliminated. It will certainly be a happy day for the railroads when this change is made."

The clerks now employed at the local Boston & Maine station are confronted with intricate forms in their bookkeeping as there are six different classes of freight with rates to correspond to be figured. The girls learning billing have proven their adaptability along this important branch of the work, and the chief billing clerk, a man of many years' experience, expresses himself well pleased with the manner in which the experiment is progressing. The tracing of shipments

delayed in transit is also done by women clerks.

At the New Haven freight office there are not such radical changes as those which have taken place at the Boston & Maine. With but two exceptions, the clerks are men who have been employed there for a long time. P. L. Shea, general agent, when interviewed on the subject of girl clerks, stated: "I realize that in some cases women are handling work as capably as men, but I have not deemed it expedient to take on a large force of young women. This is a very busy place down here at times, and when you consider that these men are obliged to get out to the trains in all kinds of weather, in the mud and snow, to get the car numbers, you can readily see that conditions hardly permit that it be undertaken by girls, at least it does not seem to me that I would care to ask them to work under such hard weather conditions."

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WELL KNOWN FREEMAN
DIES SUDDENLY

Martin C. Rowell, a well known freeman, died last evening at his home, 87 Methuen street, aged 56 years and 6 months. He leaves a wife Carrie G. and one daughter, Bessie, four sisters and three brothers.

Decased worked yesterday and was in the best of health and spirits. He went to bed last evening, had supper, read the paper and shaved himself before retiring. He went to bed about 8:30 o'clock and an hour later his daughter heard him cough and call for help. She went to him and found his condition sent for a doctor, but he died before the doctor arrived. Martin C. Rowell joined the local fire department in 1894 and was made captain in 1907. He was advanced to the permanent ranks in 1898 and his name, by vote of the city council, was placed on the pension roll just two weeks ago.

With a dislocated shoulder, Mrs. Iola Curry Hamilton of La Grange, N. Y., ran two miles for help after her automobile had turned turtle, with her infant child on the front seat wedged between the steering wheel and the windshield so that she could not extricate it.

AN ELECTRIC TOASTER
—A Breakfast Necessity

What is so good as crisp warm toast done to a golden brown before your eyes on an Electric Toaster?

Attached easily to any lamp socket. Its brightly polished surface makes it an attractive addition to your dining room equipment. Costs little to operate.

Come In and Select One

UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AND THRIFT STAMPS on Sale at the Cashier's Window

The LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.

29-31 Market St. Tel. 821.

ITALY'S HERO
Major F. H. La Guardia, member of congress from New York, now commanding American aviators on the Italian front, has been awarded the Italian war cross for valor. The king of Italy himself conferred the decoration.

ITS COLOR DENOTES QUALITY
Rich in gluten, always tender and tasty.

Warner's MACARONI
No extra price for superior quality.

Buy Liberty Bonds

The LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.

29-31 Market St. Tel. 821.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE

If you have any Fresh Killed Chickens, Fowl or Milk-Fed Fatted Veal for sale bring them to the John St. Public Market and we will pay you full market price in cash for same. Goods must be A No. 1.

JOHN STREET PUBLIC MARKET

J. P. CURLEY, Prop.

PICTURE FRAMING

Big Selection of Mouldings. Right Prices.

Sarre Bros.

520 MERRIMACK ST.

RECORD AIR RAID SET NEW RECORD

Word of American Raid Biggest in History, Sends Thrill Through War Dept.

Foreshadows Attacks on Berlin, Official Views—

Tons of Bombs Dropped

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Word of the first great American air raid against the German camps north of Verdun sent a thrill through war department officials yesterday, although no official report had been received to supply details of the exploit.

According to press despatches, an American expedition, consisting of more than 350 machines, yesterday dropped 32 tons of explosives on German cantonments between Wavre and Damvillers, about 12 miles north of Verdun.

In the expedition were more than 200 bombing airplanes, 100 pursuit machines and 50 triplanes.

The bombing machines were given fine protection during the aerial battle which took place during the operation. Twelve enemy machines were destroyed. Only one enemy plane failed to return.

In addition, American airplanes destroyed or brought down five German machines and one balloon, according to reports from France. They also took a great number of photographs and dropped newspapers to the American troops.

Greatest Air Attack of War

The American exploit is the greatest air offensive yet undertaken on the western front, in point of the air forces employed. No record could be discovered last night showing either allied or German bombing raids on anything like a similar scale.

No official comment could be obtained pending the receipt of formal advices. There is every reason to suppose, however, that a considerable portion of the bombing planes used were Do Haviland bombers built in the United States and equipped with Liberty motors. Shipments of these machines to France have now reached considerable proportions, and recent performance reports from France have been encouraging.

The language of the account of the raid permitted to pass by the American military censor is taken to indicate that the operation was a joint enterprise, with French and possibly British airplanes aiding in the protection of the Americans. The reference to 50 triplanes as included in this great air fleet found no explanation here.

If they were operated by American pilots they are French built machines, as no details of the equipment obtained abroad by Gen. Pershing have been released for publication.

American Makes Good in Air

The fact that only 32 tons of bombs were dropped by such a force struck some air service officers as surprising. The ordinary bomb capacity of a fleet of the kind described for such a short trip probably would be 10 times that weight of explosives, it was said.

The most significant feature of the first great American raid, outside of its possible place in the great strategic game that is being played on the western front, is the fact that it indicates that the United States now has taken its full place beside the allies in the air as well as on land and sea. The bombing squadrons which made up this fleet probably represent the first definite American unit of major importance in the independent air forces which are being built up by the entente powers. The British and French governments now officially describe their bombing operations as the work of this independent air force.

What is meant is that the way of the air is to be expanded until no part of Germany shall be safe from the rain of bombs.

Hop to Bomb Berlin

It is a thing apart from the fighting, observation and bombing squadrons attached to the various army corps which work in close co-operation with the troops on attack or defense.

The work of the independent force is bombing munition works, factories, cities and other important centers far behind the German lines. It has been specifically promised that eventually Berlin itself will know what an air raid means and the whole great project is a direct answer to the German air attacks upon helpless and unfortified British and French cities and Belgian towns.

Another striking point about the size of the American raiding fleet is the fact that it is only the first American blow from the air in this campaign. The very size of that force is a warrant for the overwhelming character of the American air fleets that will come in time.

BOVININE for Strength

A FOOD tonic containing the nutriment of beef blood, with the valuable properties of beef serum, unaltered by heat.

Favored by physicians for over 30 years for invalids and those exhausted by overwork.

Ask for BOVININE at your druggists or dealers.

12 oz. bottle - \$1.15
6 oz. bottle - .70

THE BOVININE CO.
75 W. Houston Street
New York

LEADS CZECHS

GEN. JANIN

UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

520 MERRIMACK ST.

24

1100 Lives Lost

Continued

ship was torpedoed and sunk in the Irish sea this morning. Three hundred survivors have been landed at Kingston.

Two torpedoes were fired at the steamer. One struck near the bow. The steamer sank within 15 minutes.

The passengers, including many women and some children, numbered 650 and the boat carried a crew of 70.

An incoming mail steamer reports that she passed through the wreckage but was not permitted to stop to do any rescue work, in accordance with the orders of the British admiralty. Her passengers counted 40 bodies floating in the water.

Of the 21 mail clerks on board the Leinster, 20 were killed outright by the explosion and the 21st was blown through the side of the ship, being picked up at sea later.

New U-Boat Campaign

LONDON, Oct. 11.—The sinking of the Japanese steamer Hirano Maru and the Dublin mail boat Leinster is an incident of a new submarine campaign which the Germans launched about ten days ago, according to the Mail. It adds that at that time renewed submarine activity became evident in various directions, notably along the routes followed by steamers carrying American troops.

The statements indicate the rapidly growing rate at which war supplies are being turned out in the United States. They also show the extent to which the war industries board and other agencies of the government have been successful in bringing about a conversion of the industrial resources of the country to war production.

At the head of the list is the amount of steel which is being used for turning out materials that do not include either artillery or projectiles.

The main reason for giving out the figures is to add to the force behind the Liberty loan campaign and emphasize the necessity for larger purchases of bonds.

The enemy is being driven back," said Secretary Crowell, "and this is the best time to increase our pressure. It would be the worst time to pause. This applies to civilians as well as to military forces. I say this particularly in reference to Liberty bond buying. I call upon the civil population of the United States to accept the present war responsibility in the same spirit that our gallant forces are meeting their stern duty overseas—drive harder every day for definite victory."

Material Shipped Acrea

The tonnage of steel materials which had been shipped to Gen. Pershing up to Aug. 31, said Secretary Crowell, include these products:

Tons
Rails and accessories—standard gauge track 216,000
Rails and accessories—narrow gauge track 64,000
Structural iron 45,000
Corrugated iron 7,000
Barbed wire 16,000

The purchases of lumber, including piles and stringers, amount to 57,000 tons, with additional quantities bought in European countries. Building materials include 2000 tons of wall board, 5000 tons of expanded metal and 10,000 tons of nails.

Details of the quantities of camouflage materials that have been sent over were given. In the list is 2,000,000 square yards of wire netting, 1200 tons of paint, 3,000,000 square yards of burlap and 1,300,000 square yards of fish netting. Steel warehouse sheds sufficient to cover 2,000,000 square feet of space have been sent over.

Large quantities of these materials also have been purchased in England, France and Switzerland. An estimated tonnage of some of these supplies are 8010 tons of machinery, 374,632 tons of various equipment, 463 tons of office supplies, 463 tons of automobiles and truck supplies, 11,623 tons of track and ties, 5117 tons of locomotives and cars, 5648 tons of water service machinery and 31,921 tons of water service supplies.

Purchases Made Abroad

Considerable quantities of electric service equipment have been bought abroad, including 1273 tons of machinery and 2116 tons of supplies. Twelve tons of motorcycles and bicycles have been purchased, 242 tons of depot stock, 650 tons of barges, 12,362 tons of construction material and 49,299 tons of miscellaneous.

The production of these materials in the United States, it was pointed out, was growing larger at an increasingly high rate. Many of the munitions plants and factories which were projected soon after the declaration of war are being completed. Among these factories is the big shell production plant at Neville Island, near Pittsburgh.

Secretary Crowell pointed out that hundreds of thousands of tons of materials and supplies are lying on wharves in this country awaiting shipment to the other side. There is a shortage of ships for the movement of certain materials, among them motor trucks, locomotives and transportation equipment. More than 5000 trucks were transported to France last month.

"We are getting more ships," said Secretary Crowell. "We have had a very large increase in the last 30 days."

Another striking point about the size of the American raiding fleet is the fact that it is only the first American blow from the air in this campaign. The very size of that force is a warrant for the overwhelming character of the American air fleets that will come in time.

It is a thing apart from the fighting, observation and bombing squadrons attached to the various army corps which work in close co-operation with the troops on attack or defense.

The work of the independent force is bombing munition works, factories, cities and other important centers far behind the German lines. It has been specifically promised that eventually Berlin itself will know what an air raid means and the whole great project is a direct answer to the German air attacks upon helpless and unfortified British and French cities and Belgian towns.

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